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Oakland Tribune.

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NO ADVANCE YET MADE IN PORTO RICO

MILES' ARMY STILL AT PORT GUANICA.

Madrid Dispatch Says the Americans Have Not Moved But Their Warships Are Cruising Off Shore.

MADRID, July 28, 2:30 P. M.—According to an official dispatch just received from San Juan de Porto Rico, the American forces under Major General Miles occupied the same position at Port Guanica as they did after landing. Several American warships and transports are reported to be cruising off the island.

DEWEY STILL AFTER SPANISH WARCRAFT

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 28.—A cablegram from Hong Kong to the Journal says that Admiral Dewey at Manila has dispatched the Raleigh and Concord to gather up eleven Spanish craft, which, according to information sent him by Consul General Wildman, are at various places in the Philippine archipelago. Among these vessels are three gunboats at San Miguel, Luzon Island, and four at Port Royal, Palawar Island. Four merchantmen with cargoes of tobacco are reported at Cagayan, Luzon. The same dispatch reports that English traders at the coal mines at Batan, Luzon Island, have been imprisoned and subjected to ill treatment by the Spaniards there.

CABLE TO HAWAII WILL SOON BE LAID

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—The Evening Post, in an article published to-day, says that the United States will soon be connected by cable with her newly-acquired Pacific possession, and that the cable will connect the United States from this city with the Ladrones, the Philippines, and Hong Kong. The paper says that most of the surveys have been made, and that the contract for the laying of the cable has already been let and according to the terms of the contract the work must be completed within six months. The price to be paid is stated to be $10,000,000.

On July 2nd the Executive Council of the Hawaiian Government signed a contract granting the right to the Pacific Cable Company to lay a cable between the United States, Hawaii, China, Japan, and the Pacific Islands, the contract being for a per cent for twenty years.

The Pacific Cable Company, according to the Post, is capitalized for $100,000,000. James A. Samyser is president, and Edmund L. Bayles is vice-president. The other directors are Admiral John Irwin, J. Pierpont Morgan, and J. Kennedy Tod. General Swain of New York is the legal representative of the company in this city.

The company has been operating very quietly, with the co-operation of this Government and the Hawaiian Government, pending the outcome of annexation proceedings. During the last session of Congress, Representative Bennett introduced a bill looking toward the laying of the cable, and the preliminary work has been going on ever since.

TROOPS BOARD THE ST. PAUL FOR MANILA

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—The Third Battalion of the South Dakota Volunteers, the Thirteenth Minnesota recruits and 156 of the First Colorado recruits broke camp to-day and marched on board the transport steamer St. Paul, which pulled into the stream late this afternoon. The vessel will sail some time to-morrow.

STATUS OF PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—It can be stated on the authority of the State Department and the foreign Embassies that there were no overtures in behalf of Spain for peace or a cessation of hostilities until the French Embassador last Tuesday afternoon presented a note to the President. This statement is made with the full knowledge of the European officials and must be accepted as that of the Government of the United States.

Therefore all the talk of bad faith shown by our Government in pressing the Porto Rican campaign during the last few days is absolutely without foundation, and our Government has done nothing that can subject it to criticism on this score. In addition to the representatives of the United States Government, the persons qualified to speak for the Government of Spain in this country make an exactly similar statement and the charges of bad faith against the United States attributed to Premier Sagasta are discredited. It could not be contemplated for a moment that any mere personal exchange of views between persons in Europe could be construed as an overture for peace, and although there may have been some of this "back-door gossip," as it is denominated at the State Department, it can be again affirmed that the United States Government has not been a party to it. Moreover, so far as Embassador Cambon is concerned, it can be stated postively that he made no overture, direct or indirect, official or unofficial, relating to peace, or to any phase of peace, prior to 3 o'clock last Tuesday afternoon.

Even supposing there had been peace overtures, which there had not been, military authorities regard Premier Sagasta's alleged statement that peace overtures operate to stay the course of military operations as little short of amazing, and as directly contrary, not only to the military law of the United States, but of the whole recognized principles of international law. In general, the international law writers agree that military operations stop only when a truce or an armistice is actually concluded, and that the truce or armistice must be in writing. Until then the mere preliminary overture toward a suspension of hostilities is not regarded as any warrant for stopping the war. This is expressed in the United States instructions for the government authorities in the field:

"Article 147—Belligerents sometimes conclude an armistice while their plenipotentiaries are met to discuss the conditions of a treaty of peace, but plenipotentiaries may meet without a preliminary armistice; in the latter case the war is carried on without any abatement."

Another section of the regulations is as follows:

"Article 142—Armistice is not a partial or a temporary peace; it is only the suspension of military operations to the extent agreed upon by the parties."

The military authorities as well as the specific regulations of the United States hold that there is no suspension of hostilities prior to the agreement to suspend military operations. Even then the agreement is binding on military commanders only from the time they receive actual notice of it. In the meantime military commanders have the right to push forward and hold such territory as they occupy. The need for limiting this cessation of hostilities is obvious, for until a signed agreement is made there is no knowledge of the extent of the armistice. In the present case an armistice might include or exclude the Philippines or Porto Rico, as the two parties might agree, but until they agree there will be no obligation to abate military operations in any of the field operations. After the signing of the armistice preliminary to peace, a status quo is established and all military operations come to a halt at the points designated, and at points not designated the military operations proceed.

In the present case, if the truce is general, General Shafter, General Miles and Admiral Dewey would simply retain positions they now occupy, and a moral obligation might be imposed not to strengthen these positions or make secure preparations for more effective continuance of the war hereafter. In the well defined rules of military procedure accepted by all nations, the assertion attributed to Sagasta that mere overtures for cessation of hostilities would in itself stop hostilities is regarded as unaccountable.

BIG SICK LIST AT SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The report of General Shafter, showing that there were 3,770 cases of sickness in the army in Cuba, has given the officials of the War Department considerable concern, but the report that the yellow fever cases were of the mild type encourages them to hope that the death rate will be small.

The number of fever cases reported, 2,924, show that not only yellow but typhoid and other fevers are prevailing. General Sternberg says that it is the history of yellow fever that it spreads rapidly, and having once got started in the camp is sure to infect many soldiers. Speaking of the other fevers, he said that not only in Cuba, but in the camps of the United States there had been many cases, and it was the history of all new armies that fevers, especially typhoid, become quite common. This was due to the change of climate and mode of life of the soldiers. Even if the water was pure, cases would arise. Soldiers bought and ate many things not furnished by the commissary such as milk and other things peddled about the camps. Often these foods caused sickness. Another feature he mentioned was the indifferent care men took of themselves when they joined the army. It was his belief that as the army became more seasoned there would be less sickness.

UNESTHETIC APPEARANCE OF MANILA.

A Miserably Built and Poorly Arranged Metropolis---The Proclamation of Aguinaldo.

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

MANILA, (via Hong Kong), July 27.—The Associated Press correspondent has been granted the privilege by Admiral Dewey of investigation of the political and santiary conditions of Manila.

The town is as badly built as can be. The houses are much too close together and the streets are narrow. For the metropolis of this big country, for a city of a quarter of a million inhabitants, a rich and prosperous market, a center of education and luxury as the buildings in the walled city indicate, it is a disreputable, ill-arranged and unsightly town. The principal business street, the Escolta, is narrow, wretchedly paved, crooked, and filled with the most commonplace, mean-looking structures. So are the other streets, but further from the center there are trees to hide the ugliness. In excuse, the Manila people plead earthquakes, typhoons, thunder storms and floods as their reasons for not having a passably presentable town, but Manila is not the only place with earthquakes and all the rest. Tokio is infinitely worse, but is handsomer and the roads are better paved.

The Pasig is a river sixty or seventy yards wide and perhaps twelve feet deep, yet the bridging of it has never gone beyond primitive stages. There is one narrow bridge, the puenta d' Espana, connecting Binenbobo with the city, but this bridge is far too narrow for the traffic and would never be considered sufficient in a civilized country. There is another bridge near it, but it is seldom if ever used for vehicle traffic, and the puenta d' Espana is certainly choked.

There are tramways running into outlying parts of the town and a steam tramway to the northern suburb of Manaba. There is also a railway from Manila to Sagibon, about 120 miles north, run by an English company.

POWDER MAGAZINES.

In the rural township of Santa Mesa about three or four miles out is a big powder magazine or "polverin" close by the right (north) bank of the river Pasig. On the opposite bank of the river is the village of Santa Ana, a mile or two away. It was about here that the first shots were fired in the insurrection of 1896, and several English people having villas in these parts had a lively time.

Another "polverin" is at Malateo on the seashore on the south of the walled city. I understand that these two are the only powder magazines the Spaniards have in the immediate neighborhood of the city, excluding, of course, the fort's own stores. Malateo is reached from Binenbobo by a pretty drive outside the city walls, either along the sea front or behind the city, and beyond the city is the esplandae called the tuneta, where the band plays every evening in peace times.

At the far end of the tuneta is the battery of two big guns which fired on the American ships, when Admiral Dewey talked seriously of replying.

A little beyond this battery is the English Club, surrounded by a number of pleasant residences, English, Spanish, and others. Farthest of all, nearest the fort and powder magazine, is the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company's establishment (British). A little way back from the sea is the Jesuit observatory, which does excellent service and is indeed the Jesuits' best answer to those who say they do harm in the Philippines.

FINE SUBURBAN HOMES.

Outside the populous suburbs there are many rural and less settled districts dotted with handsome residences scattered remotely among the rice fields and tropical woodlands, where a guerilla warfare would be well nigh interminable. In such a country, with hedge rows that have in the course of ages grown into respectable little thickets, with little plantations that are dark and almost impenetrable patches of somber greenery, a stationary force might check an advancing force with the greatest ease. There are plenty of open fields, yet the country cannot be called open, for it is luxuriously wooded between the fields. Artillery would be of little use, with never a half-mile of clear space. Nothing but skirmishing under thick cover would be of any effect in this kind of ground and the victory would rest with the side best fitted for jungle warfare. Not that this is jungle, it is simply fertile pastoral land, with a lot of trees everywhere. But it is the last place in the world for plain peasant lads, newly recruited and without any target practice to meet semi-savage woodsmen, and that is what Spain is depending on, for her sons are raw recruits and her enemies are trained forest rovers. The following is a rough translation of the declaration of independence issued by Aguinaldo on June 12th:

AGUINALDO'S PROCLAMATION.

"To the district headmen and village headmen of the province of Hulacan, from the Politico Military Governor of this province, whose headquarters are now transferred to the town of San Francisco de Alaban and combined with the sections under disorders at Bacero, Binacayen, Imis, Novelta, Salinas and Cavite Viojo.

"They only require to be combined with the other forces in Indang and Silang, near by, and then our troops will be sent forward and within a few days will be found in possession of almost the whole province, which will be found in a position to proclaim effectively our independence. This proclamation will not be long deferred, because the ultimate object of this government will thus be attained, notwithstanding the suggestions of some of our principal associates. It is more glorious and more convenient to select as the place, on account of its being near the sea, the township of Cavite Viojo, which is an old port originally the town of Cavite. Wherefore I decree as follows:

"The twelfth day of this month is fixed for the declaration of independence of this, our beloved country, in the township of Cavite Viojo, for the due and problem (proper) solemnization of which the auspicious event there should be on the day named an assemblage of all district headmen and commanders of our forces and through the proper representatives there should be a notification issued for the purpose of inviting the attendance of all who have in any way assisted in the good work, such, for example, as the distinguished admiral of the squadron and his commanders and officers, to all of whom, as having lent invaluable aid in the glorious work, a courteous invitation will be sent, and after the formal reading of the declaration the same will be signed by all who wish to give support thereto.

"EMILIO AGUINALDO,
"Dictator of the Philippines.

"Issued by General Delipinar, in the name of General Aguinaldo, on the 12th day of June, 1898."

TROOPS LEAVE CHICKAMAUGA.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, July 28.—The 160th Indiana Infantry broke camp early to-day and marched five miles to Rossville, Ga., where trains were boarded for Newport News, whence they will go to Porto Rico in place of the Fifth Illinois, which was ordered back to camp after it had half finished loading for departure. The First South Carolina will leave during the next twenty-four hours for Jacksonville to join Fitzhugh Lee's command. No other commands have orders to move. The Sixth United States Volunteers will reach Camp Thomas from Knoxville, Tenn., during the next few days.

Clear and cool weather prevails today, and regular work is maintained by all the regiments.

Colonel Grigsby's Rough Riders are getting in readiness to move into their new camp on the Brotherton field. Lieutenant Sutherland of Troop G, the regimental officer, has been detailed to superintend the laying off of the camp. The regiment has completed the regular target practice and has sent for 200-yard targets. Some very fine records were made by the boys in the recent practice. The officers of the regiment have discontinued the saber drill. The officers were drilled by Adjutant Suez, who is an expert swordsman, and under his direction have become very proficient in the handling of the saber.

Lieutenant Colonel Lloyd, in command of the regiment, has instituted a regimental mounted parade in the regular work. The parade is held late every afternoon and is quite interesting. The horses of the regiment are rapidly being trained to the different drills.

PROGRESS OF THE KING'S MEASLES.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MADRID, July 28.—The King's attack of measles is taking its normal course, and there are no complications.

Wrong!

The tea-business was taken up by the wrong end—roasting tea way off there in Asia and letting it get stale on the way here!

Not *Schilling's Best.*

HARDSHIPS OUR BOYS ENDURED AT SANTIAGO.

Drenched With Rain and Short of Food But Indomitable---Their Contempt For The Cubans.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 15.—The American soldiers encamped on the hillsides that fall away from our intrenchments have been waiting day after day for the result of the combined truces and conferences between Spain and the United States to be made known. They learned yesterday that Santiago had capitulated. This news was sent along the lines to right and left from General Wheeler's headquarters by Colonel John Jacob Astor, and with it went instructions that our boys were to make no demonstrations of joy, in order that the feelings of the Spaniards in the trenches a few hundred yards away would not be hurt by the echoing of victorious cheers. There was, however, some cheering among the crowded tents when our men learned that the object of their fighting, hunger, and hardship had been attained.

During the afternoon men climbed to the trenches to look again at the city they had taken, but were not allowed to enter, and some were glad for peace and others called for more fighting.

The straining of the watching and waiting was reversed, and the soldiery resolved itself into getting as comfortably fixed in the camp as the conditions would permit. At sunset yesterday as the regimental bands all along the line played national airs, as a tired soldier boy hummed the words of "The Star Spangled Banner" to the band's time he chanted the victory he had not had permission to cheer.

TERRIBLE HARDSHIPS.

The hardships of this campaign, let alone the fighting that scattered the graves of comrades side by side with the tents of the living, have been splendidly sustained by our men. Now that the heavy rains of the first of this week have ceased, conditions are better, but rain clouds cover the sky every day, and any hour may see small rivers sweeping through camp. Then food has been scare; the roads from here to Siboney have been almost impassable during the rains, and at all times they have been rough and teaming has been heavy. When men put up with three pieces of hardtack and half a cup of coffee a day, the question of nutriment is serious, and when unseasoned soldiers go seventy hours without sleep, it can be truly said they endure hardships. But they have borne it all with fine courage and a good nature that was never long absent.

With the courage and determination of our men, one notes the excellent physical condition of our mules and horses after three weeks of the heaviest kind of incessant labor. All day long and far into the night pack trains and provision wagons toil up to the front, and ambulances bring back the sick and wounded.

STARVING WOMEN.

Poor Cuban women, foot-sore, starving and weary, drag themselves along the muddy roads from Caney in a search for food, and our men and ambulances pick them up and succor them. At El Caney the food is insufficient. Weak women and children get none and starvation is developing rapidly.

An old woman from El Caney staggered into camp this morning. She was pale and pinched, and the ragged silk dress that half covered her body spoke of past luxury and refinement more than did her features and appearance. She did not ask for food but for work. She washed clothes at the hospital tent half a day in return for food and sat down to the welcome army fare with hands bleeding from the unaccustomed labor. At dusk she turned wearily back toward Caney, six miles away, the richer by one meal.

The camps have up to this day been pitched where bad conditions exist and their locations have seldom been good from the point of comfort and health. Now that the "game" is over, our soldiers will be moved into locations where these points are considered. The country affords good sites and when once evacuated, conditions settled and the capitulation properly confirmed, changes will be made.

An unsettled feeling pervades the line, and men gather together personal belongings and look over battlefields for mementoes of the day's fight and ten days' weary waiting.

CONTEMPT FOR CUBANS.

A farmer's boy from Michigan will secure the horn-handled pocket knife of a dead peasant from the Astrules as a souvenir of the days he fought to free Cuba. And if the Michigan man ever grew enthusiastic and generous back in Michigan over the idea of fighting to help the struggling Cubans gain the same liberty from Spain that his forefathers won for him from England, these same ideas have been pretty thoroughly knocked out of him by actual contact with the Cubans. The Cuban does not stand high in the opinion of the United States Army. Expressed in different ways, the opinion prevails that we will soon be back in Cuba "to thrash the Cubans."

Our men have no praise for their alleged ally as a fighter. He is always more ready to eat American provisions than help American soldiers, and instances of Cuban greed, inhumanity, and cowardice are common talk among the Cubans and will undoubtedly result in a growing antagonism on the part of the men we are fighting for, an antagonism that will result in their being in the future less reliable and less worthy of trust by the United States than they are today.

NOTES FROM CAMP MERRITT.

The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.
Associated Press Dispatches by

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Camp Merritt has not been abolished and none of the troops have yet moved to the Presidio. The Seventh regiment was under orders to move today, but last evening the order was revoked. It may be the General Merriam considers it not worth while for the regiment to move to the Presidio for the brief while before the Seventh will sail to Manila.

Quartermaster Sergeant Young of the Twentieth Kansas was today sent to the post guardhouse at the Presidio. As quartermaster sergeant in charge of stores belonging to his company, he sold portions of the stores to local firms, and retained the proceeds for his personal use. Young claims that he did no worse than most of the quartermaster sergeants at camp regularly do. His statement is said by many officers to be false.

There are six cases of typhoid fever in the third battalion of the Eighteenth infantry. William Fanning, a private, was reported ill with typhoid today. Two of the cases are virulent and the men are unconscious and raving. The other cases are mild.

MADRID PRESS ON THE PEACE TERMS

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

MADRID, July 28.—2 P. M.—With the understanding that no indemnity will be demanded and that Spanish sovereignty in the Philippine Islands will be respected, the newspapers here consider the terms of peace attributed to President McKinley as being acceptable. The papers, however, protest against the continuance of hostilities by the United States after Spain had sued for peace.

The Minister of War, General Correa, is arranging for the reception of the Spanish troops who surrendered at Santiago de Cuba, and is preparing sanitary stations in order to prevent the introduction of diseases into Spain.

Girard Piano Company.

Coast agents for the celebrated Wheelock pianos. Over 500 used on the coast. For durability and sweetness of tone they cannot be surpassed. The largest stock of pianos to select from. Sold on easy terms. Pianos to rent, tuned and repaired. Girard Piano Co., 1112 Broadway.

BELLE-OUDRY
HIGH GRADE
PHOTOGRAPHER
Abrahamson's Building
Entrance on 13th St.

COUNTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE PLANS FOR PRIMARIES.

August Thirteenth Is Decided Upon as the Date For the First Battle.

There was a meeting of the Republican County Central Committee at Judge Clift's court room this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It was occasioned by the call issued a few days ago by the chairman, F. J. Fletter.

There were present B. C. Hawes of Eden Township, T. M. Robinson of the Fifth ward, J. H. W. Riley of Brooklyn, J. W. Evans of the Seventh ward, F. J. Fletter, Alameda; T. W. Harris of Murray Township, A. H. Breed of the Second ward, Rod Church of the Fourth ward, A. C. Archibald of Washington, J. Striker of Oakland Township.

The only absentee was J. I. Palmer of the Third ward.

Among the spectators were Dr. Derrick, Editor Vivian of the Niles Herald, Charles Spear, W. H. H. Hussey, Guy Earl, James Stanley, John Sands, W. J. McConnell, Frank Leavitt, W. Powers, Judge Clift, Tom Bradley, J. E. Johnston, Clarence Crowell, W. Heaton, J. Cal Ewing, Wm. Watkinson, W. Henshaw, Fred Murdock, John Mitchell, Dr. George Pardee, Will Church, T. T. Dargie, Emil Nusbaumer.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Fletter.

J. H. W. Riley acted as secretary.

Mr. Fletter announced that the object of the meeting was to take action regarding the call of primaries in connection with the action on the subject of the Republican State Central Committee.

The secretary said he had received no official notification of the recent action on the subject by the Republican State Central Committee. All that he had learned about it had been read in the newspapers.

The secretary then read the call as published in the daily papers.

On motion of J. H. Riley the call was received and placed on file.

The secretary read a communication from the Alameda Republican Club asking the county committee to select Alameda as the place for holding the next Republican county convention.

The chair suggested that it was yet premature to discuss the place in which the convention shall be held.

The communication was thereupon filed.

A communication from a person signing himself as "Citizen" was read. It suggested that at the primary no Republican be allowed to vote unless his name appears on the roll of either the precinct or ward Republican club.

Chairman Fletter said that the communication was fit only for the waste basket, because the writer did not appear to have courage enough to sign his name to the communication.

On motion of Mr. Harris, the communication was tabled.

The lessee of Germania Hall tendered the free use of that place for the holding of the Congressional convention.

On motion of Mr. Morrison the offer was referred to the Congressional Committee.

Rod Church wanted to know if the secretary had prepared a call for the primaries.

Mr. Riley said that he had in his possession a copy of an old call.

Mr. Harris moved that the committee proceed to fix a date for the holding of the Congressional and State primaries.

Mr. Evans moved as a substitute that the date be fixed for the primaries to elect delegates to the State convention.

Mrs. Evans' substitute was carried. Later, however, Harris insisted that his motion should also have been put after Evans' substitute, which Harris considered as an amendment had been carried.

Mr. Evans held that his motion was a substitute and having been carried, disposed of the original motion.

In the meantime, Mr. Mautalen made a motion touching the holding of primaries, when the chair decided to allow a vote on the Harris motion.

Mr. Evans's substitute, however, was sustained.

Mr. Mautalen moved that the State primaries be held Saturday, August 13th.

Rod Church suggested that the polls be open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Hawes moved that the polls be kept open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. The motion was seconded by Striker.

Breed thought that the hours should be from 8 to 8 o'clock, because there were quite a number of Seven Day Adventists here and a number of people who worked in San Francisco who would be prevented from voting if the polls closed at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Rod Church said the closing of the polls at 7 o'clock would bring them to an end at sunset because the sun set on that day at one minute after 7 o'clock, and the closing at that time would prevent a number of religious people here from casting their vote. He favored the keeping of the polls open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Mr. Evans said if Hawes wanted the polls to open at 7 A. M. he could not agree to have them kept open till 8 P. M.

A vote on Hawes' amendment showed only one man in favor of the proposition and that was cast by Hawes himself.

The motion making the hours extend from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. then prevailed unanimously.

Harris then moved that the Congressional primaries be held Wednesday, August 17th, from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

The motion was temporarily laid aside, and Mr. Mautalen's motion, setting August 13th from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. for the State primaries was carried unanimously.

Harris' motion setting August 17th, from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., as the time for holding the Congressional primaries then prevailed.

Riley moved that a committee of three be appointed to draft a call for the primaries.

Striker moved to amend that the drafting of a call be left to the executive committee.

Riley withdrew his motion.

It was then suggested that a call should be issued for the Congressional and State primaries.

Riley moved that a committee be appointed to procure headquarters for the committee.

The motion prevailed.

Striker moved that the committee proceed to apportion the sixty-seven delegates allowed the county among the several Assembly districts.

Harris moved that the committee take a recess for ten minutes and then reassemble as the executive committee.

Neither of these motions was seconded.

Mr. Breed said that the executive committee could make a report on the subject and the committee could act upon it at the next meeting.

Mr. Morrison said there was no time to be lost.

Riley suggested that the selection of primary officers be left to township delegates.

No action was taken on the suggestion.

A recess for ten minutes was then declared.

After the recess, on motion of Mr. Riley, the committee proceeded to apportion the delegates among the several assembly districts.

Forty-sixth district, 9 delegates; Forty-seventh district, 14 delegates; Forty-eighth district, 8 delegates; Forty-ninth district, 11 delegates; Fiftieth district, 10 delegates; Fifty-first district, 15 delegates; making 67 delegates.

The announcement was read by Rod Church. One delegate at large, for which no provision is made, is also allowed the county.

On motion of Mr. Morrison, the apportionment was adopted.

Riley renewed his motion to give township delegates in the committee power to select primary officers and polling places for the Congressional and Gubernatorial primaries.

The motion prevailed.

LURED FROM HOME TO TRAGIC DEATH.

Identity of the Young Woman Drowned in Middle River.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire

STOCKTON, Cal., July 28.—The name of the girl who was drowned in Middle river last Thursday proves to be Mary Ellen Hughes, and not Mary Allen, as stated by Hansen, the man who was with the deceased on the sloop. The brother of the drowned girl, Thomas Hughes, came up by boat this morning from Vallejo to arrange for the disposition of the body.

Thomas Hughes is employed in the Government Navy Yard at Mare Island. The brother said that she always received the kindest treatment at home.

From the story of Hughes it seems that Hansen coaxed the girl from her home. Hansen is a hunter by occupation, but has recently been working in a saloon in Vallejo.

On the day of her departure Miss Hughes told her mother that she was going to Point Reyes. Her mother was somewhat suspicious of the statements of the girl when she said she was going to Point Reyes. Hansen had been at the house three or four times to see the girl, and Mrs. Hughes thought that they were laying some scheme to get away, but as no one saw the two depart in the sloop, she at last thought the girl had really gone to Point Reyes.

Hansen seems not to have the best of reputation. He had been living with a prostitute, it is said, but she died recently, and he then turned his attention to the young girl who paid so dearly for her folly.

The inquest on the body was held at Bouldin last night, and the remains were afterwards brought to this city. The verdict was accidental death.

The corpse will be taken down on the boat this evening, and the interment will be made in Vallejo.

PEACE OUTLOOK IS NOT BRIGHT.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—It has been suggested in some quarters that Spain has been disingenous in making advances last Tuesday, and that her real purpose was to develop the position of the United States regarding the Philippines, hoping in this way to secure the active support of some of the European powers that have so far held aloof from her.

While this belief is not seriously entertained at the State Department, the Government, without regard to its soundness, will proceed in a plain, straightforward way to let Spain know what is expected of her if she desires peace. It is not likely that the European powers could profit materially by learning what the intentions of the United States are, but at any rate, it is due to the world at large and in the interest of facilitating international matters, that our statements should be made.

It should be confessed that little hope is entertained that Spain will accept the terms proposed. On the contrary, a wave of popular indignation is expected to sweep over the Peninsula upon the announcement of the conditions, which will cause the Spanish Government to drop negotiations and continue fighting.

SHAFTER'S MEN RETURN SOON.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Secretary Alger has given orders for the removal of all of General Shafter's army as soon as the men, in the discretion of the commanding officer, may be brough safely back to camp on Montauk Point, L. I.

GEN. BROOKE SAILS TODAY.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The War Department this morning received a dispatch from General Brooke at Newport News, dated last night, stating that he was aboard a transport and would sail for Porto Rico early in the morning. Nothing further has been heard by the Department either from General Brooke or the commanding officer at Newport News.

SICK SOLDIERS FROM SANTIAGO.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The Leona, which arrived at Newport News yesterday, is now on her way to New York. She had on board fifty-three sick soldiers, including Generl Corbin's son. The health authorities at Newport News did not want any more sick landed at that point, and the Washington authorities consented to send the vessel north.

ENROLLMENT IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

At the conclusion of the first day's work after the reopening of the public schools the principals of all schools filed statements with Superintendent McClymonds showing the enrollment together with the number of teachers employed in each school. The following as a partial list:

Clawson School, J. E. Colby, principal, 384 pupils, 9 teachers; Central, P. M. Fisher, principal, 453 pupils, 11 teachers; Cole, George W. Frick, principal, 683 pupils, 18 teachers; Durant, S. G. S. Dunbar, principal, 850 pupils, 19 teachers; Franklin, J. F. Chandler, 555 pupils, 15 teachers; Garfield, Ellen Gibbs, 548 pupils, 4 teachers; Grant, Elizabeth Powell, principal, 232 pupils, 6 teachers; Grove Street, Mary M. Campbell, 147 pupils, 4 teachers; Lafayette, A. F. Aldrich, principal, 614 pupils, 14 teachers; Lincoln School, T. O. Crawford, principal, 756 pupils, 16 ciral, 710 pupils, 17 teachers; Piedmont, J. D. Martin, principal, 190 pupils, 5 teachers; Peralta, E. T. Harms, principal, 132 pupils, 4 teachers; Swett, J. H. Sumner, principal, 261 pupils, 8 teachers; Temescal, E. A. Wilson, principal, 259 pupils, 8 teachers.

The Lincoln school is so crowded it has become necessary for Superintendent McClymonds to transfer a number of pupils to other schools. This will be done tomorrow, those who can be accommodated at other schools with the least inconvenience being changed first.

AUGUST T. ARENS SECURES A DIVORCE.

Decree of divorce has been handed down in the case of August T. Arens against Hattie Arens. The ground of action was willful desertion.

ASSIGNEE'S ACCOUNT MEETS OBJECTION.

C. E. Kinard, one of the creditors of J. H. Bruns, an insolvent, today filed objection to the account of the assignee because of alleged inaccuracy.

Want Assessments Reduced.

Two applications for reductions of assessment have been filed with the City Clerk for the consideration of the City Council at its next meeting as a Board of Equalization. Edward Booth, who has been assessed $500 for personal property on lot 4 in Alice Park, claims he has no personal property.

William T. Harris through his agent, H. B. Belden petitions for a reduction of $250 in the assessment on a portion of block 315, situated at San Pablo avenue and Isabella street assessed at $1,250.

St. Louis' Postmaster.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The President today appointed Frederick W. Baumhoff Postmaster at St. Louis.

Discharged From the Hospital

Louise Francis, an old and decrepit negress, has been released from the Receiving Hospital.

CLEARANCE SALE

We won't quote prices on paper.

But will invite you to our store and let the quality and prices speak for themselves.

J. COHN & Co.

Tailors and Hatters,

968-69 WASHINGTON STREET, Between 9th and 10th Sts.

Why destroy

the coating of your stomach with inferior grades of salad oil when you can buy "Prime Salad Oil" at 25 cents a bottle. It is worth more.

Merriman Man'fg Co.

OAKLAND.

ASK YOUR GROCER

THE EXPRESS COMPANIES TO PAY WAR TAX.

An Important Decision Is Rendered In Chicago.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Judge Tuley of the Circuit Court today ruled in favor of the shippers in the test case brought by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, granting a writ of mandamus compelling the United States Express Company to accept for transportation packages for shipment without the payment of one cent in excess of the regular rate. The case will be appealed by the defendants.

The court held it was not within the domain of the shipper to issue a bill, and that the law expressly provided that the person issuing the receipt shall affix the stamp. Three million dollars annually is the estimated sum which the express companies will have to pay in case the opinion is sustained by higher courts.

MRS. MADIGAN AND TOURTILLOT ARE ACQUITTED.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SAN JOSE, Cal., July 28.—In the investigation at Agnews State Hospital, which has just ended, Mrs. Madigan and Tourtillot were declared not guilty by a unanimous vote of the investigation committee.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC WANTS REDUCTION.

The Company Avers That Its Taxes Are Altogether Too High.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SACRAMENTO, July 28.—E. Black Ryan, tax agent of the Southern Pacific Company, appeared before the State Board of Equalization today and asked that the assessment of the South Pacific Coast Road be reduced from $13,000 to $10,000 per mile, on the ground that the road was assessed much higher than other narrow gauge roads in the State, and also because eighteen miles of trackage consisted of spurs, part of which were unused. Ryan said that the company paid $45,000 additional taxes last year on account of the reduction of the county assessment. He asked that this be taken into consideration in making the assessments this time.

Agent Meehan of the Pullman Palace Car Company said that his company was satisfied with last year's assessment.

ATTORNEY GENERAL EXPOUNDS THE LAW.

He Says Express Companies Need Not Accept Unstamped Packages.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

LOS ANGELES, July 28.—The Attorney General to-day instructed the District Attorney in the matter of the prosecution of the Express Company for refusal to stamp or to accept unstamped packages. He says:

"It is not a violation of the revenue act for a carrier to refuse to accept merchandise for shipment. The penalty accrues if goods are accepted for shipment and the carrier fails to issue a bill of lading or manifest. It is criminal if the carrier issues a bill of lading or manifest without the stamp. Prosecution should not begin unless the laws of the United States are violated.

DR. DUNN DEMURS TO WOOLSEY'S COMPLAINT.

Defendant Dr. J. P. H. Dunn has filed demurrer to the complaint brought against him by Dr. E. H. Woolsey.

Capt. Henderson Exonerated.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 28.—The decision of the Court of Inquiry today exonerates Captain Henderson and the officers of the ship Cromartyshire from all blame in the matter of La Bourgogne disaster. The report was made by Captain William M. Smith of the British Royal Naval Reserve, with whom was associated in the investigation Captain Bloomfield Douglas, R. N. R., and Captain Lewis Anderson, nautical assessor.

End of Hamburg Turnfest.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

HAMBURG, July 28.—The successful Turnfest was concluded here last evening, when Oak Leaves were distributed to the 128 victors.

There was a great torchlight procession last night, in which 4,000 torch-bearers took part. It was witnessed by enormous crowds of people, and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested. Wilhelm Lange of St. Louis was second in three jumps, and another St. Louis gymnast was first in the obstacle race.

Bismarck Slightly Better.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

HAMBURG, July 28.—Prince Bismarck has somewhat improved since yesterday evening. His condition might be described as fairly good. But for violent pains in his foot and face, he would have passed a good night. As it was he slept fairly. The Prince's diet yesterday included ham, caviar, eggs, beer and champagne. The Prince smoked his pipe and read the newspapers in bed today.

INSANE DRUMMER TRIES TO END LIFE WITH GAS.

Found Half Dead at the Washington Street House.

Adjudged Crazy and Sent to the Stockton Asylum.

Alfred E. Parker, a middle-aged man of comely appearance, after an unsuccessful attempt to end his life by asphyxiation at the Washington Street House last night, lies this afternoon on a bed of pain at the Insane Ward of the Receiving Hospital unwilling to identify himself or to give any information to Drs. Tisdale and Buteau, his medical examiners. The man is utterly indifferent to all that is about him and acts peculiarly luny.

Attention was called to the man about 2 o'clock this morning when Captain Carson was rung up at the Police Department and called to the Washington street House to take charge of a would-be-suicide. The summons was answered and when Officers Carson and Hynes reached the house they found up in a dingy room, a man lying face downward upon the floor. The room was filled with gas, the gas pipe was bent down more than a foot, and every bit of evidence pointed to the criminal intent of the unconscious man.

When Parker was dragged out into the hall he was partly conscious and before he had reached the Receiving Hospital was around to a half sensible stupor. His case was not serious. On his head was a scar.

The theory which appears most plausible is that Parker went to his room late last night and bent over the gas jet for the purpose of committing suicide. After holding himself in position until overcome by the gas, he fell to the floor where he was subsequently found. The escaping fumes attracted the chambermaid's attention.

This afternoon the examining doctors were unable to probe into his past life by reason of his silence, and the failure of witnesses to appear. No order in his case was made. The only information gained was that he 35 years of age.

Yesterday Parker walked into the San Francisco Chief of Police's office and complained that he was under the hypnotic spell of a Dr. Pierson of San Luis Obispo. He said he had met the doctor in Oakland and the spell had come over him again.

Corporal Gilmann, who is especially detailed to look after cranks visiting the police headquarters, investigated the stranger and decided to take him to the Receiving Hospital of that city. After awhile Parker explained that he was a traveling salesman for the White Manufacturing Company of Los Angeles. He had just completed a tour through Lake county without doing any business. As it was his trial trip he worried so much over his lack of success that his mind had became affected. He forgot all about the hypnotic story.

Parker looks rather the worse for wear as though he had had hard luck. He is intelligent looking and appearances indicate that he is well connected.

SENT TO STOCKTON.

At the examination held this afternoon Judge Hall committed the man to Stockton asylum.

Want Gibbs For Governor.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 28.—The Populist State Convention to-day nominated Barney Gibbs of Dallas county for Governor, without opposition.

CREDITORS AUCTION SALE.

Of Groceries, Wagon, Fixtures Etc. on Friday July 29th 1898, at 10:30 A. M. at the Store of W. A. Mackay, Cor. 8 h and Market Street, Oakland.

For account of certain creditors of W. A. Mackay, I shall sell, at public auction, for cash, the well selected stock of groceries, etc., comprising said grocery, and consisting of flour, hams, bacon, toilet and laundry soap, canned goods, sugar, coffee, tea, spices, olive and coal oil, sardines, chocolate and other assorted groceries, also coffee mill, scales, show cases, counters, shelving, delivery wagon, etc., etc. Stock is clean and fresh. Good chances for bargains.

Terms cash. Sale peremptory.

MAX MARCUSE, Auctioneer.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Paolo Carosso, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Paolo Carosso, deceased, and for the issuance to Louis Buzzone and Carl Groudona of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated July 23th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

AN EXPERIENCED GIRL wishes situation as cook; understands German cooking as well as English. Apply 1519 Fifth st., bet. Chester and Henry.

LOST—One small tin covered trunk; flat top; with initials "M. A. G." on end. Finder will receive reward on returning same. Mrs. Dobson, 3618 Nineteenth st., San Francisco.

M. C. CHAPMAN SAYS MOFFETT TURNED CRAZY.

He Takes the Stand to Defend an Old Friend.

The State Rests Its Case and Gives Way to Defendant's Witnesses.

The State rested its case in the Moffett trial this morning, after hearing short testimony from E. A. O'Brien and Deputy Coroner H. C. Quellin.

In initiating the case for the defense, Attorney Frick called ex-Mayor M. C. Chapman to the stand. Mr. Chapman probably was more intimate with the defendant than any other man. In a long and interesting story the witness declared that he believed Moffett was insane when he shot his wife, and gave reasons for such an opinion.

"I have known Mr. Moffett since 1891," said the witness.

"He has worked for me and I have often conversed with him. I have never heard Moffett's reputation discussed and therefore assume that it was good."

In answer to questions asking his opinion with regard to the mental condition of the defendant at the time of his crime, Mr. Chapman said:

"My opinion is that up to the time Moffett returned from the country last fall and for some time after he was of sound mind. On March 17th and for two or three weeks before he was insane. My reasons for this conclusion are many. In all the conversation that I ever had with Mr. Moffett he seemed to be interested in general subjects. I do not recall that he ever talked about himself at any time during the period that I have stated he was of sound mind. He was always a clear and level-headed man. And in my judgment, he would do nothing without good reason for it.

"Whereas, Moffett was a man who was not very sunshiny in temperament, neither was he very gloomy. He was not festive. His conversations show that he was a man of fine sense of justice. During the time I considered him of sound mind he was about as fleshy as he now is. His hair had about the same appearance, except perhaps, it is now a little grayer.

"From about the middle of December 1897 to the middle of January of the following year I did not see the man at all. I was away in Salt Lake and when I returned I found him working on my house. Then he was much thinner than he is now. His hair was dry and dishevelled. He was very gloomy and despondent. He worked there three weeks. During that time he seemed to avoid talking on any question. Before that time we frequently talked on all manner of subjects, but then he would not speak at all except in monosyllables.

"On the night after he completed the work on the house he returned to my home. I thought he came for money, so I procured it for him. He saw me and asked what I was doing. I said, 'I want to pay you.' 'What?' replied Moffett, 'I want to pay you.' I replied. But Moffett was not after money. His mind was loaded with trouble.

"'I am a ruined man,' he said. 'My heart is gone.'

"The man talked erratically, he cried aloud, and fell into convulsions, being unable to speak for several minutes. I believe the conversation lasted an hour and a half.

"As he was about to go, I said to him, 'Moffett if I were in your place I would go back to the country and never return.' 'What,' he replied, 'would you have me desert my home, and have that man take my place?' There was no use of talking to the man for his mind was wrong. After a good deal of persuasion I got him to take his money but for a piece of work of more than two days he insisted on but one day's pay.

"I afterwards saw Moffett several times on the street, but he never said much after that. I saw him a week before the shooting. I spoke and he looked at me. When I first saw him he was looking straight up into the sky. I looked to see what he was looking at. The sky was clear. I put my hand on his shoulder and said: 'Cheer up, Moffett, cheer up. I would get away from her and away from these people.' He started off aimlessly, but returned to the same place and again gazed into the heavens. On the night before the shooting I advised him not to be despondent, but he said: 'Don't, don't; you are pulling me away.' His mind had gone into entirely different channels and turned from the things which he usually was interested in. These are my reasons for thinking the man insane."

On cross-examination Mr. Chapman said that Moffett told him that he would never harm a hair of his wife's head.

President Euston's Statement.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, July 28.—President Euston of the National Linseed Oil Company said to-day:

"There is nothing in the state of the affairs or the financial condition of the company to warrant the rumors that have been circulated that the company is going into the hands of a receiver. At this date and at present market prices its quick assets are sufficient to pay its liabilities."

War Relics at Heeseman's

Charles Heeseman, proprietor of the Novelty Clothing Co., Eleventh and Broadway, has an interesting exhibition in his south window of war relics reminiscent of the recent passage at arms between the United States and Spain at Santiago. One of the relics, of most human interest, is a hat-band of a sailor on the Cristobal Colon, secured by a sailor on the United States cruiser Oregon. This odd relic will be on exhibition today and tomorrow, and will be followed by an exhibit of other mementoes and suggestive things of the naval activity of the present war. Crowds have seen the small, but suggestive, display, and those who have not should visit Mr. Heeseman's establishment this evening or tomorrow.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New Style, Household Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought, exchanged or sold on installment payments. We give "green trading stamps." 462-464 Thirteenth street.

DIED

SHOUP—In East Oakland, at No. 1561 Ninth avenue, July 27, 1898, Carl Shoup, a native of Redford, Iowa, aged 26 years, 5 months and 20 days.

GERMEA

FOR BREAKFAST.

SHOES

School Shoes for Liittle and Big Boys and Girls At 1/2 Price

In many lines, more particularly in TAN SHOES which we have reduced as follows:

Child's 5 to 8..... 75c
Child's 8 to 10..... $1.00
Misses 11 to 2..... 1.25
" 2½ to 6..... 1.25
Youths' 11 to 2..... 1.25
Boys' 2½ to 5¼..... 1.55
Small size Oxford Ties in both Tan and Black at... ..... 50c and 75c
Small sizes in Fine Kid Shoes Common Sense Heel and Toe with pat. tips, regular $2.50 and $3.00 shoes, offered this week at.... 1.45

The above quotations are less than one-half the former selling price, and far below first cost of manufacture, but we are determined to clear our shelves of them to make room for the immense stock of new goods which is arriving daily.

For the fall trade we have the most complete stock of clean, up-to-date Shoes for all classes that will be shown on this coast, and the prices are as low as the lowest quoted for good material and workmanship.

Since the establishment of our Shoe houses we have maintained first place and we are now, more than ever, determined to hold the advance position.

Through our many branch houses we have forced out all of our old stock, and in our main houses we present the cleanest, up-to-date Shoe Stocks extant.

We handle none but standard makes for styles and quality.

Soliciting your patronage—

MAIN STORES

1059-61 Washington St. and in Macdonough Block, Oakland;

"THE SAN FRANCISCO" SHOE HOUSE

931 Market St., Opp. Mason, S. F.

Cor. of Fort and Hotel Sts., Honolulu, H. I.

Branches at Alameda, Berkeley and Other Points.

"THE OAKLAND"

GEO. E. FAIRCHILD, Pres. and Mgr.

Dr. AMBROSE SANDER

the Reliable Specialist, has Reopened his Offices at

908 Washington Street

Bet. 8th & 9th Sts., over the Central Market.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

DISEASES OF WOMEN confidentially and successfully treated.

No diseases peculiar to Ladies' delicate organization is beyond my sure control.

PRIVATE DISEASES of both sexes a specialty.

ALL BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY CURED

CONSULTATION FREE.

Medicines by treatment furnished free of charge.

TERMS REASONABLE.

NEW LOUVRE BOUFE

14th and Broadway - Oakland

"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenia Club*, in charge.

J. J. CARROLL, - Prop.

Dr. LUM WEH Chinese Physician

Guarantees the cure of the most obstinate COUGHS and of CONSUMPTION.

Prices Reasonable and a Cure Guaranteed

367 Ninth St. - - Oakland

Tribune Classified

Tribune Classified is a Short Cut to the Buying Public.
Tribune Classified is an easy priced advertising medium in every department.

RATES.
One cent per word for 1 insertion.
Two cents per word for 3 insertions.
Two and one-half cents per word for 6 insertions.

Line rate per month.....50c

SITUATIONS WANTED.
½c per word for 1 insertion.
1c per word for 3 insertions.
2c per word for 6 insertions.

For discounts on term contracts, address
ADVERTISING MANAGER TRIBUNE.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

CASTRO'S TAMALES are first class; furnished banquets and lodges. 617 San Pablo ave.

FURNITURE WANTED — We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers, Tel. red-422.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

THE BEST furnished and cheapest rooms in town; scrupulously clean; baths; elevator. Brunswick Hotel.

ONE FURNISHED and one unfurnished room at the new and sunny building at Thirteenth and Franklin.

TO LET—Furnished sunny rooms, with range, for housekeeping. 30 Telegraph avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room; very reasonable. 561 Twenty-first st. near Grove.

FURNISHED front room to rent to an elderly lady; no other roomers. 16 Telegraph ave.

FOR RENT — Funished; nice, pleasant, sunny room for gentleman; private family. 575 Twenty-fifth st.

TWO NICE front rooms for light housekeeping; from $10 up. Brunswick Hotel

VERY CHOICE ROOMS with or without board, for two or three gentlemen, or couple, in strictly private family. W. W. box 8, Tribune office.

THREE FURNISHED and three unfurnished rooms to rent. 1612 Fifteenth st., bet. Peralta and Campbell.

ROOMS AND OFFICES—Bath: no transients. 1055 Washington st.

ONE NICE large front suite; suitable for two gentlemen; very reasonable. Brunswick Hotel.

TWO large corner rooms; light housekeeping permitted. 658 Eighth st., cor. Grove.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Cosy furnished cottage in suburbs; piano; stable; rent $12; near car. Inquire 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth.

COTTAGES CHEAPER THAN SINGLE ROOM RENT—A chance to make a selection from our list of 3, 4 and 5 room cottages, large yards, with or without stables; only ten minutes' ride on cars from 14th street; good neighborhood; high, healthy location; rent $5.50 to $10; city water included; the cottages must be seen to be appreciated. R. J. MONTGOMERY, 1112 Broadway.

FOR RENT—Cottage, furnished or unfurnished. 1518 Seventh ave., one block from electric cars.

ELMHURST—Seven room house on electric car line near Jones ave.; well and city water; stable; fruit; shade trees and flower garden; cement and gravel road and walks. Inquire of Mrs. E. J. Haney, Elmhurst.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

SUNNY ROOMS with board, running water, beautiful grounds. 1277 Webster st. near Fourteenth.

ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—For adults only, a small flat or floor of house, or three or four unfurnished or partly furnished rooms, at reasonable rates; location central; permanent if suited. Address "Immediate," box 2, Tribune office.

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED—Modern cottage and lot; of five or six rooms; central location; state lowest cash price. Address P. O. box 495.

FLATS TO RENT.

866 CASTRO ST.—Upper floor; three sunny rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; bath; no children; rent reasonable.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished flat, including piano, within five blocks of narrow gauge depot, in most desirable part of Oakland. Inquire 1310 Harrison.

LOWER FLOOR—Three clean, sunny rooms; separate entrance; nice grounds; central. 615 Fifteenth st.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; a four room modern cottage with lot 27½x118 ft.; on Twenty-third ave.; near two electric car lines; good location; street work all done; price $1,200; mortgage of $780 may be assumed. Albert Schmidt, 1122 Thirteenth ave., East Oakland.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN EXCELLENT opportunity to purchase an established cycle business, including the agency for a high grade wheel, bicycle material, full rental line, and repair stock, tools, etc.; in the city of Oakland; prominent location. Address A. P., box 8, this office.

FOR SALE—Half interest in undertaking and furniture business, on account of going East. Apply Robert Bleakley, 2128 Center, Berkeley.

DRESSMAKERS.

KELLOGG SCHOOL Dressmaking—Pupils taught in three months; perfect satisfaction guaranteed; terms reasonable. Call and see Mrs. A. L. Swarts, teacher, 965 Clay st., Oakland.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 473½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 512.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

COMPETENT GIRL wishes a situation; cooking and housework; in American family. Apply 690 Sycamore st.

WANTED—Family mending and sewing, by a German dressmaker and seamstress who would go to the house, one day a week, at $1 a day. Address German, box 6.

HOLLAND'S Employment Office—Registration free. Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st., Oakland. Help of every kind and nationality. Tel. 576 black 6 bells.

LADIES' NURSE—Would go in all cases of sickness. Bourn, 812 Alice.

RELIABLE male and female help for all kinds of work, of all nationalities, furnished promptly by leaving orders with J. P. Johnston & Co., 872 Broadway, Okd.

A GOOD COOK wishes situation in private family; respectable woman; references; no objections to small washing. 615 Ninth st.

A YOUNG WOMAN with 8 year old girl wishes position for housework; wages moderate. Address or call, 1213 Kirkham st., West Oakland, Cal.

FIRST CLASS COOK wants situation; good references. Apply Mrs. T. J. Holland, 512 Fifteenth st.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 625 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 5291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GIRL WANTED to do light housework. Call at Holland's Employment Office, 512 Fifteenth st.

WANTED—A first class cook, wages $30; a girl for general housework, wages $25; a competent nurse for infants, woman preferred, wages $25. Call at Marvin's Hair Store, 1159 Washington st.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

MARTIN & ROBINSON — Attorneys-at-Law, rooms 15 and 16, 921 Broadway.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & BARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law. Room No. 5, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHIL M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 28.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 911 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 8, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 454½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 557 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

MEDICAL.

A TREATMENT that restores all cases of monthly irregularities, from whatever cause, in a few hours; safe and sure at all times when others have failed; kind aid and sympathy; travelers helped instantly; no instruments used; home in confinement; consult free the reliable specialist; pills, $1; self cure, $5. Mrs. Dr. Wyeth, 208 Turk st., nr. Jones.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 1228 Market st., S. F.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

DR. E. J. BLAIR, physician and surgeon; residence and office 567 Fourteenth st.; hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 7:30 to 9 P. M.; telephone main 155.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

JUST ARRIVED—Madame Simmons of New York, acknowledged by press and public the greatest clairvoyant and magnetic healer in the United States; past, present and future revealed; great on love and business; all who are in trouble should consult with me and I will show you a way out of your difficulty; so don't fail to see me. 906 Washington st., Denver House, rooms 1 and 2.

MRS. WEST, Trance Medium, consults on all business affairs; spiritual magnetic healer; card readings, 25c; short time only. 1017 Franklin st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A black dog with white strip on breast; answers to name of "Ike." Reward at Ramona House, Thirteenth and Harrison.

LOST—Card case containing pass No. 83 on Piedmont division of the Syndicate Railways. Return to Heron & Holcomb, 1050 Broadway, and receive reward.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 Ninth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, jewelry, live stock, merchandise, machinery, etc., by private party. King's, 457 Ninth st.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

Gilt Edge Investment.—Pays 6 per cent net on the capital invested; absolutely safe; secured by first mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

GENUINE BARGAINS.

$1,600—Cottage and lot on Brush st.; six rooms and bath; high basement; cost present owner $2,500; easy terms if desired; street work all done; house in excellent condition. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$60.0—Fifty feet front on Twenty-second st. bet. San Pablo ave. and Market st.; street work all done; cement walks laid; easily worth $1,000; to see it is to buy it. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$150—On a macadamized street in Oakland; choice building lots for $6 per front foot; two lines of electric cars and not far from local trains; fine neighborhood; unquestionably cheapest lots in city. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

$2,000—Cottage on Brush st. near Fourteenth; lot 25 feet front; house of six rooms and bath; all in good repair; east front; a bargain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, cor. Eighth st.

WANTED—A piece of business property, centrally located, worth from $8,000 to $12,000, mortgaged; the owner can exchange his equity for a fine piece of residence property, clear of incumbrance. What have you to offer?

WILLIAM J. DINGEE.
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,

901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.
901 BROADWAY, COR. EIGHTH ST.

BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.

$3,150—Modern flats; well located; rented $32 per month; convenient and desirable.

$850—Neat four room cottage; Peralta st., near Fourteenth st.; in first class order.

$2,500—Two story house, eight rooms; good order; rents $32.50; central location; Tenth and Grove sts.

$5,500—Cost owner $8,500; Broadway business corner; fair building; rents $25 per month; bank mortgage $3,000; on account of going East owner will exchange equity for clear real estate.

$1,100 each—Two cottages, six rooms and bath each; lot 25x100; rents $10; location south of Seventh near Grove st.

$1,400—A bargain on easy terms; $150 cash, $15 month; fine seven room cottage at Twenty-third ave. (would cost more to build); lot 37x140; being sold for the bank rather than rent it; see this.

$3,000—West st.; a modern cottage home, six rooms below and two above; well built; lot 35x100; make an offer.

$1,000—Two story seven room house and stable; lot 25x133; near Thirty-second and San Pablo ave.

$4,500—Foreclosure compels a sacrifice; corner 60x75; seven room cottage; choicest and central location; four blocks of Eleventh and Broadway; any offer considered.

$2,750—Only $750 cash, balance to bank at 8 per cent; cost owner $4,500; fine modern bay window cottage, five rooms, barn; corner lot 100x125; fronts Piedmont car line; a special bargain.

CHEAP LOTS—
$650—45x104, near Twenty-ninth and Telegraph; sacrifice.
$140—25x100; Temescal, near two car lines.
$1,000—40x100, Twenty-first near Telegraph.
$650—50x140, Thirty-second near West.
$375 each—One or two acres at Elmhurst.
$1,500—45x100, on Telegraph near Twenty-ninth st.

LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
LAYMANCE REAL ESTATE CO.,
Office and Salesrooms,
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.
460-462 EIGHTH ST., Oakland, Cal.

BARGAINS.
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BARGAINS.
BARGAINS.

DENTISTS.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1102½ Broadway, rooms 14-15, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

HORSESHOER.

EDMUND GATES — Horse-shoer and blacksmith, San Leandro road, corner High st.; horses properly shod, $1.25; plain shoeing, $1; special attention paid to horses that wear out hind shoes too rapidly; light tire setting, 50c each; new steel buggy tires, per set, $5; all kinds of jobbing and repairing at reasonable rates.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Horse and spring wagon; $45. L. M., box 5, Tribune.

FOR SALE — Household furniture, sewing machine, chickens, etc.; owner going East. Inquire 1615 Fruitvale ave.

FOR SALE—Fine Fischer Square Piano, $65; installments $2.50 per month. 936 Filbert st., near Tenth.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S. for 5 cents at druggists; one gives relief.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

MAKE OFFER—Corner lot 50x100 and improvements (central), renting for $45 per month; no reasonable offer refused. E. O. Farley, Real Estate, 1058 Broadway.

$1,750—COLONIAL COTTAGE; five rooms and bath; lot 37½x100; a bargain. Address O. W. E., box 2, this office.

FOR SALE, or will trade—Two lots on Mountain View ave., Elmhurst; 50x141 each; situated three blocks from power house. Address D. G., box 1, Tribune office.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A Bedroom set and about 30 yards of Brussels carpet; must be good and cheap. Address E. W. C., box 2, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE.

BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.
BELDEN & COOK'S BARGAINS.

$1,200—A neat cottage of seven rooms and bath, with lot 50x100, situate on Twenty-fifth ave., East Oakland.

$4,500—A beautiful corner home on Eighth st., nine rooms and bath; lot 44x100; reduced from $5,650; owner would accept a good cottage home in part payment.

$2,600—New modern residence in Peralta Heights; eight rooms and bath; lot 50x125.

$2,650—Will buy a nice modern six room cottage with lot 40x120; situate near Telegraph ave.

$3,600—Splendid investment; a cottage of seven rooms and bath; near corner of San Pablo ave. and Twentieth st.

$1,200—Beautiful building lot on Chestnut st., 40x100; choice surroundings; five feet above street grade; worth $1,600.

BELDEN & COOK.
The Leading
REAL ESTATE DEALERS and
INSTALLMENT HOME BUILDERS
1112 BROADWAY Near Thirteenth St.

THE FAMOUS
ADAMS POINT PROPERTY
—In the—
HEART OF OAKLAND.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We announce the offering the first subdivision of the famous "Adams Point Property."

Thousands all over the State have picnicked under and admired the magnificent old oaks during the past forty years on this property. All the streets are graded, curbed, sewered and macadamized; cement walks are now being laid; ornamental shade trees will be planted; in fact, every lot free of cost to purchasers; gas and water pipes are laid on both sides of every street; this property is surrounded by the residences of Senator George C. Perkins, Chas. M. Cooke, Frank C. Havens, W. W. Whitman, R. George Zahn, Chas. Olney, A. F. Coffin, E. P. Flint, John L. Howard and many other fine homes; a combination of lake, bay, hill and city views such as no other property commands; lots are from 130 to 160 feet deep; no improvements of a less value than $3,000 allowed; prices from $20 to $40 per front foot; special prices and special terms will be made with the first twenty purchasers.

Call at once while you can have the best selection.

Carriages to show the property always ready. Send for illustrated souvenir containing views on and about the property.

LAKE SHORE LAND CO.
A. H. BREED, Manager, 1070 Broadway, Oakland.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

$2,750—Comfortable cottage of six rooms; lot 27½x100; on San Pablo ave. near Twenty-fifth st.; future business property.

One of the most elegant homes in the city will be offered by us for a short time at one-half its cost, account of owner's departure; full particulars at our office.

$12,500—Fifteen acres fine fruit or vegetable land; very desirable for subdivision into residence lots or for suburban residence; situate close to elegant homes in Seminary Park; comfortable house, barn, fruit trees, etc.

$250—Lot 34x134, in Teachers' tract, Berkeley; cheap.

$750—Choice corner lot in East Oakland Heights; fine elevation; good view.
$2,200—Lot 60x100 on Telegraph ave.

Property of all kinds, business, residence, inside and outside, at the lowest prices.

THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,
THE E. P. VANDERCOOK CO.,

458 NINTH STREET.
458 NINTH STREET.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

HYPNOTISM.

HYPNOTISM—Sick subject wanted; fare paid; Thursdays. 2267 Clinton ave., cor. Oak, Alameda.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

W. H. WRIGHT LOSES HIS SUIT.

Supreme Court Holds That He Is Not Entitled to Damages.

Some time ago W. H. Wright was injured by the burning out of a retort at the refinery of the Pacific Coast Oil Company at Alameda. He was an employe of the company, and brought suit for damages on the ground that the superintendent ordered him to repair the bottom of the retort, of the condition of which he was in ignorance. While so employed, the heated petroleum burst through the bottom of the retort, which had become thin by the action of the high heat necessary, and he was severely burned.

An Alameda county jury gave him a judgment, but the company appealed the case to the Supreme Court, which reversed the judgment, holding that the plaintiff was negligent in that it was his business to know the condition of the retort and to know whether it was safe or not.

Fred. E. Titus' Creditors Meet.

The creditors of Fred E. Titus, son of the late Daniel Titus, held a meeting in San Francisco yesterday afternoon and took measures to protect themselves. An inquiry will be made into the suggestion that young Titus still owns a contingent interest in his father's valuable estate. Mr. Titus, who left for New York last Sunday, says he will never return. His wife, formerly Miss Mabel Love, preceded him three days.

A Vicious Sea Dog.

Several complaints have been made of a vicious dog on board the ship, "Two Brothers." The animal has bitten several visitors who have gone aboard the vessel.

Injured Her Hand.

Mary Silva, a 5-year-old girl living at the corner of Fifth and Madison streets, was treated by Steward Tobin at the Receiving Hospital for a lacerated palm of the right h[illegible]

RED CROSS WORKERS SCORE CAMP MERRITT.

Oakland Women Indignent at Its Scandalous Condition.

There was a pathetic scene at Camp Merritt yesterday. The father of Sergeant Rollins of Company K, Seventh California Regiment, came up from San Bernardino to visit his son, who had been sick with measles. Stopping up to one of the guards he said: "I wish to see Sergeant Rollins."

"Sergeant Rollins died this morning, sir," answered the guard respectfully, not knowing it was the dead soldier's father who had sought him.

An affecting feature of the case was a tender message from the Sergeant's mother, beseeching the Captain of the Company to take good care of her boy. Rollins was only 20 years old, the youngest man in the Company, but his complaint, aggravated by the unsanitary condition of Camp Merritt, developed into pneumonia, and he died suddenly.

The frightful condition of the camp has excited great indignation among the Red Cross workers, among whom are many women, prominent in social circles, whose names carry weight. They have been aiding in hospital work, and they do not hesitate to represent conditions as they find them. They were panticularly emphatic at the Red Cross meeting in Oakland. Mrs. Frederick B. Glass declared that many of the men died because they were not properly housed. "There is no excuse for many of these deaths," she said. "You cannot care for a measles case in a convalescent stage in a tent. Pneumonia nearly always develops and generally results fatally."

Mrs. S. M. Marion has been investigating and declares that the death rate at Camp Merritt is alarming, even to officers who have been in battle.

Mrs. J. M. Cushing, one of Oakland's specially well known women, stated that in one regiment alone there are sixty-three men ill; that the nurses detailed to care for these men are incompetent; and that complaints of different kinds are coming up against them, notably some serious charges of drunkenness.

The Tennessee Regiment has suffered heavily, the mortality being great. The last soldier to be buried with military honors was Joe Baker, from Kentucky, known as one of the jolliest soldiers in the regiment. His laughing song, on the boards of the Macdonough, brought down the house. As he had a legacy lately of $250,000, he might have found life worth living.

FRUIT CANNERIES PAYING HIGH PRICES.

This Season's Yield is Short and the Quality of the Fruit Inferior.

The unprecedented drouth and heavy frosts wrought such havoc with the California fruit crop that never in the history of the State have the canneries had to pay such prices for fruit.

The apricot crop is only about one-third of last year's, and as a consequence apricots are bringing $65 a ton, where last year they brought $17.50. Plums, peaches and Bartlett pears are also very short. Pears are selling at $30 and $40 a ton and still going up. A ton of cling peaches sold for $100 on the wharf at San Francisco the other day. The cling bring better prices than the freestones, though the latter are in good demand.

Some of the canneries are likely to lose money this season, as they contracted in February to sell their stock in the East at such low prices as to leave little if any margin for themselves. The retail dealers, however, are doing well. The consumption meets the market evenly, and the dealers can clean up their stocks right along, instead of having fruit left on their hands to spoil.

The melon crop is short and the quality inferior. The Lodi crop is a failure, and the demand is supplied by Fresno. Strawberries are light this year, and black and raspberries are only fair. There will be a fine crop of mountain apples, but the valley yield will be poor. Cherries are a failure.

RED CROSS WANTS BETTER MEN NURSES.

Mrs. Hugh Craig, Mrs. Ada Van Pelt and Mrs. S. C. Martin, the duly appointed committee from the Oakland Red Cross Society, held a conference yesterday with Mrs. W. B. Harrington, State president of the society, in regard to the alleged inefficiency of some of the nurses at work in the division hospital. The difficulty of reaching men under the discipline of the United States authorities was acknowledged, but it was decided to call the reports to the attention of the proper officials. The advisability of procuring a house where convalescents could be cared for a few days after being dismissed from the hospital, instead of going directly to exposed tents, was also discussed. The Oakland society is willing to heartily co-operate in this matter and help maintain such a building if secured. Mrs. Harrington has been delegated to find out whether such an effort to aid in the convalescence of soldiers would come within the regulations of the army. Many homes in the country would have been opened for them, but it has been impossible to avail of them.

DEATH DUE TO NATURAL CAUSES.

Post-Mortem Examination Shows Mabel Haines Was Not Murdered.

The apparent mystery surrounding the death of Mabel Haines has been cleared away. The young girl died after four hours' illness on Monday evening at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Haines, on the corner of Russell and Lorena streets in South Berkeley. An autopsy was held at the residence yesterday forenoon, the funeral was held there in the afternoon, and the interment in Mountain View Cemetery, and the inquest followed in the Deputy Coroner's office in Berkeley the same evening, resulting in a verdict that death was due to cerebral hemorrhage, caused by an abscess on the brain.

Mrs. D. Allison, whose name was seriously implicated by rumors regarding the poisoning of Miss Haines, is now entirely free from the grave charge indirectly preferred against her by the mother of the unfortunate girl. Mr. Allison, as soon as he found that Mrs Haines harbored suspicions concerning his wife's action, insisted upon a post-mortem examination. This Coroner Baldwin granted, and ordered the autopsy to be held yesterday morning. As a result, the accusations made last night are proved to be totally unfounded.

A GREAT STAR WILL PLAY HERE.

Clay Clement is Soon to Appear at the Macdonough Theater.

The success of Clay Clement, the actor-playwright, is probably as honestly earned as has even been a stage success. Booming has never been a feature of Mr. Clement's introduction to the public. Long runs in cities have not been flaunted in the face of the public as a reason why it should part with its dollars to see Mr. Clement and his plays. He has gone quietly from city to city and town to town, giving an excellent performance, supported by a well selected and capable company, playing plays that pleased. Hence, when he has returned to these towns and cities, he has reaped the reward of the fine impression made before. It is slower, but is surer than the mushroom successes that are forced upon the public.

Clay Clement, who is now on this coast, as a stellar attraction, is to appear in this city early in the season. Mr. Clement's claim for patronage is based upon artistic work as an actor, a beautiful play and a good supporting company. From Denver, Salt Lake and San Francisco, where Mr. Clement has appeared, nothing but praise can be heard for the actor, his play and his players.

MRS. SCHAEFFER'S SON HEARD FROM.

The Father Proves a Fabricator By the Letter Received Yesterday.

Mrs. Alphonzo Schaeffer has received a letter from her long-absent son, Fred Hurt, which dispels all her anxiety and proves J. J. Hurt, the divorced husband, a fabricator. Hurt declared in court that the boy was serving in the American army at Cuba, and told how he escaped unharmed from the battle at Santiago. Naturally a mother's worry was aroused, which was only relieved by yesterday's letter which came through an aunt in Oregon. The son did not know his mother's whereabouts.

This, Mrs. Schaeffer declared, was done to annoy and worry her, and it accomplished its purpose until this morning, when she received a letter from her absent son. He is in camp Thomas, Chickamauga, Ga., and has not been to Cuba. He enlisted in Company H, Second Regiment, Nebraska Volunteer Infantry, at Chadron, Nebr., on May 6, and on the 19th left there for Camp Thomas, where they have been ever since.

NILE CLUB WILL HOLD HIGH JINKS.

Dictator Walter Manuel Has Issued a Witty Invitation to the Members.

The Nile Club will hold a high jinks Saturday night under the dictatorship of Walter G. Manuel, who has issued the following announcement printed on Nile green paper:

"Brethren of the Nile: The Oracle has spoken; the Sphinx has winked his other eye; Cheops has trembled; and the next freshet of the Nile will occur on Saturday evening, the 30th inst.

"The come one and all of you and join the feast of wit and song, and mother Nile will overflow herself in bounteous good nature.

"The theme of our hilarity will be 'Men,' and our musical genii will be under the hypnotic control of Mr. Everett Dowdle.

"Yours in pity for the absent members,
"WALTER G. MANUEL,
"Dictator.

"Oakland, July 25, 1898."

RABBI FRIEDLANDER HAS RETURNED.

The Eloquent Jewish Priest Has Made a Trip Through the North.

Rabbi Friedlander returned this morning from a four weeks' trip through Oregon and Washington. The outing has been of benefit to the Rabbi, who returns to town much stronger physically. He spent much time in the Puget Sound district and reports that the war fever is noticeable throughout the Northern States. The Rabbi will occupy the pulpit of the First Synagogue Saturday as usual.

PRATT ESTATE IS DISTRIBUTED.

A decree settling final account and of distribution was this afternoon handed down in the matter of the estate of Horace C. Pratt. The property is left to Caroline F. Pratt and Sherry A. Pratt. It consists of extensive tracts of realty.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Otis C. Bryan, Oakland.....30
Sophia M. Snow, Oakland.....25
John Hicks, Oakland.....42
Francis Kennedy, San Francisco.....29
George H. W. McCool, Vallejo.....24
Emma E. Miles, Porterville.....24
Frank Anderson, Oakland.....27
Lydia V. Bergquest, Fruitvale.....23
Joe Rodgers, Oakland.....32
Jennie Oleva, Oakland.....27

Holiness Society Re-organized.

The Pacific Coast Holiness Association has been revived under the former leader, Rev. George Newton, and will re-commence aggressive religious work. An attractive hall has been built on Ninth street, near Broadway, where services are held nightly. Each Wednesday an all-day prayer-meeting is held at Beulah Park, East Oakland. Arrangements have been completed for a camp-meeting at Beulah Park from September 1 to 12 inclusive.

Married By the Justice.

George H. W. McCove of Vallejo and Emma Edna Miles of Porterville, Tulare county, were married yesterday by Judge Clift. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Decker, who a short time ago were married by Judge Clift, acted as witnesses.

May Lose His Thumb.

Louis Lemert, who sustained powder burns on the face and hands while taking flash-light pictures of a party at Piedmont Baths, is expected to lose his thumb by reason of blood poisoning.

PINOLE VICTIMS IN THE CHARGE OF SURGEONS.

Bredhoff and Rice the Most Severely Injured.

The Inquest Over the Dead Will Be Held Next Saturday.

The men who have become inmates of Fabiola hospital in this city and St. Mary's Hospital in San Francisco as a consequence of the explosion at Pinole yesterday are suffering a great deal, but at the same time are progressing as rapidly toward recovery as possible.

In St. Mary's Hospital, San Francisco, the patients are R. J. Bredhoff, Joseph Walton, Nicholas Welch, Jerry Collins, John O'Neill and Frank D. Walton.

O'Neill sustained a broken finger, a dangerous cut on the right hand and bruises all over his body.

Welch and Collins suffer from a broken leg each.

Frank Walton suffers from a number of bruises and cuts.

Joseph Walton had his ear badly cut and his head bruised in a horrible manner.

Bredhoff was struck over the heart by a piece of timber, his jaw was broken and his body was badly burned in several places.

Bredhoff is the only man whose condition is considered serious, the surgeons cannot now offer any encouragement.

The sufferers at Fabiola Hospital are John B. Rice, John Brunton, Levi P. Evans and James Healey. All of these are resting quietly and rapidly advancing toward recovery, with the exception of Rice, whose right leg was badly shattered. The surgeons have not as yet decided as to whether or not it will be necessary to amputate the limb.

The funeral of the men who were killed in the explosion will take place from St. Joseph's church in Pinole tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock. These men are Murphy, Alvarez and Ashe. All of these, after the funeral services, will be interred in St. Mary's cemetery in this city.

A solemn requiem high mass will be chanted for the repose of their souls at St. Joseph's church by Rev. Father Pimentel, pastor of the church, who will be assisted by Father Gloria and other clergymen of this city.

The inquest will be held Saturday morning at Pinole by Coroner Curry of Martinez county. The jury will comprise Messrs. Charles Murphy, William Munsey, H. Silva, Manuel Foster, Henry Scanlan, Charles Brandt, Joseph Bouquet, C. H. Halliday, M. Scanlan, L. Hawes.

AN EXCURSION TO SUNNY SANTA CRUZ.

A Special Train Will Be Run to the Summer Resort Next Sunday.

An excursion train will run to Santa Cruz next Sunday for the accommodation of many who would enjoy a day's outing at this well-known resort. The train will leave Oakland at 7:45 A. M., starting from the narrow-gauge station at Fourteenth and Franklin streets and stopping also at Seventh and Webster streets.

Returning, the special train will leave Santa Cruz at 4:12 P. M., and will reach Oakland at 8:05 P. M. The excursion will be under the personal supervision of Wm. H. Menton, the excursion passenger agent of the Southern Pacific. Round-trip tickets are placed at $2. Special arrangements have been made for amusements at the beach, including a band concert, mussel bake, swimming contests, boat races, etc.

HARBOR WORK IN CALIFORNIA.

Oakland Port Now Has Six Feet of Water at Low Tide.

Majors Heuer and Teavis, engineer officers in charge of the river and harbor improvements in California, submitted their annual reports to the War Department today. They report on the progress of the work in San Diego, San Luis Obispo and Oakland harbors, San Joaquin, Sacramento and Napa rivers and Petaluma creek. At San Diego the jetty was brought out to the high tide level for 3,347 feet. At San Luis Obispo the total length of the breakwater is now 1,091 feet. Oakland harbor now furnishes six feet of water at low tide. On the San Joaquin many obstructions to the channel were removed in the upper river, $21,670 being expended. On the Sacramento river $30,297 was expended in snagging, building dams and completing survey.

V. D. Moody Well Again.

V. D. Moody, the capitalist, for many years president of the First National Bank, was at his office at 472 Tenth street yesterday for the first time in three months. Some time ago Mr. Moody suffered a severe stroke of apoplexy, and his condition for awhile was very serious, but his natural vitality and Dr. W. O. Buckland's treatment brought him safely through, and he drove down with the doctor from his home in Berkeley.

Mr. Moody's appearance was an agreeable surprise to his friends, and many of them called at his office to congratulate him on his recovery.

Gates on Webster Street.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has decided to erect automatic gates at the Water street crossing near the bridge, as a means of preventing accidents. The gates will be fashioned after those now used in the western part of the city on Seventh and Eighth streets.

Oakland Tribune

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—by the—

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WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

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AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dewey—"Over the Sea."
Alcazar—"East Lynne."
Columbia—"A Gallant Surrender."
Morosco's—"The Two Orphans."
Tivoli—"The Beggar Student."
Orpheum—High Class Vaudeville.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

July 31—Deutscher Krieger Verein of San Francisco, to 11 P. M.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL OAKLAND, No. 36

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Friday; fresh west wind.

THURSDAY..............JULY 28, 1898.

Dewey has sent a request for 60,000 pounds of soap. The authorities must be careful not to send him soft soap—he doesn't use that sort.

A warship went down the other day with all hands on board, yet no mention was made of it. It was the submarine boat, the Holland.

There appears to be a good deal of non-sense connected with the officials at Agnews as well as with the inmates, judging by the developments in the asylum scandal.

The Tacoma News says that a New York girl wears a mask while bathing in the surf. For the sake of the reputations both of Tacoma and that New York girl we hope that that is not all she wore.

Even supposing $10,000,000 in gold does come from the Klondike this year, what of it. Surely no one will attempt to say that it is a sufficient compensation for the lives lost, the privations endured and the money expended by those who have been in search of it.

Don Carlos has transferred his headquarters from Brussels and is now residing among the Swiss. As he possesses the happy faculty of making friends of those he meets we will doubtless soon hear of his being on terms of great cordiality with the Swisose.

The Rev. George Bird of Sacramento has been assisting a Santa Cruz couple to break the new marriage law by going with them in a boat to beyond the three-mile limit and marrying them there. The reverend Bird should have his wings clipped by the bishop of his diocese for aiding and abetting in the violation of State regulations.

There must be something else besides money that talks judging by the status of the tunnel road proposition. If talking could accomplish it, the tunnel would have been built half a dozen times during the past year but despite all that has been said, nothing has been done. The Merchants' Exchange will at least be able to focus the proposition, in the report it has ordered made two weeks from now.

The theaters are all playing to the prevailing sentiments as can be seen by the fact that war dramas are staged at nearly every house in the country. Some of the efforts in this direction are being carried to the extreme, one new piece that is about to be produced in the East being entitled, "Remember the Maine." It is to be strictly up to date and in the second and third acts will present "The Battle of Manila" and "The Fall of Santiago."

Now that the candidates' headquarters are all in full swing, the actual work of the campaign may be said to have started up. The fact that a Republican nomination this year is considered equivalent to an election is naturally spurring on the representatives of that various political lieutenants. One good thing about the campaign in Alameda county is that there has been no mud-slinging up to date and it is to be sincerely hoped that there will be none until the conflict is over.

Although in Admiral Sampson's official report of the affair off Santiago he says it was known that the gallant work of Hobson in sinking the Merrimac in the channel was ineffective because the Spanish ships could by careful sheering pass on either side of it, all the credit of the affair must not be removed. The fact that the sunken hulk was there was certainly the reason why Cervera did not attempt to escape during the night for he figured that the dangers of navigating past the wreck would more than outbalance what he would gain by being in the open sea under cover of the night.

Mayor Phelan will make a record that will go a long way towards securing his re-election if he succeeds in getting Market street put into shape. The leading thoroughfare of the Metropolis should be something more than a cobble-stoned, uneven, unsightly roadway and as the street is almost as level as a billiard board there is absolutely no reason why it should not be one of the best paved and best kept highways in the West. The members of the Board of Supervisors, with the possibilities of re-election ahead are co-operating with the Mayor very energetically and it doesn't seem as if the opposition, vigorous as it is, can stop them.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

One of the most important Constitutional amendments ever submitted to the voters of California will be placed before them at the coming election for their approval or rejection. Its object as explained by its title is "to provide for the framing, by the inhabitants of counties, of local county government acts for their own government."

On its face it can be seen what a revolution is proposed in the existing conditions for at the present time the only way a county can handle its affairs is by direct enactments of the State Legislature, on the opinion of the members of which at each successive session the fate of every county hinges. The proposed Constitutional amendment, though, gives to every county in the State a practically independent form of government. It first provides for the election of a board of freeholders in each county, which body when elected shall prepare and propose a county government act for its own county. This measure shall then be submitted to the local voters, and if it receives an affirmative vote, is then to be placed before the next session of the Legislature. If there ratified, it becomes the organic law of the county as far as local government is concerned, and amendments to it can only be made in like manner to the way the measure itself was adopted.

The powers proposed to be conferred on the counties in this way are very broad, in fact, they embrace a whole form of government. Authority is given to provide for the manner, the terms and the times at which all township and county officers excepting Judges of the Superior Court shall be elected; for their compensation; for the number of such officers; for the number of deputies each officer shall have and the compensation of each; for the election or appointment of a board of election, and also to prescribe the manner and method by which elections shall be conducted. In addition, the power is given to determine the tests and conditions upon which electors, political parties and organizations may participate in any primary election.

There seems no good reason why such an amendment should not be adopted. The wants of each particular county are certainly better known to its own residents than anyone else, and although there might be occasionally the danger that the government of a county would by such a method get into the hands of a clique or combination, such a condition of affairs could not last long, for the people would be supreme at the polls. Local government should be handled locally and independently in every way possible, and as the general State laws would be supreme and prevent any clashing of the main system of government, there seems no possibility for harm in the plan proposed. The subject is one well worthy of attention for it is of vital interest to every citizen of the State, as can be seen when it is figured out how far reaching such a change would be.

The war tax is proving a great financial success. The receipts brought in by it for the past half month were $7,197,582 from customs and $12,-597,033 from internal revenue, thus indicating a monthly revenue of $15,000,-000 from customs and $25,000,000 from internal revenue. The expenses of the army and navy for the half month were $16,535,000 or over a million dollars a day, but this was easily covered by the revenue law. As soon as the war tax can be tapered down a little it is said that the stamp taxes which bear directly on the people, will be first removed, those on beer, estates and proprietary articles being retained until last.

The fiendish crime at Pinole by which five men lost their lives and a dozen or more were badly hurt is porbably the result of the singular habit of imitativeness that occasionally possesses the criminal mind. Almost immediately after the terrible affair at Alameda a lunatic miner in the Santa Cruz mountains selected the same method for his own destruction and blew himself up with dynamite, and now comes the horror at Pinole. Apart from this phase of the question, though, yesterday's tragedy furnishes another thorough illustration of the folly of permitting powder works to be located in settled districts.

The friends of Fitzhugh Lee are complaining because he is not given an opportunity to make a war record. There should be no kick coming, as every fair-minded individual must concede. Fitzhugh Lee was given ample chance to distinguish himself during the troublous months before the war broke out, and there is no reason why he should be kept to the front all the time and have operations conducted for his personal aggrandizement. The fact that General Joe Wheeler was given the placing honor in Shafter's army is proof enough that there is no political or sectional reasons for not keeping the limelight turned on Lee.

"The Chinese must come" seems to be as much of a slogan as that they must go. Desite all the restrictions placed upon them by our officials they continue to discover new loopholes whereby they can slip through the barriers, their ingenuity in this connection being simply marvelous. Their anxiety to come here is shown by the fact that although the immigrants are all coolies and consequently as poor as can be, they are willing to beggar themselves to the extent of a $200 bogus certificate besides all the expenses of transportation.

A big clothing house is to be one of the first to take advantage of the new bankruptcy law. Its property is all heavily mortgaged, but then that's all right, as far as the creditors are concerned, it is a good "for clothes" proposition.

King Alfonso of Spain has got the measles. That is one thing that we won't try to get away from him anyhow.

Although Harold Sewall, the United States Minister to Hawaii, is a good and capable man, it certainly seems that it would be but a proper compliment to President Dole to name him as the first Governor of the islands. On his shoulders fell the burden of the work and the responsibility of the troublous times following the dethroning of Liliuokalani, and the able manner in which he handled the Ship of State shows him to be thoroughly competent in every way to continue in charge of the island's affairs. It is possible, though, that he may be named as Chief Justice of the local courts instead, or as the United States District Judge, either of which positions might possibly be more satisfactory to him.

If any ill feeling exists between Schley and Sampson their reports certainly do not indicate it, for on the contrary, each speaks in the highest terms of the other. The only real credit Sampson takes to himself is as regards the arrangement of the blockade and that no one wants to take away from him—it is as regards the actual fighting that the figuring was being done.

Whatever factional fighting is to be done in party ranks this fall let it all be done before the nominations are made. Then let those who are defeated swallow their medicine like men and not go around with hammers or run as independent candidates. This advice applies to Republicans and Democrats alike, for it is about time we put an end to this discontented family proposition.

It is said that there is a wide divergency of opinion in the Cabinet as to whether or not we should demand indemnity from Spain in land or money. By all means take land, for if we settle on a money basis it will have to be a case of owing it to us with no prospect of ever being paid, in view of Spain's hopelessly bankrupt condition.

Now that Pope Leo is reported as better the correspondents are trying to kill of Prince Bismarck. Judging by the columns of nonsense being reeled off by the space-writers the public would be overjoyed if it could really be proved that "there is no such thing as space."

Here is a little squib from the Kansas City Star that contains more truth than poetry: "With all the advertising California has done about its climate it ought to be possible to find a military camp somewhere in the State that rises above the level of a nuisance."

A ledge of marble has been discovered in the heart of the Klondike country. Can that be where those marble hearts come from—they are certainly cold enough.

COMPENSATION.

The truest words we ever speak
  Are words of cheer.
Life has its shade, its valleys deep;
But round our feet the shadows creep,
  To prove the sunlight near.

Between the hills those valleys sleep—
  The sun-crowned hills—
And down their sides will those who seek
With hopeful spirit, brave though meek,
  Find gently flowing rills.

For every cloud a silvery light;
  God wills it so.
For every vale a shining height;
A glorious morn for every night;
  A birth for labor's throe.

For snow's white wing a verdant field;
  A gain for loss.
For buried seed the harvest yield;
For pain a strength, a joy revealed,
  A crown for every cross.

OAKLAND MAN ON COOKS INLET.

E. C. Sherman Tells of Miners' Prospects in That District.

E. C. Sherman, who lives on Adeline street in this city, is now in Juneau, Alaska, where he has just returned from the Cook's Inlet country. Mr. Sherman went to Cook's Inlet in the interest of hydraulic mining on a large scale. In an interview, he said:

"One serious drawback of the Cook's Inlet country is the disregard of mining laws. Men who have been in the country several years have located a great many claims. They do no development work on them as required by law, and at the end of the year simply re-file on them. This keeps out men who might put in money and work the ground. There is much ground in the district that can be worked with profit by hydraulics. The season has not been a successful one for the miners. This is not on account of there being no gold, but because of the unusually high water which has carried away dams and sluice boxes, so that no work could be done. There are a number of good claims, and as there are not less than 2,000 men out prospecting, more good ground in all probability will be found. But there are already too many men there for that immediate district, and it remains to be seen whether the country in that vicinity is gold bearing. The high water has greatly interfered with prospecting, and altogether the season so far has not been a satisfactory one.

"Sunrise City will be lively next winter. Several fairly good stores and quite a number of saloons are doing business.

"Frank Wheeler is perhaps the leading merchant of Sunrise. He had a mortgage on a claim owned by a man named Powers, who had not done much work on it. Three days before the little steamer Perry left Sunrise to take passengers down to Homer to catch the mail steamer Wheeler foreclosed on the mortgage. He put several men at work at once, and when we left they were taking out $70 a day to the man.

"Powers was badly broken up over his loss and Wheeler's good fortune. He lost his head on the Perry and began to shoot. I was standing just in front of him, and one bullet whistled by my ear. They put him into the hold, and he was still there when the mail steamer left."

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

Woman's Corner

French ecru is the fashionable tint in laces this season.

Plain covert cloths will be much worn in tailor-made gowns.

It is predicted that long coats will be in high favor next fall.

The hat which turns back from the face is the latest Parisian fancy.

Some of the most stylish of the spring gowns are also the simplest.

Batistes with colored grounds will be covered with loose floral designs.

Rumor says that white skirts will soon oust the silk ones from favor.

Red and dark heliotrope form one of the season's combinations of color.

Children will wear tan stockings and shoes with their summer attire.

A large white fleur de lis on colored backgrounds will be popular this year.

Small checked ginghams in all colors are finding favor with the fashionables.

A sash of black-spangled tulle is very effective on a gown of some pale tint.

Fancy hosiery still continues popular, judging from the sales of the stores.

Plaid stockings for children are the latest fad. Some are extremely handsome.

Sage green and golden brown form a pretty combination for spring gowns.

Hardly a hat is seen in these days without a buckle or some such ornament on it.

Brown and tan stockings will be the proper color with shoes of a like color.

Velvet ribbon belts and collars will be much used on organdie gowns this summer.

Embroidered hosiery is the correct thing to wear with the ever-fashionable low shoe.

Plaids in red, black, green, yellow and red are most popular in silk and lisle stockings.

The wool golfing stockings are giving place to the silk and cotton ones of summer wear.

A favorite trimming for shirt waists is a chemisette and revers of fine tucked white satin.

Red chambray with black embroidered designs will be a favorite design for summer wear.

Black cotton hose, with fancy colored silk welts, are selling well this season for golfing.

Red stockings will be popular, either embroidered in white or with a white check or plaid.

Plain black hose will be worn much this season by those who do not care for fancy footwear.

Ribbons are being more used now for millinery purposes than at the beginning of the season.

Cerise is still a fashionable color, and for that reason cerise-colored silk has gone up.

Black hose embroidered with yellow or white fleurs de lis are shown in the dry-goods houses.

Ostrich plumes will be in great demand for summer and fall millinery, black ones predominating.

Large bunches of violets tied with bow knots form one of the pretty designs seen in wash goods.

Watermelon pink silk, with ecru and black applique lace, will be most effective for summer gowns.

White lawns with forget-me-nots and small figures will be among the pretty summer dress patterns.

Blue stockings embroidered in white stars are decidedly popular now that Uncle Sam has shouldered his gun.

All the light tints will be in vogue this season, and will be elaborately trimmed with lace and embroidery.

Plaid silk is the favorite covering for the new parasols. The sticks are usually of bamboo or varnished wood.

The hat of the season cannot have too many flowers on it, and as many as possible should be put under the brim.

The daintiest petticoats for summer wear are made of pink and blue batiste, with embroidered flounces for trimming.

Apple-green silk, trimmed with black chantilly lace, will be used in summer gowns. The effect is cool and dainty.

Although entire birds are not in favor for millinery purposes now, wings are still used, and also arrangements of heads and tails.

Scotch plaids will be popular in ginghams, and for trimming gowns made of such material, braid, silk and velvet will be used.

Black backgrounds with loose flowers scattered carelessly over them make one of the pretty styles in lawns and organdies.

A pretty skirt to wear with shirt waists is made of black taffeta silk, and trimmed with graduated rows of black ribbon velvet.

Some of the hats designed for the races are all in one color, or in different shades of the same color, which is always a brilliant one.

Large plaids in lavender and white, green and white, red and white, and yellow and white will be much worn for morning gowns.

Chocolate-colored taffeta silk, trimmed with burnt orange and seal brown ribbon velvet, makes an effective costume for this season.

The latest linen collar has pointed tab ends standing up at the back and a turn-over finish in front which folds down over the cravat.

Silk muslin is the material for the hot weather shirt waists, which are made with the inevitable tucked chemisette and collar band of mull.

Burnt orange and turquoise blue are hard to find in silk now, so they say at the stores, as the demand for these colors far exceeds the supply.

Standing collars are now fastened at the side when the gown closes there. A pair of buttons is placed on either side, and the edges are drawn together by a cord.

The Greek peplum is revived in a modified form for the tea-gown and demi-dress costumes; and transparent materials which display the figure to good advantage favored.

An effort is being made to revive the popularity of brocaded silks, and it looks as though their day would once more come round. Some of the shops show rich patterns in both black and colored silks.

Quills have ceased to be simple and severe decorations, for they are nearly all bent into curves this year, or are decorated with paillettes and chenille dots. They are likely to be more in demand next season than they are now.

Authorities say that crinoline is again coming into favor. This assertion is made so frequently that those who dislike the idea of the fashion becoming really established feel that it is only a call of "wolf," and do not fear the establishment of so ugly a mode.

Manifestations of patriotism in the form of trinkets are rapidly developing, and the summer girl of 1898 bids fair to be a very warlike creature. A miniature flag pin is fastened on the lapel of her coat, sleeve links and studs are made of military buttons, a tiny knapsack or sword decorates her Ascot tie, and muskets fasten her belt at the back. Her belt buckle is the United States coat of arms, and she crowns the whole with a soldier cap and a golf cape of army blue.

THE DEAREST GIRL.

This girl that I'm to write about—you
  know the one I mean—
The girl whom all the fellows swore was
  fit to be a queen—
Of womankind she seemed to be the
  sweetest and the best,
And that was just precisely what she
  seemed to all the rest.

O, my heart was stirred when I first met
  her face to face!
And to my gladdened eyes she seemed the
  very soul of grace.
I swore she was a gem, a rose, an angel
  (minus wings),
And all the other fellows swore the very
  self-same things.

Ah, well do I remember how I yearned to
  call her mine!
To share my lot in life with her would be
  a joy divine,
And how I used to wonder if she'd care to
  change her name;
And all the other fellows, O, they wondered just the same.

So long as memory holds sway I never
  shall forget
When first I held her hand in mine—I
  seem to feel it yet!
Its tender clasp, so soft and light, and yet
  so warm and true—
And all the other fellows, O, of course,
  they held it, too.

And then 'twas after I had kissed her fingers' velvet tips—
I bolder grew, and, O ye gods, I dared to
  kiss her lips!
The priceless boon was far above the
  wealths of kings to buy,
And all the other fellows get a kiss the
  same as I.

And when at last the time arrived, down
  on my knees I fell,
While in my halting, trembling way I
  tried my love to tell.
Until she spoke the gracious word my
  happy life to bless.
And to the other fellows, why, she gave
  the same sweet "Yes."

Then to her stern papa I went to ask him
  for her hand;
My knees were limp and shaking so that I
  could scarcely stand.
He kindly gave his glad consent and
  wished us many joys—
He did the very self-same thing by all the
  other boys.

And then, of course—you know the rest—
  united heart and heart.
I promised I'd be good and kind and true
  "till death do part."
And, with God's gracious help, I'll try to
  smooth her path through life,
As every fellow will for her—the girl he
  made his wife.

—Nixon Waterman in L. A. W. Bulletin.

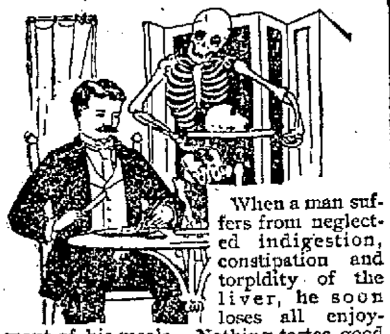
Spain Is Slow.

The Spanish ceremonies which accompany the handling of a telegram would be amusing were they not so irksome and time-killing. You approach a little window in the one office in the city, and, when your turn comes, hand in your message. The clerk counts the words a couple of times over, adds up the result of each page, refers to the written tariff, and finds out what the cost is in francs. Then he takes another slip of paper, finds out what the rate of exchange is at the moment, and reduces the francs to Spanish pesetas. Finally, he reads out the result—say, 597 pesetas, 35 centimes. You engrave these figures in your memory, and, leaving the hall, go out to another window in a passage outside, and there await your turn, repeating always the number 597.35 till the clerk asks you what you want. Then you explain that you are come to purchase Spanish stamps for the sum of 597 pesetas and 35 centimes, and you take out a note for 1,000 pesetas. The passage is dark on the brightest day, and you accept the stamps and your change in spirit of true religious faith, for you see not even darkly as in a glass. When you return to the inner sanctuary and help to make queue, awaiting your turn again, the chances are that you find yourself short of stamps, in consequence of a mistake on the part of the clerk outside. This happened twice to me, but I am bound to say the individual discovered and rectified his error, so that my only loss was of about thirty-five minutes more.

But the most curious thing of all is the process of recovering your money if the telegram be suppressed. There is no way of obtaining it speedily. You must wait. Messages of mine to the value of several hundred pesetas were stopped, and I called at the office for the money. In Russia, Germany, Turkey, Austria—everywhere, in fact—the money paid is refunded at once. But not so in Spain. Here you have to make various pilgrimages, from post to pillar, interviewing officials, dignitaries, clerks and porters. All shake their heads, shrug their shoulders, purse their lips, and assure you that the government allows them no special funds for the purpose. "Yes, but if you do not forward my message, for which I paid you in advance, you have no right to keep my money." "Oh, no, of course not. We are not to blame, you know. You had better see our chief. He is very busy now, but if you call to-morrow, I am sure you can see him."

I spent four days journeying from chief to subordinate, and from subordinate to chief, and at last I received the following satisfactory promise: "If you will write a petition to the chief of the telegraph, asking that the money be refunded you for the suppressed messages, he will deal with it in due time." "What is due time?" I ventured to inquire. "Well, we cannot promise anything," said the informant, Senor Perez, "except that, when the funds allow it, you shall have your money back. "But could you, perhaps, say, approximately when?" He could not, but another official could, and did—"Any time between two and four months!"

Such is a specimen—a tame, humdrum specimen— of the methods of procedure in the constitutional kingdom of Spain, under the most liberal of liberal governments, in the cultured capital of Madrid. What takes place in the provinces and what takes place in Cuba we cannot affirm with certainty, but here the old proverb undoubtedly holds good: "If they do these things in a green tree, what shall be done in the dry?" Spain has truly fallen upon evil days.



When a man suffers from neglected indigestion, constipation and torpidity of the liver, he soon loses all enjoyment of his meals. Nothing tastes good or looks appetizing. He grumbles at his wife, or the cook, or the landlord, or the landlady, or the waiter, as the case may be. People say that he has "a finicky appetite" and let it go at that. The fact is that the man is in a precarious condition and, if he continues to neglect his health, is a candidate for consumption or some equally terrible malady.

If a man doesn't wish to "dine with death for a waiter" he should take the right remedy for "little ills" as they arise, and thus ward off the "big ones." When a man's petite is "finicky," when his liver is torpid, when he feels "headachey," dull, listless and generally out of sorts, he should take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It makes the appetite keen, the liver active, the blood pure, the brain clear and the whole body alert and energetic. If the bowels are constipated Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure that. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, weak lungs, catarrhal, bronchial and throat troubles.

"Twenty-five years ago eight different doctors told me that I would live but a short time—that I had consumption and must die," writes Geo. R. Coope, Esq., of Myers Valley, Pottawatomie Co., Kans. "I finally commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and am still in the land and among the living. I have faith to believe that it has lengthened my life for the last twenty-five years, and I have so much faith in all of Dr. Pierce's medicines that I want his 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a dose.

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We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

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At Winsor House, corner Ninth and Washington streets. Rooms single or in suite for housekeeping; also use of kitchen, large dining room and all cooking utensils. Prices reasonable to permanent parties. Call and see. Mrs. Pritchard, prop.

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$2.00 SUNDAY EXCURSION $2.00

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Boys prepared for High School and for business. For particulars inquire of

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Beef Roast	6c to 12½c
Beef Stew	6c
Mutton Stew	6c
Veal Stew	6c and 7c
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KEEP COOL—DRINK HIRES ROOT BEER.

ITS DEFENSES PICTURESQUE BUT OBSOLETE.

Manila at the Mercy of Dewey's Big Guns.

Can Lie Out of Range and Leisurely Batter It to Pieces.

VERY FEW MODERN BATTERIES.

The Finest Buildings in the City Are Those Belonging to the Church.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.)

MANILA, June 27 (via Hong Kong).—Rear Admiral Dewey, always courteous and always cordial to press men, was good enough to assure this correspondent that he could go just where he liked, when he liked and how he liked. For the present, the American commander said, accommodation might be found on one of the American transports at Cavite, or, if so desired, the correspondent could go ashore, on whichever side he chose, and take his chances with the Spaniards or rebels. It was, however, one thing to say "Go everywhere you please," and quite a different matter to say how. Admiral Dewey, with all good will, had no information at his disposal to indicate which place was likely to be best for getting all the news and communicating it to the outside world. The correspondent finally fixed on Manila itself, not entirely deprived of mail facilities, thanks to the courtesy of Admiral Dewey and the foreign naval authorities. Moreover, Manila was bound to be an exciting place to live in. Even without a bombardment, a besieged city must be a center of excitement. Sooner or later the food supply must run short. The Spaniards had declared that they would fight to the last, and even an overwhelming force cannot capture a stubbornly defended town without a severe struggle. Then, what would the native population do? The native troops would probably keep up fierce fighting on the Spanish side, so long as the Spanish troops kept a look-out on them, and then they would be mostly found on the other side, actuated chiefly by a desire to save the island. Of the non-combatant natives with the Spaniards now, it is impossible to predict anything when the town falls, if it is to fall. They may at the last moment take arms on either side, but it seems just as likely that they will maintain an attitude of calm indifference and sit still looking on in mere idle wonder, as the Chinese did in many villages when invaded by the Japanese in 1894.

Manila consists of an ancient walled citadel, a large straggling business town and a wide fringe of suburban townships, where the business men have their private residences.

The "intremeros" quarter contains now only officialdom in all its glory, the Government offices, the Governor General's palace, the treasury and army and navy headquarters, and, more potent than all others, the head establishments of the rival religious orders, the cathedral and the proverbial "few remaining bricks" with which the Archbishop has erected a palace more imposing and more magnificent than any building in Manila. The citadel was built in the early days of Spanish colonization, when there were frequent alarms and assaults from all sides, from the sea by the British and Dutch and sometimes by the pirate fleets of Mahomedan Malays from the southern islands, while the natives of Luzon have never been quiet for long at a time, and the present is by no means the first time the city has been threatened from the surrounding hills.

The old walls, armed with guns as old, would do very well to keep out an enemy in those days, but of all the scores of guns I have seen in the walls, I doubt if there is even one which would have been even modern in Nelson's day. As ornaments, relics of antiquity or picturesque features of the old city, they are very appropriate, but as a hope of salvation against a powerful modern fleet they are pitiful and ridiculous. There are indeed some better batteries along the sea front, under the walls—two, I think, of ten-inch caliber, and about a dozen smaller, all apparently modern breech-loaders. Of the other guns, I can't say much, as the Spaniards are so bitter against the British and so suspicious that it is unsafe to be seen looking much about. But it is palpable that, even with good guns, there is absolutely no hope of saving the citadel if Admiral Dewey chooses to bombard. He has a squadron full of guns that are good up to 6,000 yards easily, and at that range a walled city is a good enough mark to ensure that every shot would tell.

On the other hand, the Spaniards have not more than a half dozen guns that can do anything at 6,000 yards, and they would not have a whole city to aim at, only six small gray specks, very easy to miss and not easy to hurt even when hit.

Courage is a fine thing, but to shut up a crowd of women and children inside a stone wall is not courage; it is ghastly homicidal mania.

The walled city is in the angle of land south of the river's mouth. Along the sea front, facing westward, is a narrow strip of lowland on which reclamation works were started some years ago and left. The idea was to make breakwaters and a fine artificial harbor. Two breakwaters were begun and extended a little way out, stacks of concrete blocks, iron rails and derricks and other things were accumulated, several fortunes were made by officials concerned and the work is at a standstill.

Along the water front under the old city wall are several improvised batteries with guns that look like six-inch breech-loaders. Above these, on top of the wall, are the antiquated objects already mentioned.

At one corner of the city, up the river a little, is the Santiago fort of solid masonry, with good guns well adapted to attack anything apt to enter the river, but in the absence of such attack the fort seems to be rather of hardly any use for general defense purposes.

At the other end of the city, the southwest corner, is another fort, which commands the whole bay and the landward approaches as well, and this is supplemented by theUreta battery, a little way along the shore from the city wall, with two powerful guns, apparently nine or ten-inch, which fired on the American ships ineffectually until Admiral Dewey sent word that if they fired upon him again he would have no option but to proceed with the bombardment. The threat sufficed to silence the Spaniards: why, therefore, do they not recognize that they are entirely in his power the moment he chooses to exercise it?

If they shrank from the sight of his guns then, why do they still keep up the farce of defying him?

Across the river, north of the walled city, is the large and flourishing business town. The central part is called Binondo, which name is often applied to the whole, though the town has grown so big as to include nearly a dozen other wards. Driving in any direction, it is about three miles before one gets away from built up streets and reaches the open country. Even then the rural townships are found full of the residences of Manila people for five miles or more, and so it is difficult to say exactly what should be considered part of the town and what should not.

REPUBLICANS RALLY TOMORROW NIGHT.

Seventh Ward Club and Fifth Ward Pardee Club Will Hold Meetings.

A grand rally will be held at Castile Hall, 1212 Twenty-third avenue, East Oakland, to-morrow evening, under the auspices of the Regular Seventh Ward Republican Club. The meeting, which will be called at 8 o'clock, will be addressed by Dr. George C. Pardee, H. D. Rowe, W. A. Dow, J. W. Evans, Prof. L. D. Inskeep, H. C. Wyckoff, L. S. Hardy, R. S. Gray, and others. Dr. N. K. Foster will preside, good music is on the programme, and a rousing meeting is looked for.

The Fifth Ward Pardee Club will hold its first meeting to-morrow evening at Elite Hall, corner of Twelfth and Webster streets. Fifty names were added to the club membership yesterday and great enthusiasm is being manifested. The music, which is under the direction of Clarence Crowell, is to be quite varied. W. H. Dickinson of the Young Men's Republican League will sing his famous patriotic song, "Columbia," which won much applause last week when sung before the San Leandro League. The quartette which will also take part in the programme will include Abe P. Leach, Clarence Crowell, W. H. Dickinson, and L. C. Learn. There will also be several prominent speakers to address the club. Among these will be S. W. Condon, Dr. John W. Ellis, John W. Stetson, James Oliver, James M. Taylor, Frank M. Parcells and J. C. Suhr. Dr. Pardee will also be present and speak to the club. The committee having the affair in charge has extended a general invitation to all those interested in the present political campaign to be present.

Today the following invitation was sent out to many of the Fifth ward Republicans to come and bring their friends:

OAKLAND, Cal., July 26, 1898.

Mr.——— Dear Sir: There will be a meeting in the interests of Dr. George C. Pardee's candidacy for the Gubernatorial nomination at Dietz Hall, N. E. corner of Twelfth and Webster streets, Friday evening, July 29, 1898.

The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Fifth Ward Pardee Club and prominent speakers and good music have been secured for the occasion.

You are earnestly requested to be on hand and bring your friends, that they may meet Dr. Pardee.

Yours very truly,
WM. NAT FRIEND, President.
T. B. PHEBY, JR., Secretary.

The club rolls will be thrown open to new members at the opening of the meeting.

TWO MEN KILLED IN A MINE EXPLOSION.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 28.—Meager particulars were received here of an explosion at the Coney mine near Skykomish. Two men were killed, Charles Walters and R. W. Robinson. Two others were slightly wounded. The explosion was caused by the premature discharge of dynamite.

Canada Invites Sportsmen.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 28.—The Department of Customs has issued an order to all its collectors of customs notifying them that club visitors shooting and fishing outfits will in future be admitted free of duty and without any deposit, as was customary in the past. The club will give instead a guarantee to the department, and all members of such clubs living outside Canada will be admitted with their guns and tackle at Canadian ports on presenting their card of membership.

Incorrigible Girls.

Pearl Cohn and Lottie Robb were arrested last night by Detective Hodgkins on a warrant sworn to some time ago. The girls will be detained till some means are devised for keeping them under proper restraint. It is claimed that the girls are out too much after dark with male companions.

At one time the Robb girl was under the care of Mrs. Lydia Prescott, but after professing religion she was allowed to return to her home, promising to give her mother no further cause for complaint.

Milk for Children

Should be pure and wholesome. Should come in clean cans from well cows.

Worth your while to change milkmen?

NEW JERSEY FARM CREAMERY
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979 MARKET ST.
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NEWS OF GEN. MERRITT LOOKED FOR ANY HOUR.

He Has Reached Manila and Assumed Control.

Belief That the Spaniards Will Promptly Surrender.

THE AMERICANS RULE SUPREME.

Mr. Aguinaldo and His Comic Opera Dictatorship Will Be Ignored.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 28.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: General Merritt has reached Manila, according to the most conservative calculation of the War Department authorities, and the announcement is momentarily expected by cable from Hong Kong that he assumed the military Governorship of the Philippines, as directed by the President. He left San Francisco on the steamer Newport four weeks ago to-day, two days after the departure of the third military expedition, which he expected to pass on the way to Honolulu, and after coaling at that port he was to continue as rapidly as possible to his ultimate destination. The two expeditions which preceded him, that of General Anderson, leaving San Francisco May 30th, and of General Greene, which sailed eighteen days later, reached Manila after runs of thirty-six and thirty-two days respectively, including the time they spent in Hawaiian waters. General Anderson and fleet of transports were compelled to depart from the direct course to capture Guam in the Ladrone islands, which involved several days' delay, and General Greene's brigade followed the chain of islands west of Huwaii and spent the Fourth of July at Wake Island, where it indulged in a flag-raising and in celebrating the national holiday.

The Newport, however, was not handicapped by the necessity of setting her pace to that of the slower transports, but was so hurry with all possible dispatch, and confidence was displayed that she would make the voyage in from twenty-one to twenty-three days.

The Newport should therefore have anchored near Cavite by Sunday or Monday last, and the Governor selected by the President should already be in complete control.

It is understood among the authorities at Washington that Admiral Dewey will not postpone his demand for the capitulation of Manila after General Merritt's arrival for a longer period than that official desires, and from the confident tone of the Admiral's dispatches, no anxiety is felt regarding the prompt compliance of the Spaniards with whatever demand he may make. It is the impression that General Augusti, the Spanish Governor General, has already found means of conveying assurances to Admiral Dewey of his readiness to surrender the moment the American forces are prepared to receive the city. Up to a short time ago, before the arrival of General Greene's forces, Admiral Dewey and General Anderson were reluctant to assume the responsibility of protecting all interests in Manila from the disturbing element presented by the insurgents, but upon the arrival of General Merritt, clothed by the President with supreme authority ashore, and with a force exceeding 6,000 well-armed and effectively-equipped soldiers, there will be no further hesitation.

The authority given by General Merritt in his instructions from the President precludes the possibility of a recognition of the pretensions of dictatorship proclaimed by the insurgent chief Aguinaldo, and it is not likely that this aggressive young man or his forces will receive any greater consideration from General Merritt when Manila surrenders than those of Garcia had from General Shafter at Santiago. In fact, there are the best of reasons for believing that the President's order of July 13th, fixing the line of conduct of the commanding officers of the United States forces in Santiago to be observed during the military occupation of that province were almost identical with those given to General Merritt. This order, unprecedented in American history, provides, among other things, that citizens are entitled to security in their persons and property, and in all their private rights and relations, and that the municipal laws, such as affect private rights and provide for the punishment of crimes, are to be continued in force and administered by the ordinary tribunals substantially as they were before the occupation, if the judges and other officials accept the supremacy of the United States. It was made the duty of the commander of the army of occupation, whose control is supreme under the President, "to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that the Americans have come, not to make war upon the inhabitants, nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights," and it is stipulated that under all circumstances such loyal systems as are continued in operation shall remain under the supervision of the American Commander in Chief.

The problem of the disposition of the Spanish prisoners who will be thrown upon General Merritt's hands when Manila surrenders has not as yet received much consideration at the War Department, it being deemed advisable to have the benefit of General Merritt's recommendations before actual steps are taken. It appears advisable to send the men back to Spain as in the case of those who surrendered at Santiago. No difficulty is apprehended in securing transportation in neutral vessels now in Asiatic waters. This question promises to assume considerable magnitude if peace negotiations progress with any rapidity, for it is considered certain that the United States, after having destroyed Spanish sovereignty in the chief island of the Philippines, will not be ready to undertake the establishment of the overturned authority there.

It is recognized that the insurgents could never again be compelled to respect Spanish rule, and this fact would probably prove an insuperable obstacle to the inclusion in a treaty of peace of the very terms which will be most strenuously insisted upon by Spain looking to the restitution of her Asiatic possessions. It is therefore thought to be beyond question that the complete separation of the Philippines from Spanish sovereignty will be one of the inevitable consequences of the war.

FRANCE WANTS A SHIP RELEASED.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The French stances connected with the seizure of the State Department to the circumstances connected with the seiure of the French merchant steamship Olinde Rodriguez, and has requested the immediate release of that steamer. This action was taken simultaneously with a protest from the French Trans-Atlantic Steamship Company against the seizure.

The State Department has submitted all the papers in the case to the Department of Justice with a view to getting an opinion on the legal questions involved.

The grounds of the representations by the Embassy are that the Rodriguez was engaged in ordinary mercantile pursuits and also has on board the official mail of the French government, destined to the French Minister at Port au Prince. It is said that her manifest shows she was not intending to enter a blockaded port. The representations are those usually made in behalf of the French interests, and there is no disposition at the State Department to regard them as other than friendly inquiry.

PROMOTION FOR CAPTAIN JONES.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The President has appointed Captain Thaddeus W. Jones of the Tenth cavalry to the vacant colonelcy in the Tenth Volunteer Infantry (immunes.) This officer was promoted in recognition of his meritorious services while in command of a company of the Tenth cavalry during the terrible fighting around Santiago.

The regiment of which Captain Jones is appointed colonel is composed entirely of colored men, recruited in the South, and is booked for speedy service in the West Indies, either at Santiago or Porto Rico. Captain J. M. Lee of the Ninth infantry, who originally was appointed colonel of this immune regiment, declined the commission, as he preferred to remain with his old regiment.

THE SENECA INVESTIGATED.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Surgeon-General Sternberg returned to Washington from New York, where he made an inspection of the hospital ship Relief with most satisfactory results. While in New York the Surgeon-General also visited the Seneca and investigated the charges as to the improper equipment of the ship for the homeward trip from Santiago. The Surgeon-General found that while there was some ground for the statements, the conditions had been exaggerated.

The Seneca was overcrowded with passengers. Among them were forty-two soldiers from the hospital who were not wounded so badly as to require their immediate transfer. They were ordered away from the hospital at Siboney because the officers in charge, anticipating another great battle which would overtax their resources, desired to free the hospitals from every patient who could be gotten away.

In addition to this a number of civilians not properly entitled to the ship were allowed passage, resulting in overcrowding. The physician in charge was found to be thoroughly competent.

It is understood that General Sternberg's investigation has satisfied the department and no further inquiry will be made.

ROOSEVELT'S GENEROSITY.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The wounded Rough Riders now being cared for in the barracks and hospital on Governor's Island have been visited by Major Brodie. He gave each of them a new $5 bank note, by instruction of Colonel Roosevelt, to pay for minor expenses and such little luxuries as the men may wish to buy. Major Brodie also informed the heroes that Colonel Roosevelt would give more money to them if it were needed.

The wounded cavalrymen were pleased. One of them said:

"That's just like Colonel Roosevelt; he's continually doing things for his men."

VALUE OF CREAM.

As Compared With Meat.

One of the most valuable items in ones dietary is good, rich cream. The remark is frequently made that "cream, is to expensive to use freely." Such people think they must have meat every day at 10 and 25 cents per pound, and do not realize that 5 cents worth of pure cream for breakfast will do more to put on flesh than 25 or 30 cents worth of meat.

An ideal portion of breakfast is that obtained from say, four teaspoons of Grape-Nuts and a little, pure, thick cream.

Made by the Postum Company at Battle Creek, Michigan.

This is one of the most delicious dishes imaginable and is served without cooking or trouble of any kind and cannot be equaled in point of food value for the human body.

The Grape-Nuts, consisting largely of grape-sugar, have passed through processes similar to the first act of digestion and are therefore most easily digested, and in combination with cream, they render the cream itself easy of digestion.

Grocers sell Grape-Nuts.

WHAT MEDICAL PREPARATIONS ARE TAXABLE.

A Strict Construction of the Revenue Clause.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued an important circular in which he gives an interpretation of the last clause of Section 20 of the new revenue act, as to what medical preparations or articles are subject to tax thereunder. The Commissioner construes this clause as follows:

Any medicinal article which is compound by any formula published or unpublished, will be held to be taxable under Schedule B, Act of June 13, 1898, when it is put up in style or manner similar to that of patent, trade mark, or proprietary medicine in general, or is advertised, upon package or otherwise, as remedy or specifies for any ailment, as having any special claim to merit, or as having any peculiar advantage in mode of preparation, quality, use or effect.

Any medicine will be held to be put up in style or manner similar, etc., when the package, wrapper, label, bottle or container resembles in one or more particulars any make or brand of "patent, trade mark or proprietary medicine in general."

For example, the use of a trade mark upon medicine makes it taxable, also the use of maker's name or any other person's name in the possessive form, immediately before the name of the medicine as "Smith's Pills," or the use of any name immediately following the name of medicine. This shall not be construed, however, to prohibit the name of the physician who was the author of the formula immediately following the name of the medicine. Nor shall it be construed to prohibit the name of the manufacturer being blown in the bottle or printed conspicuously on the label or wrapper. Any medicine will be considered to be advertised on the package or otherwise as remedies for any ailment if there is any statement whatever upon any part of the article of any disease or affection of the human or animal body for which the contents should or may be used. This shall not be construed, however, as prohibiting the printing of the formula and the dose on the label, or words indicating the therapeutic action of the medicine in purely technical language not in common use.

Any medicinal article will be held to be advertised on the package or otherwise as having any special claim to merit, or any peculiar advantage in the mode of preparation, quality, use or effect, when any description of it, either on the package or otherwise, includes any statement to the effect that it has special or peculiar medical value over like articles or other articles of the same class; or when it has any word, phrase or sentence, either in the title or formula, or otherwise, which indicates its superior merit over articles of its class.

For example: "Tasteless quinine," "Improved cod liver oil," but this shall not be construed to exclude the words "pure," "chemically pure," etc., which have for their object the definition of the grade of the article, or the words "granulated," "crystallized," "pressed," "resublimed," etc., intended to indicate the manner of manufacture or which indicate only well-known established methods of manufacture.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. Martin Wilson and Mrs. W. H. Ayer were recent guests at the Yosemite Hotel, Stockton.

George De Golia and Frank Leavitt are recent visitors at the Golden Eagle Hotel, Sacramento.

Mrs. J. W. Silsbee of Oakdale has been spending a few days in this city in order to be near her son, who is now at Camp Barrett.

Louis Merwin has returned to Napa.

Mrs. M. A. Capell is stopping at Catalina island.

Miss Ada and Bennie Matteson have returned from a visit with relatives at Stockton.

A. Tombs has returned to Fresno.

Mrs. George C. Roeding of Fresno is spending the summer in this city.

Mrs. Osborne is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Van Avery of Oak Grove.

Miss Belle Nicholson and Mrs. M. B. Nicholson are stopping at the Vendome, San Jose.

The following Oaklanders are at the St. James, San Jose: F. B. Perkins, Mrs. E. Parker and Mrs. E. W. Low.

M. Salinger and party are at Ben Lomond.

A party comprising the Misses Lizzie and Josie Smith, Miss Gurnett, Mrs. Thomas and Frank Smith, A. P. Swain and F. Jaunet of Oakland is camping among the redwoods at Campus near Felton, Santa Cruz county.

Miss A. L. Nye, who has been visiting in Berkeley, returned today to her home in Willows, Glenn county.

Miss S. T. French will return today from Olive Springs, Santa Cruz county, where she has been spending a delightful vacation.

Mrs. S. M. Jefferson returned yesterday from Napa.

Mrs. E. C. Marliave and family have returned from a delightful outing at Inverness.

Professor and Mrs. A. O. Leuschner are expected home from Echo tomorrow.

Mrs. M. J. Gilbert returned to her home in Berkeley today. She has been sojourning at Pacific Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitworth have returned from Lake Tahoe, where they passed their summer vacation.

Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Pierce and daughter left for Twin Lakes today.

F. K. Shattuck returned yesterday from Byron Springs, where he has been spending a few days.

Mrs. T. R. Dean and daughter Miss M. E. Dean, one of Berkeley's most popular teachers, have returned from a month's visit with relatives in Solano county.

S. S. Shirek and family left this afternoon for a camping trip through the Bear creek region.

Mrs. L. C. Brakenridge is spending a few days in Santa Cruz, after which she will go to Del Monte, where she expects to stay a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Hoy spent Sunday visiting C. E. Williams and family at San Anselmo, Marin county.

Mrs. Wiggins and family, who have spent a month at San Anselmo, will return to their home in Berkeley tomorrow.

Miles Congdon and brother left Monday on a wheeling tour to San Jose. They expect to visit that city a few days and then take a spin through the country.

Miss Fannie Cock left today for San Mateo, where she will spend a few days with her sister.

Mrs. J. W. Force and family, who have been spending their vacation in Santa Cruz, have returned to their Berkeley home.

S. R. Crawford of the U. C. Observatory has returned from his summer outing at Willows.

Rev. Geo. Swan returned last Thursday from his bicycle tour through Lake county, much improved in health, and after a trip to San Mateo, where he went last Saturday to spend a few days, accompanied by Mrs. Swan, he will resume his usual work in the church.

Mrs. Henry Sevening and her daughter Miss Lulu will leave today for a visit to Highland Springs. Miss Dolly Chapman will accompany them.

YOUNG LADIES INSTITUTE CONVENES.

Grand Council In Session at San Francisco—Work Done Yesterday.

The Grand Council of the Young Ladies' Institute opened its ninth convention in San Francisco yesterday at Taylor Hall, Tenth and Market streets.

The meeting in the hall was opened by Grand Marshall Miss Mary Flynn of Oakland, and Mrs. Mary Nagle of Sacramento, the president, acted as presiding officer. The following appointments were made: Miss N. Nagle of Butte, Mont., as second vice-president; Mrs. S. B. Kennedy of Napa, as grand inside sentinel; Mrs. A. Orr of Grass Valley, as grand outside sentinel; Miss Mary Stein of San Francisco, grand organist.

The grand president then made an official announcement of the recent death of her predecessor, Miss Sophie Grote, and spoke feelingly of her many good qualities and her charm of manner.

The following committees were then appointed: Press committee—Miss Stein, Miss T. O'Neal and Miss M. Murphy; committee on credentials—Miss M. E. Grote, Miss Ella Cummings and Miss M. Farrell.

Eloquent addresses were made by the Rev. Father Cumming and Archbishop Riordan, who welcomed the young ladies and spoke encouraging words.

In the evening a literary and musical entertainment was given at Metropolitan Hall by the Grand Council. The hall was beautifully decorated with the national colors, draperies of pink, and pendent banners, tropical palms graced the stage, and there were other floral decorations that made the ensemble very attractive. Every seat in the house was filled.

The literary and musical programme was followed by an able address by Hon. Frank J. Murasky, who is a past grand president of the Young Men's Institute. He was introduced by the president of the council.

The meeting reconvened at 9 o'clock this morning.

Information Wanted.

Chief of Police Fletcher has been requested to try and ascertain the whereabouts of James Murphy, a plumber, 42 years of age, five feet four inches tall, weight 140 pounds, black curly hair and of very dark complexion. His mother, who has not seen her son for twenty years, recently arrived here from the East and found Murphy had formerly resided in this city.

Canadian Cabinet to Meet.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 28.—Sir Wilfred Laurier wired to Ottawa to call a meeting of the Cabinet for Friday next and summon all the members of the government within reach to attend. It is understood that matters affecting the Quebec conference will come up for consideration.

Did Not Have a Doctor.

Owing to the fact that John Devers had no physician in attendance at the time of his death yesterday at 1026 Willow street, Coroner Baldwin had an inquest on the remains last night. The jury found that death was caused by consumption.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

STEPHEN GAGE REFUSES TO TAKE HILBORN'S HAND

Trouble During the Campaign of 1894 Crops Out Again.

Congressman S. G. Hilborn and Stephen T. Gage are not as friendly as they were before the campaign of 1894, when it is declared Hilborn refused to speak at a meeting presided over by Gage.

Tuesday the two met in front of the Palace Hotel in San Francisco, and when the Congressman proffered his hand to the attorney the latter very bluntly refused to accept it. Friends who stood in the vicinity thought they heard Mr. Gage make some such remark as: "You're no gentleman. I don't want your hand."

The incident thus closed, and neither of the gentlemen will now discuss the matter, though others who recall the result of the differences between the Congressman and the attorney in 1894, realize that Mr. Gage has not forgotten what he declared at that time to be an insult.

BULBS.

Just received—a large stock of hyacinth, tulip, daffodil and other spring flowering bulbs. An immense stock. Plant early for early flowers.

H. M. SANBORN,
Tel. Main 576. 517 Fourteenth street.

Thibault and the Barnes.

E. F. Thibault (years an expert bicycle repairer) is in business for himself with the agency for the "Barnes" (the white flyer). It would be prudent for bicycle buyers to see his wheel; it would be a pleasant duty for his friends to call at his agency, 375 Twelfth street.

24

Sheets of white paper for 10c at BROWN'S PAPER HOUSE, 417 Tenth st.

Horsemen, Attention!

If you want an experienced veterinarian and do not wish to take chances, send for Dr. G. W. Stimpson, 598 Twenty-fourth st.

20 Bedroom Suits 20

At our store. Direct from manufacturers. They say, sell them right quick; will send carload in short time. Bargains tomorrow, at H. Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

Patronize H. Schellhaas

And get trading stamps. High chairs at low prices. 408 Eleventh st.

Camp Outfits

Swinging reclining chairs, cots, hammocks, pillows, mattresses, etc. are a feature of our trade at this season, and we can give your fancies unlimited scope. In a smaller stock you might have to take what you could get. We also manufacture for hospital use a special line of canvas and wire cots.

SCHREIBER FURNITURE CO.
Cor. 13th and Franklin.
Opp. Narrow Gauge Depot.

Bulk Coal Oil
60c Per Can

Stove Gasoline 70c per can if taken from the store. Coal Oil guaranteed non-explosive.

SIMONSEN & ESPELAND,
17th St. and Telegraph Ave. Tel. Red 81

Arpers' Oil
Against the Combine

Ask Your Dealer For It.

16th St.
FOR STRENGTH BEAUTH AND DURABILITY THE "Warner" Special
New Broadway Telegraph Ave.
C. G. FIELD, - Oakland Cyclery

The PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY
M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors.
N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Sts.
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BRIDGE WORK, per tooth	3 50 up
SILVER FILLING	25c up
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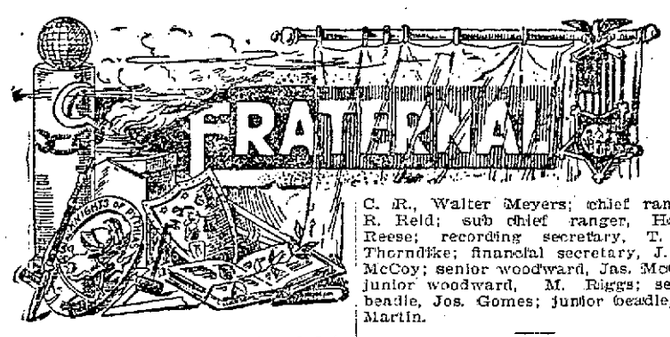

There has been recently founded in New York City by Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley an organization known as "The International Brotherhood League." It is a purely unsectarian, humanitarian, and world-wide organization, as the following objects set forth:

First—To help men and women realize the nobility of their calling and their true position in life.

Second—To educate children of all nations on the broadest lines of Universal Brotherhood, and to prepare destitute and homeless children to become workers for humanity.

Third—To ameliorate the condition of unfortunate women and to assist them to a higher life.

Fourth—To assist those who are or have been, in prisons to establish themselves in honorable positions in life.

Fifth—To endeavor to abolish capital punishment.

Sixth—To bring about a better understanding between so-called savage and civilized races, by promoting a closer and more sympathetic relationship between them.

Seventh—To relieve human suffering resulting from flood, famine, war, and other calamities; and generally, to extend aid, help, and comfort to suffering humanity throughout the world.

Although but recently established, The International Brotherhood League has ramifications throughout not only the United States and British North America, but Great Britain, Europe, and Asia. The objects of the League are so palpably unsectarian and philanthropic in character that some of the most conservative nations of Europe, notably Germany, Austria, and Russia, permit the organization and conduct of Leagues, recognizing the fact that they exercise an elevating influence upon the masses. In view of the great and wide-spread suspicion with which the authorities of these countries regard public gatherings of their subjects, and the constant surveillance exercised during sessions of the same, the establishment of International Brotherhood Leagues there is significant, and offers evidence of the enormous good that may result to their own people from the realization of the objects of the League.

In our own country, practical lines of League work are already in operation. In Pleasant Valley, New Jersey, upon the banks of the picturesque Hudson, a home has been established where are now twenty-five children taken from the most densely populated district in the world, the tenement houses on the east side of New York City. Two competent physicians are in charge of this home, and state that two-thirds of the children admitted were suffering from lung trouble, as the result of tenement house conditions. They further state that wholesome food, pure air, medical attendance, and loving care of attendants have worked miracles for those children who, if they had been left in their old environment, would either soon have died, or survived as premature physical wrecks. And this is only one of the many homes to be established and maintained by the League, whose staff of physicians and attendants engage in this and all League work without other compensation than the sense and satisfaction of ameliorating the sad condition of those worse than homeless waifs.

Another feature of League work is that of engaging halls in densely populated city centers and holding meetings to which working men and women are invited, entertained, and instructed, vocal and instrumental music is rendered, and the audience frequently joins in singing old, familiar songs. The musical part is interspersed by short addresses upon Brotherhood and the right relations which all should understand and work to bring about between the different classes; the prenatal and ante-natal influences of parents upon children, and the best physical, mental, and moral conduct of life. Separate meetings are also held for working men and women, conducted by competent leaders, who instruct in matters of domestic and private character.

Reclaiming inebriates by scientific treatment and restoring them to health and sobriety, is another practical line of League work. In New York City an institute for that purpose has been established, and with good results. Those who have the alcoholic habit and have no means are admitted and treated free of charge. No others are admitted. No questions are asked applicants as to belief, either before or after treatment, the object being to transform human wrecks into healthy and honorable men and women, fit for good parents and citizens.

A League has been established in Oakland, which meets in Hamilton Hall, Thirteenth and Jefferson streets, as follows:

For both men and women, every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

For men alone, on the first Wednesday evening of each month.

For women alone, on the first and third Fridays of each month at 2 P. M.

At the general meeting for both men and women, held on Friday evenings, a varied programme is rendered, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, readings, and short, pithy addresses upon popular topics, some of which are: Contentment, Tolerance, Self-Reliance, Character, The Cause of Crime, The Purpose of Life, Why Men are Brothers, How to Conquer Trouble, A Cure for the Blues.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in elevating humanity and desire to engage in active efforts to bring that grand object about, to attend, join, and co-operate.

Foresters of America.

D. D. G. C. F., Chas. W. Heyer, installed the following newly-elected officers of Court Haywards, Foresters of America, last Thursday evening: P. C. R., Walter Meyers; chief ranger, R. Reid; sub chief ranger, Harry Reese; recording secretary, T. H. Thorndike; financial secretary, J. W. McCoy; senior woodward, Jas. McCoy; junior woodward, M. Riggs; senior beadle, Jos. Gomes; junior beadle, M. Martin.

Young Men's Institute.

Council No. 31 has elected Walter V. Harrington delegate and A. Kretz alternate to the Grand Council, which is to meet August 29th.

Oakland Council No. 6 has contributed $5 to assist the Catholic Truth Society in its work at Camp Barrett.

Council No. 8 has elected William Hennessey and John Cone delegates and Thomas Allen and T. Goodfellow alternates to the convention to be held at San Jose.

Council No. 24 will be visited by a delegation of members from the San Francisco Councils on the evening of August 1st.

GOLDEN STATE COUNCIL.

At the meeting of Golden State Council, No. 115, Y. M. I., of Haywards last Monday night the following officers were installed by Grand President Samuel Haskins, assisted by Grand Director W. Princeville: President, F. B. Hooson; first vice-president, Ed Clark; second vice president, P. Curdy; secretary, Wm. Zambresky; financial secretary, C. McDonnell; treasurer, Wm. Pann; marshal, Geo. Hooson.

Chosen Friends

Unity Council No. 179, Order of Chosen Friends, held its installation of officers at its last meeting, July 13th, and the following elected officers were duly inducted into office, grand recorder S. C. Wallis acting as installing officer: Past councilor, T. H. Gilbert; councilor, Mrs. A. D. Wilson; vice-councilor, Mrs. S. J. Hearns; instructor, W. T. Bellars; financial secretary, R. Paulson; recording secretary, W. L. Paulson; treasurer, Chas. Bartels; prelate, Mrs. A. D. Collins; marshal, Mrs. E. Jackson; warden, Dr. H. R. Jackson; guard, A. A. Charroux; sentry, Geo. Stearns.

The ceremonies were very impressive and pleasant remarks were made by Grand Councilor Boehm, Grand Recorder S. C. Wallis, and members of Oak Leaf Council and Berkeley Council present as well as members of Unity Council, which ended a very pleasant evening.

F. and A. M.

The third degree will be conferred at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow evening in the hall of Live Oak Lodge No. 61. Officers and soldiers who are Masons, from Camp Barrett, will attend, particularly Captain Haven of Company E, who is a past master of the lodge.

THE NEW HOME.

A correspondent of the Washington Press of Irvington writes as follows about the new home for Masonic Widows and Orphans at Decoto in this State:

"A visit to the Masonic Home hill Saturday made me open my eyes when I saw the vast amount of work that has been accomplished on the big buildings since my last visit several weeks ago.

"The main building is nearly finished as regards the outside work. Load after load of slate for the roof is being piled up near the building and already work has commenced laying it. The pretty plaster ornaments are being put on the cornice and the rough stone edgings jutting out from the brick is being smoothed off. Inside a small army is working on the partitions, the frame work for which is nearly all in place, and as soon as the rough work is done the real work of finishing will begin.

"Five linemen have been at work for over two weeks running wires for the 2,000 electric lights, numerous call bells, fire alarms and numerous other electrical appliances. A number of plumbers are laying gas and water pipes and speaking tubes all through the place. Hundreds of feet of pipe are necessary for this, as every room will have wash basins. It is expected that an electric plant will be put in at some future time, but gas will be used for a time. Painters have arrived and are starting in at the basement to work as fast as things are in shape for their brushes.

"The foundation for the second building is nearly finished. On the first floor will be the dining room, kitchen, boiler room, etc., while the second will be divided up into sleeping apartments. A large force of men is kept constantly at work, and as quickly as one force does up one job on the building another force comes and works at something else."

Native Sons.

Alameda Parlor, No. 47, N. S. G. W., has installed the following as officers: Past president, C. M. Bolte; president, E. J. Probst; first vice-president, P. H. Smith; second vice-president, H. S. Orr; third vice-president, W. C. Coughlin; marshal, F. J. Phillips; recording secretary, L. H. Tramsue; financial secretary, Max Gundlach; trustees, R. H. Fallmer and E. R. Wilson. A large number of soldier members of the order now at Camp Barrett were present at the ceremonies and banquet which followed.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.

The officers of Oakland Lodge No. 935, Knights and Ladies of Honor, were installed last Tuesday evening by District Deputy Jennie A. Dinklage, assisted by Deputy Grand Protector Mrs. Thompson, and Past Protectors Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Dunzweiler and Mrs. George.

The following are the officers of the present term: J. A. Colquhoun, past protector; Mrs. L. Bigler, protector; Mrs. M. Gehring, vice-protector; Mrs. Mary E. Cummings, secretary; J. B. Dixon, treasurer; Mrs. F. Weber, chaplain; E. F. Aiken, guide; W. B. Greenebaum, captain of the guard; D. A. Henderson, guardian. After the installation, remarks were made by the district deputy and her suite, and members of Oakland Lodge.

The installation was held in Syndicate Hall.

It was decided to hold an open meeting on August 25th at which time the grand protector and other grand officers will be present.

United Workmen.

The following officers of Temple Lodge No. 11, A. O. U. W., were installed on Monday evening, July 18th, by District Deputy Grand Master Workman Jackson: P. M. W., G. W. Logan; M. W., Thos. Irwin; foreman, C. H. Pearson; overseer, R. Johnson; recorder, R. B. Nixon; financier, Fred Hager; receiver, L. Surz; guide, W. Brummond; I. W., P. Mullen, O. W., Thos. Shaw.

There were many visitors present from the various lodges of Oakland, and after the installation ceremonies a banquet was served to the grand officers, visitors, and members. Speeches were made, song sung, stories told, and everyone present had a most enjoyable time.

The hall had been beautifully decorated with flags and flowers by some of the sisters of Silver Star Lodge, Degree of Honor, who also assisted to make the banquet a grand success. The report of the officers for the past term showed the lodge to be in a very prosperous condition, both in membership and finances.

PACIFIC LODGE.

Twenty-one years ago last Sunday evening three citizens of Oakland met at Masonic Hall, then located at Eleventh street and Broadway, and listened to an explanation of the objects, aims and purposes of the Ancient Order of United Workmen then but very little known in this State.

The late Horace G. Pratt, who was Deputy Supreme Master Workman, was there for the purpose of presenting the claims of the order, which he did in a very clear and able manner.

When the charter roll was presented for signatures twenty-three of those present signed it and proceeded to form the new lodge. Among them was Wm. H. Jordan, the attorney, who became the first Master Workman, and Charles G. Read of the Union Bank, who was elected overseer.

The late Wm. Winnie was chosen recorder.

The new lodge was christened "Pacific No. 7." The name was well chosen, as the course of the lodge has always been peaceful and harmonious, and number 7 was a lucky number for the lodge.

Pacific lodge has been instrumental in disbursing $120,000 to its members and their families in sick and death benefits.

The members decided to celebrate the birthday of the lodge, and last Monday evening, with their friends, assembled in Chapman Hall, 414 Eleventh street.

Wm. H. Jordan, the first master of the lodge and Past Supreme Master Workman, was speaker of the evening.

Past Grand Master Wm. H. Barns, one of the "Old Guard," was also on the programme. Among the other numbers were vocal solos by Harry Melvin, F. L. Merwin and Mrs. Jessie Brock Morgan. The Independent Quartette was also present and furnished sweet music, while Miss Grace E. Read gave a recitation and George Beebe appeared in a character song entitled "The Swellest Thing in Town." At the conclusion of the programme the floor was turned over to the young people and as many of the old ones as were desirous of enjoying a few hours' dancing. The Fifth Infantry Regiment orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. McBain, furnished the music.

The affair was under the management of the following committees:

Arrangements—J. S. Gilmore, E. J. Fennon, E. W. Marston, H. W. French, Robert Hall.

Reception—C. R. Haswell, B. W. Marston, George C. Hunt, M. A. McInnis, Dr. Ray E. Gilson.

Floor—H. W. French, George A. Bowdersmith, Thomas Wilke.

Floor director—W. J. Peterson.

The charter members of the lodge were L. B. Baker, Charles G. Read, C. C. Palma, William Winnie, A. Harmon, I. G. Hall, H. T. Smith, E. C. Fisher, L. M. Prince, George Fulton, W. H. Jordan, Charles P. Ward, C. O. Fuller, W. W. Landon, J. E. Howe, W. G. Brown, C. O. Park, F. C. Barkhouse, J. R. Porter, A. R. Guernsey, A. Barrows, Charles E. Groff, George E. Hawkes and L. B. Baker. Of these twenty-three but five remain on the rolls of the lodge today.

The present officers of the lodge are: Past Master Workman, E. W. Marston; Master Workman, B. W. Marlin; foreman, George C. Hunt; overseer, James A. Plunkett; recorder, J. S. Gilmore; financier, A. Kemp; receiver, A. J. Fennon; guide, W. H. French; inside watchman, Jepp Jorgensen; outside watchman, F. J. Ball; trustees—C. J. Reed, E. W. Marston, W. J. Peterson; organist, Robert Hall; medical examiners—L. E. Kelly, M. D., L. R. Webster, M. D., R. L. Hill, Jr., M. D.; F. W. W. Hulme, M. D.

INDUSTRY LODGE.

I. Horton of Livermore, district deputy of the A. O. U. W., visited Industry lodge No. 63 of Pleasanton last Thursday evening and installed the following officers to serve for the ensuing term: A. C. Vandervoort, P. M. W.; J. H. Neal, M. W.; A. Kottinger, foreman; J. J. Garvey, overseer; P. C. Quinn, recorder; H. Detjens, financier; J. G. Jackson, receiver; Wm. Brophy, I. W.; J. Kruse, trustee.

On the same occasion two candidates were initiated.

The past term has been one of the most prosperous in many that the order has enjoyed. In California alone over 5,000 members have joined during the past year. Quite a number of visitors from Sunol attended Thursday evening's meeting.

Druids.

The stockholders of the Druid's Hall Association who protested against the proposed addition to the building, corner Main and Neal streets, in Pleasanton, have been overruled by the majority and it is likely the proposed improvement will be made.

Sons of St. George.

On Tuesday night Albion Lodge decided to change its night of meeting to Friday.

Arrangements have also been made for the lodge to hold its sessions in the large hall of Gier's building, and accordingly on Friday of next week it will hold its first meeting under the new plan. The meeting night following, being the social night, it was agreed to reserve that evening for members only and their lady friends. At that meeting, it is expected, refreshments and a particularly pleasing programme will be given. It is hoped that all the brothers will attend as a surprise is in store for them.

Much interest was manifested regarding the prosperity of the lodge. Two more candidates were initiated and a further deposit of $100 was ordered to be placed in the bank to the credit of the lodge.

The picnic of '98 was the greatest success ever achieved by Albion lodge and the committee which worked out such a grand result was gratefully thanked. It is further contemplated to establish a debating society in connection with Albion Lodge as nothing else will meet the needs of the many able and aspiring speakers which it contains.

Patriotic Sons of Veterans.

Colonel Charles L. Pierce, commander of the Sons of Veterans, has received permission from Governor Budd to drill his men and parade under arms. The association is now organizing militiary companies for active work in the field.

Degree of Honor.

The largest attendance of the season was present at Ivy Lodge, No. 4 Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W. Wednesday evening. At the request of the new attraction committee, Chief of Honor, Mrs. Wilkinson curtailed the business of the evening, in order to allow one of the most delightful programmes ever presented before the lodge to proceed. The cake walk caused much laughter, especially Brother Reichman's handsome Mother Hubbard costume which he artistically wore front side backwards. The first participants in the cake walk were ignominiously requested to vacate by the judges. The fun of the evening commenced when Brother Lissner and Miss Berg, Brother Walkinson and Sister Ingler, Brother Reichman and Sister Carr, and Brother Jackson and Sister Le Prince entered the hall dressed a-la-carnival. Brothers Lissner and Wakkinson and Mrs. Ingler and Miss Berg made ideal Coons whilst Sisters Le Prince and Carr and Brothers Jackson and Reichman were costumed in the latest fashion of the Sixteenth Century.

Judges Holmes, Wood, and Garrison after great deliberation awarded the first prize, a beautiful cake, to Brother Wakkinson and Sister Ingler. Brother Lissner succeeded in carrying off the booby prize a fine "cake" of soap.

Dancing was indulged in until a late hour. During the evening the committee served a fine collation which everybody enjoyed extremely.

Past Chief of Honor Mrs. Coogan thanked all those who so kindly assisted in the installation of Dawn of Hope Lodge last Saturday evening. The beautiful pillow presented by Sisters Hodges and Coogan was exhibited during the evening and many availed themselves of the opportunity by getting a ticket for the raffle of this beautiful piece of handiwork of the clever donors. The new attraction committee for next Wednesday evening, Sisters Garrison Greenbaum, Holmes, and Brother Isaacs promise a great programme. Valuable prizes will be awarded on this occasion.

ANOTHER TREAT AT THE DEWEY.

Dickens' "Little Emily" Will Be the Attraction Next Week.

A week with Dickens will be the treat in store for the theater-goers of Oakland, commencing next Sunday, July 31st.

Mr. Harry Jackson will present a version of Chas. Dickens' story "David Copperfield." The play is entitled "Little Em'ly," and has been stamped by the Eastern press as the best version ever presented. It is said that Harry Jackson as "Wilkins Micawber" waiting for something to turn up gives a great piece of character acting and his make-up is so perfect that one would think a picture by Cruinshank had come to life.

Kate Jackson plays the stony-hearted "Rosa Dartle," and the Chicago Inter-Ocean says that on the occasion of the production of the piece in that city the audience fairly rose up and hissed that lady for her abuse of "Little Em'ly" in the third act of the play.

Everything will be new for this production and the costuming will be correct in every detail.

Mina Gleason will appear as "Little Em'ly," Charles Bates as "Uriah Heep" who is so 'umble, and W. L. Gleason in the beautiful character of old "Daniel Peggoty." The "shoals of Yarmouth," the "ark in the sands," "the village church yard" in the dead of winter will be seen, making a perfect production of the play.

Manager Jackson says he will make each production stronger, as he is now assured of the support of the Oakland public.

On Saturday afternoon, July 30th, the first Dewey matinee will be given. Prices, children 10 cents, adults 20 cents to all parts of the house except the boxes and logia chairs, which will be 25 cents.

There is no doubt of the sincerity of Manager Jackson and he has beyond a doubt established a theater at popular prices where ladies and children can go with impunity and feel at home.

Harry Napier, late of Marie Wainwright's and Modjeska's companies, has been engaged by Manager Harry Jackson.

AIDING THE BOYS OF COMPANY F.

How the Oakland Boys Are Looked After By the Aid Society.

The American Aid Society organized to assist Company F of this city stationed at Camp Barrett, has distributed two army handkerchiefs to each of the boys. The gift was received with hearty cheers. The members also visited the sick soldiers and supplied them with delicacies and flowers.

Comfort bags containing combs, scissors, pencils, pens, needles, thread, buttons, and other useful articles have already been distributed to the company. Shoes were given to those who required them.

As a preventive of colds and kindred diseases among the boys, the members of the Aid Society at present are making sleeping caps which they will give to members of the company.

Owing to the increase in the membership of the society at the last meeting, arrangements were made to hold future gatherings every Tuesday in Odd Fellows' Hall, Eleventh and Franklin streets.

INCORRIGIBLE LAD ON THE WAY TO WHITTIER.

Byron Maxen, a 16-year-old lad was last evening placed in the County Jail pending an appearance before a Superior Judge. The boy is incorrigible and his parents think that Whittier reform school would be the proper place for him.

BAD NEWS OF ST. MICHAELS.

Steamers are Unable to Land Passengers and Food Scarce.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 28.—Purser Twiggs of the steamer Humboldt, which arrived here from St. Michaels, reports that a serious condition of affairs prevails there. Several steamers, which have no river steamer connections, cannot land their passengers. They have been feeding them several weeks, and provisions are getting scarce.

The most unfortunate lot of passengers are those that went from Seattle on the steamer Progresso. The company sending her out has since become insolvent. The passengers number about 160, and it is probable that they will nearly be returned here.

The captain of the Dirigo says he would sail for San Francisco with his passengers if he had provisions enough to make the trip. The steamer National City with 100 passengers is in a similar condition. The passengers of these steamers are getting very restive and threaten all sorts of things.

GOLD COMING FROM ENGLAND.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The Tribune says: Although this is about the time of year for engaging gold for import, the news from London that $50,000 had been taken from the Bank of England indicates that the movement in this direction is likely to begin sooner than was generally expected. This $50,000 is the first shipment of gold that has been engaged since the second week in May. There was a stiffening of rates for sterling exchange caused by the advance in the discount rates in London. It was said by some of the foreign bankers that there was no profit in importing gold at a rate less than 4.82½ for demand sterling. It was asserted that present conditions pointed to heavy importations of gold this fall.

Complaint is made by some of the bankers that the new war revenue act is favoring the Canadian banks. It was pointed out that the agents of the Canadian banks sells sterling exchange in this city drawn in Canada and payable in London. As the law does not require a stamp for such drafts, there is a gain of a quarter of a cent on a pound sterling, which, where large amounts are involved, amounts to considerable. On the other hand, the agent of the Canadian bankers say there has been less sale of the exchange since the stamp tax went into effect than before. It was also denied that bills were drawn in Canada for sale here in order to avoid the stamp duty.

A NEW ASSISTANT FOR MR. LUDLOW.

E. A. Gilbert Succeeds to the Position of A. J. Angwin.

E. G. Gilbert has been appointed assistant master car-repairer at the shops of the Southern Pacific Company in West Oakland. He takes the position formerly held by A. J. Angwin, who for a number of years acted in that capacity to Master Car-Repairer Ludlow. Mr. Gilbert was formerly master car-repairer in the Ogden division of the Southern Pacific, from which section Mr. Agier, who has ordered the change mentioned, has came. Mr. Gilbert will have plenary powers, though W. B. Ludlow, who has been chief of the car-repairing department of the company for thirty years, will retain the position which he has filled so well.

ALAMEDA CONSTABLE MOVES TO OAKLAND.

Constable H. W. von Kopff of Alameda has transferred his offices from Alameda to this city. He is now located in the Deiger block. Von Kopff claims that Alameda is an unprofitable seat for a Constableship. He will retain his residence in Alameda, since under the law such officers must reside in the place wherein they are elected.

The death of Constable Gus Koch in the Melrose explosion has caused a vacancy in the local constabulery.

Army Man Ill.

Frank Hartman, a telegraph operator of Los Angeles, who for ten years was in the employ of the United States Government and honorably discharged, is lying ill at the Receiving Hospital, suffering from congestion of the lungs and inflammatory rheumatism.

FOR COUGHS, ASTHMA AND THROAT DISORDERS "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are an effectual remedy. Sold only in boxes.

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Can always be had at Lehnhardt's cosy ice cream parlors. Ice cream, ice cream soda and French candies made from the purest materials. Order your ice cream for the Sunday dinner or parties; delivered in bricks or freezers to any part of the city. Tel. main 497. 1159 Broadway, near Fourteenth street.

A Clean Good Suit.

That is, we make suits cheaper than down town tailors, and clean old suits to save tailors' bills. D. Jacobs, 425 Fourteenth street.

Small Organ For Sale.

A little gem, at H. Schellhaas, 405 Eleventh st.

HAVE YOU A SON, BROTHER,

Husband or Lover in the Army or Navy? Mail him today a 25c. package of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. All who march, walk or stand need it. It cures aching, tired, sore, swollen, sweating feet, and makes hot, tight or new shoes easy. Feet can't Blister, get Sore or Callous where Allen's Foot-Ease is used. 10,000 testimonials. All druggists and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

AT Santiago, at Manila—everywhere our Army and Navy wear

Goodyear Welt Shoes

because better than Hand Sewed shoes. 300,000 pairs have been made for them. Whether heaviest boot or lightest shoe, the best are

Goodyear Welts. All Dealers Sell them.

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Have you Tried our new vein Coal?

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EQUALS THE BEST

AN IDEAL HOUSE COAL!

—OUR—

$6.50 Tesla

IS BETTER THAN EVER.

All Mined in Alameda County

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Telephone Main 79.

I having been a patient under the care of the California Willow Bark Institute at Oakland, California, Dr. A. E. Barnes, Medical Director, for four weeks, for the liquor habit, I feel it due to the Institute, as well as a pleasure to myself, to add my testimonial, hoping it may aid some other poor fellow. I have no craving or appetite for alcoholic stimulants. The California Willow Bark Institute have done as they agreed to with me, and I am glad to say I am now cured of the disease of dipsomania and drunkenness.

Respectfully,

JACK PARSONS.

602 Webster St., Oakland, Cal.

CALIFORNIA WILLOW BARK INSTITUTE,

1020 Oak Street, corner Eleventh.

A purely vegetable cure for Dipsomania, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco habits.

THE OAKLAND RESTAURANT

Caters to Lovers of Home Cooking and makes a specialty of a Business Man's Lunch.

853 FRANKLIN ST.

Oakland, Cal.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS

FRANK C. JORDAN

(Present Incumbent)

Candidate for re-election to the office of

COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ROBERT N. RISDON

Announces Himself a Candidate

—FOR—

County Auditor

Subject to the Decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAS. A. WEBSTER

(Formerly County Treasurer)

Announces himself a Candidate

—for—

COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW

Announces himself a Candidate

—for—

SHERIFF

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

JAMES B. BARBER

Announces Himself a Candidate

—FOR—

Tax Collector

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Using gas for fuel is essentially an American idea.

There is no Nation on Earth our superior in inventive genius

The American succeeds both in Peace and War, because he is quick to appreciate modern improvements. Don't loose time. Get a Gas Range and be prepared for all emergencies.

A Place for Gentlemen Who Like Good Good Liquor

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BOUQUET & FRAME

EIGHTH ST., bet. Broadway & Franklin

Telephone 2583 Black. 3

TEETH Gold Fillings 50c, upwards; Crowns, $2.50 upwards

Bridge Work $3.50 per Tooth, up.

Silver Fillings 25c, up. Plates $2.50 up.

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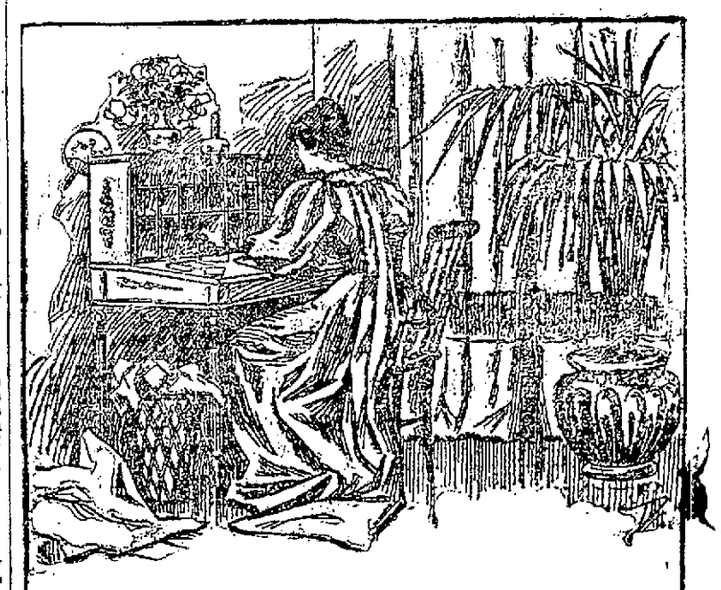
Telephone No. 181 Red.

L. SCHULER, Prop.



"My complexion has improved, and I feel like a new woman," writes the wife of a prominent real estate agent of Philadelphia. "Not the new woman of the present fad, but a rejuvenated and physically regenerated being. I write to thank you for these benefits. They are a result from the use of

RIPANS TABULES."

BROWN & McKINNON —OLDEST— Merchant Tailors IN OAKLAND.

We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.

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Evarts Block - - - 1103 BROADWAY

BULLETS FOR THE EIGHTH INFANTRY.

The Boys of Camp Barrett Ready For Target Practice.

For some time past there has been a rumor in circulation to the effect that Camp Barrett would be broken up and the troops removed to Camp Merritt in San Francisco. A great deal of satisfaction, however, has been afforded by the announcement which has been made officially that no such change is contemplated.

The members of the Eight regiment are now fully armed and a consignment of 260,000 ball cartridges has been received, which will be used in target practice.

Surgeon Dudley has received a full line of medical supplies, which he has been anxiously awaiting for many days.

The vaccination of the members of the regiment began today.

The large tent of the Army and Navy Christian Commission is again within the lines and is resorted to by the boys who wish to pass a pleasant hour in reading.

Corporal Leslie R. McKillican, who has been acting drum major of the band, has been relieved at his request, and goes back to Company F. His place is taken by Corporal Will McGregor of Company E, Santa Rosa.

BERKELEY NEWS.

BERKELEY, July 28.—Dr. Charles W. Wendte, former pastor of the First Unitarian Church of Oakland has presented the State University with two boxes of valuable books, including volumes 1 to 53 of the "Christian Examiner," various documents pertaining to New England history, a full set of the reports of the American Social Science Association, and several of the old reports of Harvard College. In a letter to Librarian Rowell, offering the books as a gift, Dr. Wendte stated that he would be in Oakland from August 1st to September 10th, at which date he will leave to take up his residence in Boston.

The Town Trustees of Berkeley have discovered an old well which will now be used to help supply the town. The well was made ten years ago by the city and was sunk in the Town Hall grounds. It is eighty feet deep and contains fifty-two feet of water. Experts say it will furnish a substantial supply for street sprinkling.

William Biederman, the 3-year-old son of Robert Biederman of Ninth street, was severely bitten by a pet dog last Monday afternoon. The child was playing with the dog when he was attacked. His face was badly lacerated, the principal injuries being on the right cheek and under the left eye.

ALAMEDA NEWS.

ALAMEDA, July 28.—Division Superintendent Fraier of the Southern Pacific Company has informed City Engineer Poyer that gates will be placed at the crossing on the Webster street roadway. He stated that automatic closing gates would be put in to insure perfect safety. There may be some delay in putting in the gates pending the question of removing the bridge across the estuary.

The residence of Attorney R. B. Mitchell, 1221 Sherman street, was burglarized last night, a bicycle and a set of ivory billiard balls being stolen.

The steamer Dawson City, with a party of Alamedans aboard, and about which some anxiety has been felt, is reported as having arrived at St. Michaels safely.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1898.

DEEDS.

July 19, 1898—F. A. & Mae G. Losh to Matthew & Kate Patrick, Okd, W Hannah st 100 N "A" st N 25 x W 133, being sub A of lot 11 blk 794, Watts tct, Map 2, $750.

July 22, 1898—Chas. H., Anita P., & Anna M. Starkweather to Pacific Press Publishing Co., Okd Anx, N 39th st 263.18 E West st E 133-3 x N 100, $10.

July 25, 1898—Annie E. & E. A. Bushell to Anna C. Klute, Okd Anx, Lot 6 blk E, Linda Vista Terrace, $2000.

July 27, 1898—Henry W. Vogt to Henry F. & Minna Borcher, Bkly, E 8th st 146.3 N Delaware st N 50 x E 130, being lot 20 blk 63, tct B, Bkly L. & T. I. Assn, Warranty Deed, $1600.

July 1, 1898—P. G. & Harriet M. Buchanan to Westwood W. Case, Bkly, W Chapel st 160 S Allston Way S 10 x W 137-1¾ blk 5, Map of Villa lots S of the University, $300.

July 11, 1898—Clark Simons to Theodore & Adlina St. Onge, Bklyn Tp, N line San Leandro road 169.80 E Nulley av N 245.42 E 120 S 202.12 N 125.95 to beg, being ptn Kingsland tct, $785.

July 20, 1898—Clara D. & Chas. Thorn Jr. by Comr to Lydia M. Francis, Ala, SE Paru st and San Jose av S 50 x E 147, being lot 11 blk N, Oak Park, $3111.

July 6, 1898—Lydia M. Francis to Chas. Thorn Jr., Ala, Same, $10.

July 19, 1898—Patrick J. & Mary E. Keller to Kate Conlin, Okd Anx, Lot 11, Keller's Rose Park, $10.

July 23, 1898—Anson S. Blake and as atty & Anita S. Blake by atty to Chas. Anderson, Bkly, Lot 9 blk 107, tct B, Bkly L. & T. I. Assn, $1000.

July 26, 1898—Andrew Jones to John Ruscelli, Bklyn Tp, Lots 6 and 7 blk K, Map of Andrew Jones sub Bklyn Tp, $500.

Nov. 3, 1897—Alameda Land Co. to Mae L. Troy wf C. P. Jr., Ala, Rerecord 640 d 76, SW Buena Vista av and St. Charles st S 50 x W 129.11 blk L, Map of Ppty Columbus Bartlett, $10.

PROBATE

5,372—July 25, 1898—Est. Horace G. Pratt, decree distribution to Caroline F. Pratt and Sherry A. Pratt, und ½ int. each, 6 acres beg at a stake at most W cor of ld owned by Ben Van Vranken in 1878, th NE 14.85 chs to center Sausal creek th down center of said creek 4.15 chs, th SW 14.30 chs to center of a road, th SE 4.11 chs to beg, ptn Rhoda tct, Bklyn Tp.

To Caroline F. Pratt, Lots 24, 25 and 26, Henry and Phillips tct, Bklyn Tp.

To Caroline F. Pratt (Und ½ int.) to Blanche P. Rudolph, Sherry A. and M. Belle Pratt, Und 1-6 int. each, Lot 227, in plat 1, Mountain View Cemetery, Okd Tp.

MORTGAGES.

July 23, 98— Francis R and Julia B Bassett to Antoine Borel, Murray Tp, 280 acres beg at a stake "L P V I" of exterior bdry Ro Las Positas said stake standing on N line County road Survey No 1515, th N 79.90 chns to W line lds of George May, th SE 13.09 NE 34.81 chs S 85.05 chs W 36.70 chs to beg, being ptn Ro Los Positas, 3 years, 8 per cent, $9,500.

July 23, 98—Chas P Jr and Mae L Troy to Inter Nos B & L Assn, Ala, SW Bueno Vista av and St Charles st S 50 x W 129.11 blk L, Bartlett tct, 6 years, 7 3-10 per cent $2,200.

July 15, 98—Charles Anderson to Continental B & L Assn, Bkly, lot 9 blk 107, tract B, Bkly L & T I Assn, 7 years, 6 per cent, $450.

DEEDS OF TRUST.

July 22, 98—Chas Jr and Clara D Thorn to S C Bigelow and A A Smith trs Savings & Loan Socy, Ala, SE San Jose av and Paru st S 50 x E 147 blk N, Oak Park, $1,600.

July 12, 98—Katie M Ford to Isaac L Requa and W W Garthwaite trs Okd Bank of Svgs, Okd, N 21st or Hobart st 280 W Telegraph av W 30 x N 100 being ptn Corrected Map Jones tract, $1,500.

Aug 15, 97—Jas M Smith to Same, Bkly, N Todd st 50 W King st W 50 x N 135 blk G, Paradise Park, $775.

RELEASES.

Marginal—Harry L. Swale to Swan Rood, 465 m 241, lot 10 Alcatraz tract, Bkly; $100.

Marginal—M. J. Pacheco to F. C. Barradas, 518 m 83, NE cor Callen av and lands of Goncalves N 150 x E 50 San Leandro, Eden Tp; $600.

Marginal—E. A. Haines to Clark Simons, 477 m 191, N San Leandro road 169.80 E Nutley av N 245.42 E 120 S 202.12 W 125.95 to beg; lots 29 and 60 Fruitvale and San Leandro road tract, Bklyn Tp; $1,000.

July 26, 1898—Antoine Borel to I. J. Righter, 302 m 216, 280 acres as in mtge Francis R. and Julia B. Bassett to Antoine Borel, Murray Tp; $1,200.

July 25, 1898—F. R. Fassett to I. J. and Hattie A. Righter, 567 m 134, same, Murray Tp; $7,150.

July 26, 1898—Home Security B. & L. Assn to Isaac Lesser, 304 m 43, E West st 55-4 S 22d S 25 E 100 N 804 W 25 S 55-4 W 75 to beg blk F, Curtis and Williams tract, Okd; $1,200.

336 m 225, E West st 55-4 S 22d st S 25 E 100 N 804 W 25 S 55-4 W 7 to beg blk F, same, Okd; $800.

July 27, 1898—Lawrence Kehoe to Miha Jaklic, 580 m 45, W Kennedy st 100 S Dennison st S 30 x W 125, blk D, Shell Mound tract, E Okd; $100.

July 17, 1898—Union Savings Bank to Edward and Mary A. Clark, 5309 m 91, E Grove st 51 S 9th st S 49 E 125 N 100 W 25 S 51 W 100 to beg blk 92, Okd; $4,200.

July 26, 1898—Alameda Savings Bank to Alameda Land Co., 533 m 317, SW Buena Vista av and St. Charles st S 50 W 129.11 blk L, Bartlett tract, Ala; $1,250.

RECONVEYANCES.

July 20, 1898—W. F. Kroll and Max W. Koenig trs for Geo. Clark to M. L. Wurts, 851 d 97, W San Pablo av 305.83 S Grayson st S 49-6 x W 440 being ptn corrected map of sub Snyder Hd tract, Bkly: NE E-9th st 33-4 NW 4th av NW 33-4 x NE 100 blk 7, Clinton, E Okd, $500.

RELEASE OF LIENS.

Marginal—J. S. Kimball to Emilie G. Cohen, Q liens 10, tract of land known as the "Fernside" bnded N by marsh line in estuary of San Antonio E by High st S by Santa Clara and W by Versailles av, Ala, $290.

HOMESTEADS.

July 26, 1898—Susie E. Taylor wf Geo. V., declaration, SW 5th and "J" sts S 135 x W 50, town of Livermore, Murray Tp, $1,500.

July 12, 1898—Chas. Jr. and Clare D. Thorn, abandonment, SE Paru st and San Jose av S 50 x E 147 blk N, Oak Park, Ala.

July 22, 1898—Chas. Thorn Jr., declaration, same, $3,500.

LIS PENDENS.

July 27, 1898—Emil Pfankuchen vs. Jas. W. Cooley et al., to foreclose 555 m 272, S University av where the same is intersected by line bet plots 61 and 65 Ro V. & D. Peralta th SE 17 to center line Strawberry creek th SW 12.20 SE 121 NE 54.40 NW 137.65 SW 35.57 to beg, ptn plots 63 and 61 Ro V. & D. Peralta, Bkly, $700.

LEASES.

July 25, 1898—Manuel Altomirano to Gil Laripa, 7 acres bnded S by road running from Livermore to place fmly occupied by Martin Mendenhall, W by lds of F. Arnguerlbera, N by lds of Mrs. Mott and E by lds of Frank Altomirano, Murray Tp, 2 years $40 per year.

SUPERIOR COURT ACTIONS.

15,369—

15,370—Department 3—Attachment.

JUDGMENTS.

15,300 — Golden Gate Congregational Church, leave to mtge.

14,425—Emma A. Nicolai vs. Fritz E. Nicolai, decree of divorce.

COMISSIONERS SALES.

October 25, 1898—Cal. Safe Deposit & Trust Co. as trustee of the trusts created by the mortgage of the Highland Park and Fruitvale R. R., bearing date of April 15, 1893, vs. Highland Park & Fruitvale R. R., lots 5, 6, 7, blk 39, town of Clinton, E. Okd; SW E-12th st 216.50 NW Commerce st SW 100 SW to intersection with N line C. P. R. R. Co.'s right of way, th NW to the intersection with NE E-11th st NW to a point distant 175 E from SE 13th av, NE 25, th on a curve to left with radius of 56.20 ft 69.20 ft, th NE on a tangent parallel with 13th av 222 to SW E-12th st, th SE 31.03 to beg blk 39, Clinton, E Okd; NE E-12th st 225 SE 13th av SE 37 x NE 275, blk B, Clinton, Okd; N E-14th st 271-6 E 13th av N to SE-22d st E 25 S to N E-14th st W to beg, sub to rights of way, etc., E Okd; E cor E-22d st and 13th av NE 75 E 100 NE 50 SE 50 NE 175 SE 196-10 SW 314-4 NW 152-8 to beg blk 140, Clinton, E Okd; all int in strip land 15 ft wide described in deed J. V. Webster et al to Bklyn and Fruitvale R. R. Co. and recorded in 113 d 206; SE Montgomery and Union sts E 101-11½ SW to intersection with E Union st, th N 200 to beg blk N, new town of Lynn, E Okd; beg at NE cor Beulah Park ppty in S line Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Contra Costa Water Co., th SW 32 ft NW 310 ft with a radius of 520 ft curving to the left 130, th E on a curved line 205 SE 242 to beg, E Okd; S Hopkins st at NW cor lands of Redding, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 213.72 ft 179.29 ft, th reversing said curved line with a radius of 260 ft SE 342.58 SW 35 N 639 ft, E Okd; beg at SW cor Webster Hts tract, th SE 657 ft, th W on a curved line with a radius of 217.5 ft 127 ft, th NW 535 NE 35 ft to beg, Bklyn Tp; .66 of an acre beg at a point in div line bet the lands of Dawley and Webster, distant SE 125 from SE Hopkins st, th SW 440 NW 269, th on a line curving to the left with a radius of 190 ft 300 ft, th on a tangent 245 ft SE 35 to beg, Bklyn Tp; SE Hopkins st at SW cor lands of E. C. Sessions, th SE 125, th on a curved line to the right with a radius of 190 ft 250 ft to a point in S line Hopkins st, th W 700 to beg, Bklyn Tp; S Hopkins st 34 E Fruitvale av S 108 E 116 N 65 NW to a point W to beg, with exception, Bklyn Tp; also all street railroads, franchises, etc. At 2 P. M. in front of Broadway entrance to Court House.

Aug 2, 98—Manoel G Matozo vs M G Comacho et al, lots 37 and 38 Map Smith's Sub San Leandro, Eden Tp. At 10 A M in front of Court House.

Aug 4, 98—Elizabeth O Putzman vs Jas E Daley et al, lots 1 to 6, 12 to 18 Santa Fe tract, Bklyn Tp. At 10 A M in front of Court House.

Aug 15, 98—Oakland Bank of Savings vs Abigail B Hunt et al, beg at a pt on the SE line "Reservation" 125 SW from SE Echo av, th NW to center Cemetery creek, th SW to the pt of its intersection by NE line lands of Elizabeth H Hunt th SE 254.6 SW 5 SE 102 NE 5 SE 39.01 to SE line aforesaid Reservation th NE 225.17 to beg, ptn Reservation 4.97 acres in Glen Echo tract Map 2 Okd Anx; also right of way etc. At 10 A M in front of Court House.

ESTATES.

5,790—Department 4—Amelia L. Gerst, application for decree settling ppty rights, by Frank T. Gerst, real property. F. L. Krause.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $4.65@4.75; bakers' extras, $4.40@4.50 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $7; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4.25; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.50; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.50@6.20; in sacks, $5.60@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

MIDDLINGS—$20@22 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS — Rolled barley, $25; oilcake at the mill, $31@31.50; jobbing, $32@32.50; cocoanut cake, $24@25; cottonseed meal, $28@30 per ton; cornmeal, $23@23.50; cracked corn, $24@24.50.

BRAN—$16@16.50 per ton.

HAY — Wheat and oat, $15@17.50; oat, $16@18.50; barley, —; compressed wheat, $21@24; compressed oat, $16@18; alfalfa, $12.50@12; clover, $13@14.50.

NEW HAY — Wheat, $18@18.50; Island barley, $13@14.50.

STRAW—60@85c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.75@2.90; small whites, $2@2.10; large whites, $1.90@2; pinks, $2.50@2.60; reds, $2.60@2.75; blackeye, $3@3.25; butters, $1.60@2; limas, $2.80@2.90; pea, $1.90@2; red kidneys, $2.50@2.75 per ctl.

SEEDS — Brown mustard, $4@5 per ctl; yellow mustard, $4.25; flax, $2@2.05; canary seed, 2¼@2½c per lb; alfalfa, 3@6c; rape, 2¼@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5¼c.

DRIED PEAS — Niles, $1.75@2; green, $2@2.10 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Salinas burbanks, 75@85c; new potatoes, 50@60c for early rose and 50@65c for burbanks in sacks.

ONIONS—New, 25@50c per sack for red and 85c for yellow.

VEGETABLES—Green peas, 2½c per lb; string beans, 2¼@4c; bay squash, 25@50c box; dried pepers, 5@6c lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 50c per ctl; carrots, 30@50c per sack; garlic, 2@3c lb; cucumbers, 50@85c per box; Vacaville tomatoes, 60@75c per box.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES — Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 15@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY — Live turkeys, 12@15c for gobblers and 12@13c for hens; geese, per pair, 75c@$1; goslings, $1@1.25; ducks, $2.75@3 for old, $3@5 for young; hens, $3.50@5; roosters, young, $6@7; roosters, old, $3.50@5; fryers, $5@5.50; broilers, $3.50@4 for large and $2@3 for small; pigeons, $1.25@1.75 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 20c; seconds, 18@19c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@18c; second grades, 15c.

Eastern Butter — Ladle packed, 14@15c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 8@9c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8½@9½c; Eastern, 12@13c.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 18@21c per dozen; store eggs, 13@15c; duck eggs, 17@18c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS — Strawberries, $3.50@5 per chest for large and $7 for small berries; apples, 40@50c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and 20@40c basket; Royal Anne, 50@60c box; currants, $2@3.50 chest; blackberries, $2.50@3.50 crate; plums, 40@75c crate and 25@60c per box; apricots, 40@75c per box and 50@65c per crate for royals; peaches, 25@85c per box and 60@75c per basket; gooseberries, 1@2c per lb for common and 3½@4c for English.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.50@2.50; seedlings, 50c@$1; lemons, $1@1.25 for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $3.50@4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon—9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10c for light, 11c for extra light and 12@12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10¼@11c; California hams, 9¼@10c; mess beef, $10.50 per bbl; extra mess beef, $11; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $17@17.50; mess, $15; smoked beef, 12c per lb.

LARD — Eastern tierces quoted at 6c per lb for compound and 8c for pure; pail, 8¾c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 7¼c for pure; half barrels, 7¼c; 10 lb tins, 8¼c; 5 lb tins, 8⅜c.

COTTOLENE — Tierces, 6⅝@6⅞c packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 9⅛c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅝c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8⅜c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 8½c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7⅜c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4½@5½c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 4@5c; small, 6@7c per lb.

MUTTON — Wethers, 7¼@8c; ewes, 7@7½c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 8@8½c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 4¼@4½ for large and 4¾@5c for medium; stock hogs, 2@3½c; dressed hogs, 6@7½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS — Calcutta grain bags, 5@5¼c; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $4.85.

COAL — Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; Coos Bay, $5; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $7.50; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery fine crushed, 7c; powdered, 6¼c; dry granulated, 5⅞c; confectioners' A, 5⅞c; magnolia A, 5¼c; extra C, 5⅛c; golden C, 5¼c per lb; half bbls ¼c more than bbls, candy granulated, 6c; California A, 5⅝c; and boxes ½c more.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

RAISINS—2@2½c for 2-crown, 2¼@2¾c for 3-crown, 3@3½c for 4-crown, 4½c for seedless sultanas, 2½c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.15 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 4¾@5c for 40-50's, 4¼@4½c for 50-60's, 3¾@4c for 60-70's, 2½@3c for 70-80's; 2@2½c for 80-90's, 1¾@2c for 90-100's; peaches, 3@5c; fancy, 5½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 7½@8c; sun-dried, 4½@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1¼@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 8½@8c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for hardshell, 4@6c for softshell; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 9½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; coconnuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5½c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS — Heavy salted steers, 10c; medium, 9c; light, 15@16c; dry calf, 15@20c; culls and brands, 12c; deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; goatskins, 30@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 60@80c; long wools, 90c@$1.20 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3¼c per lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 4¼@4¾c; grease, 2c.

HOPS—1897 crop, 9@12½c per lb.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 7@10; southern mountain, 9@11; free northern, 12@14c; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; Valley Oregon, 15@17c.

E. C. Lyon Says War

On prices in furniture, matting, stoves, etc., new and second hand. People who buy from him capture bargains. Folding beds, beauties, $11. Bedroom sets, $10. Everything at war prices. Five thousand note books to give away. Get one. Finest express wagon in Oakland. Goods rented for parties. Telephone red 1,984. 412 Eleventh st., bet. Bdwy and Franklin.

Order your coal from Davie & Williams, Thirteenth and Webster streets; telephone main 54.

White Hair Matresses

Wool and spring beds, best and cleanest in town. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh near Franklin. Telephone 852 blue.

"My Cake Is Dough."

Did not use Sperry's Flour.

Order your coal from Davie & Williams, Thirteenth and Webster streets; telephone main 54.

Telephone 852 Blue.

Chairs, tables and dishes for rent or sale at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 404 Eighth street.

HOTELS.

GALINDO HOTEL

Mrs. B. ALLEN, Proprietress

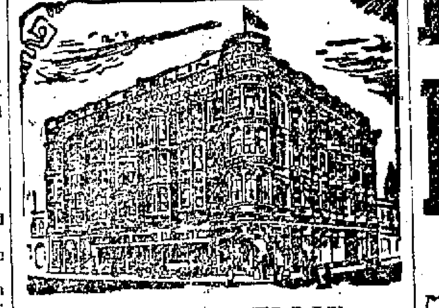
EIGHTH STREET

Bet. Broadway and Franklin. Oakland, Cal.

The Leading and Largest Hotel in Oakland.

Table First-class in every respect. Sample Room for Commercial Travelers. Liberal Terms to Permanent Boarders.

American Plan. Rates—$1.50 and $2.00 Per Day.



HOTEL CRELLIN

The Most Favorably Located and Leading Hotel of Oakland, Corner Tenth and Washington streets, Oakland.

A Mon Chateau

A First-Class Family Resort

Dinners and Banquets to order. Accommodations for private picnics, bicycle parties, etc. Garden with summer houses. Take Piedmont Electric Cars to Pleasant Valley Road.

The former proprietors of the

HUFF HOUSE

are now located at the

METROPOLE

6 TURK STREET

Junction Market and Mason, San Francisco, and would he pleased to see their old friends.

Summer Resorts

PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS

Santa Clara County.

THREE HOURS FROM S. F. VIA Los Gatos; 6 months round trip ticket, $4, or via Santa Clara, $3.50. New swimming tank, 180x75 feet, and other improvements.

Hot and cold mineral baths.

Climate, scenery, and location unequaled.

JOHN S. MATHESON, Manager.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING FOR A DELIGHTful and healthful resort for the Summer months for your family, not so remote from town but that you can be with them without neglecting your business.

If you are in search of a good table and comfortable sleeping apartments only 1½ hours' travel from San Francisco with half hourly communication day and evening.

If it is your wish to confine your Summer's outing by a moderate outlay, your attention is directed to HAYWARDS PARK, at the terminus of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railway, or

If you are fond of tenting here you will find a large number of commodious platforms arranged convenient to the Hotel Dining Room on one of which you may erect your tent.

A choice musical program is rendered every Sunday afternoon on the verandas of the Club House. The cars of the company run into the Park. The monthly commutation rate is only $5.00, room and board $8.00 per week; board for campers $5.00 per week. Campers and roomers have the same service from attendants.

Address MRS DORA SHANE, Haywards Club House

The Place for REST and HEALTH

ORCHARD SPRINGS

In the foothills of the Sierra Nevadas, near Colfax, on C.P.R.R. Plain, quiet retreat, finest scenery, water, mountain air, fruit, and all the year around climate in California. Ideal grounds and surroundings. On R. R., 126 miles from San Fran. $8 a week. Open all year. Send for Booklet. Address: Orchard Springs, Chicago Park, Cal.

GLENDORA

SANTA CRUZ MOUNTAINS

Box 145 Los Gatos, Cal

RAILROADS.

Southern Pacific Company

Trains are Due to Arrive and Leave —at— OAKLAND SIXTEENTH STREET STATION.

Leave.	From July 10, 1898.	Arrive.
7:34 a	Benicia, Suisun, Sacramento	10.09 a
7:34 a	Marysville, Oroville and Redding via Woodland	5:14 p
7:34 a	Vacaville and Rumsey	8:07 p
8:04 a	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	5:45 p
8:37 a	Atlantic Express, Ogden and East	8:07 p
9:36 a	New Orleans Express, Fresno, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	6:03 p
10:31 a	Vallejo, Martinez and way stations	7:14 p
....	Fresno, Yosemite, Merced, Martinez	11:45 a
4:34 p	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, El Verano, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	8:44 a
4:38 p	Benicia, Vacaville, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville and Sacramento	10:09 a
5:09 p	Los Angeles Express, Lathrop, Modesto, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	7:04 a
9:10 a	Peters, Oakdale and Jamestown	6:39 p
5:09 p	Martinez, Merced, Raymond, Yosemite and Fresno	11:45 a
5:09 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	6:03 p
6:40 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:09 a
*6:40 p	Vallejo	11:45 a
‡7:00 p	Vallejo, Port Costa and way stations	‡9:20 p
8:38 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	7:36 a

NILES ROUTE. First Street Near Broadway.

*6:38 a	Via Seventh St., Niles, San Jose and way stations	*8:06 a
9:10 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Ione, Sacramento, Marysville, Chico, Tehama and Red Bluff	3:37 p
*9:10 a	Milton	*6:39 p
1:36 p	Niles, San Jose and way stations	*9:09 a
....	San Jose, Niles and way stations	‡8:38 a
2:36 p	Livermore, Mendota, Hanford and Visalia	3:37 p
....	Livermore, San Jose, Niles and way stations	‡9:46 a
5:09 p	Niles, San Jose, Tracy and Stockton	6:39 p
5:09 p	Stockton and Lodi	6:39 p
6:40 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:07 a

A for morning. P for afternoon.
‡Sundays only.
*Sundays excepted.

The PEOPLE'S EXPRESS COMPANY, the only transfer who will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Office, 412-418 Ninth street. Tel. 326.

Local and through tickets sold and information given by
J. H. WRIGHT, agent, 16th st. station.
M. E. DE CORA, agent, 7th and Bdwy.
T. H. GOODMAN, gen. pass. agent.

IRISH FAIR

TO BE HELD IN THE

MECHANICS' PAVILION

SAN FRANCISCO

August 20th to September 10th

GREATLY REDUCED EXCURSION RATES

—Will be made by the—

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

From all Points in California.

Inquire of Southern Pacific Agents for exact rates and dates; or see small posters.

CALIFORNIA RAILWAY

—TO—

Leona Heights and Mills College

TRAINS LEAVE TIDAL CANAL BRIDGE, ALAMEDA.

8:00, 9:00, *9:30, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, *6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE LEONA HEIGHTS.

7:35, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, *11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30 9:30 p. m.

*Sundays only.

Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway cars to Tidal Canal bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway conductors.

Fare, 25 cents round trip.

B. H. FISHER, Supt.

Masonic Temple, Twelfth and Washington streets, Oakland.

The O. R. & N.

DISPATCH FAST STEAMERS

To PORTLAND

From Folsom-street Wharf, at 10 A. M.

EVERY 4 DAYS

FARE { $12 First Class / $8 Second Class } including berth & meals

COLUMBIA.............sails July 2, 10, 18, 26
STATE OF CALIFORNIA sails July 6, 14, 22, 30

ST. PAUL	$16.00	ST. LOUIS	$32.00
KANSAS CITY	$26.00	CHICAGO	$27.50
OMAHA	$26.00	NEW YORK	$31.00

E. C. WARD, General Agent,
630 Market street.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Supt's.

IF YOU WISH

To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from

L. C. BEEM,

New City Market,

S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.

TELEPHONE [illegible]

BANKS.

—THE— First National Bank of Oakland

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

Capital stock paid up..................$300,000

P. E. BOWLES....................President
G. W. McNEAR...............Vice President
L. G. BURPEE.......................Cashier

DIRECTORS — G. W. McNear, E. W. Runyon, W. P. Jones, Wallace Everson, L. C. Morehouse, P. E. Bowles, W. H. Chickering, L. G. Burpee, G. W. McNear Jr.

Principal Correspondents—San Francisco, First National Bank, London, Paris and American Bank L'd, and Bank of California; New York, National Park Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank.

Union National Bank of Oakland

Location, N. W. cor. of Broadway and Twelfth St.

THOMAS PRATHER................President
HON. J. WEST MARTIN..Vice President
CHARLES E. PALMER.............Cashier
WM. H. HIGH...........Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.

Hon. J. West Martin, John C. Adams, C. E. Palmer, Edson F. Adams, R. S. Farrelly, Thomas Prather, Shelby F. Martin.

Exchange—Domestic and Foreign at current rates.

CORRESPONDENTS—Chemical National Bank, New York; N. M. Rothschild & Sons, London; Rothschild Freres, Paris; Die Direction de Disconto Gaselschaft, Berlin; Bank of California, First National Bank, Crocker-Woolworth National Bank, San Francisco.

Funds deposited with correspondents paid here.

Oakland Bank of Savings

Cor. Broadway and 12th St.

INCORPORATED 1867.

Authorized Capital	$1,000,000 00
Capital Paid in	450,000 00
Reserve and Contingent Fund	157,883 84
Deposits Dec. 31, 1897	5,210,640 78

OFFICERS.

ISAAC L. REQUA....................President
HENRY ROGERS ....Vice President
W. W. GARTHWAITE..................Cashier
E. C. HAGAR............Assistant Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

William R. Davis, James Moffitt, Isaac L. Requa, Arthur A. Smith, E. A. Haines, George H. Collins, Henry Rogers, Horace Davis, William Clift.

General banking business transacted; interest allowed on term deposits; loans on real estate and approved collateral at lowest market rates.

PRINCIPAL CORRESPONDENTS.
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of California, Anglo-Cal. Bank Ld.
NEW YORK—Laidlaw & Co.
CHICAGO—Continental National Bank.
LONDON—N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.

A Large Burglar and Fireproof

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT

For the Safe Keeping of Valuables. Small Steel Safes for Individual Renters, from $5 to $50 per annum.

Union Savings Bank

CORNER BROADWAY AND NINTH ST.

Transacts a General SAVINGS and COMMERCIAL Business.

Capital Fully Paid, $ 300,000 00
Reserve Fund, - - 100,000 00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. West Martin, William G. Henshaw, Thos. Prather, R. S. Farrelly, A. A. Moore, C. E. Palmer, H. W. Meek, Herman A. Tubbs, Thos. Crellin, Shelby F. Martin, F. W. Henshaw.

J. WEST MARTIN..................President
WM. G. HENSHAW.........Vice President
A. E. H. CRAMER...................Cashier

Exchange on Foreign and Eastern cities. Interest allowed on all savings deposits remaining three calendar months.

No entrance fee.

Remittances from the country may be made by express or checks on banks in San Francisco, and books will be returned.

FARMERS' AND MERCHANTS' SAVINGS BANK

1103 Broadway near Twelfth St.

Incorporated according to the laws of the State of California, November 10, 1892.

Interest paid on deposits.
Money loaned on real estate.

OFFICERS.

EDSON F. ADAMS..................President
C. E. PALMER...............Vice President
JAMES C. McKEE......................Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

R. S. Farrelly, San Leandro; A. W. Schafer, Mount Eden; Samuel Bell McKee, Oakland; William H. Taylor, Oakland; H. H. Pitcher, Livermore; John Charles Adams, Oakland; H. F. Gordon, Oakland; F. S. Osgood, Oakland; Charles E. Palmer, Oakland; W. H. Bailey, Oakland; Edson F. Adams, Oakland.

CALIFORNIA BANK.

Masonic Temple Building, Corner Twelfth and Washington Streets, Oakland.

D. EDWARD COLLINS...........President
JOHN W. PHILLIPS.......Vice President
FRANK H. BROOKS................Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

John W. Phillips, D. Edward Collins, Benjamin Smith, W. W. Whitman, Anson Barstow, Charles Jurgens, James P. Taylor

Transacts a general banking business. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Correspondence solicited. Special attention paid to the execution of trusts for individuals, firms and corporations.

Correspondents—American Exchange National Bank, New York, and Bank of California, S. F.

Central Bank

Broadway and 14th St.

OAKLAND, CAL.

Authorized capital	$1,000,000
Capital fully paid up	300,000
Surplus and undivided profits	75,000

THOMAS CRELLIN................President
W. G. PALMANTEER......Vice President
C. R. YATES.........................Cashier
J. W. HAVENS..............Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS.

F. K. Shattuck, Charles D. Pierce, J. W. Phillips, W. G. Palmanteer, Thomas Crellin, Geo. C. Perkins, Geo. D. Metcalf, L. C. Morehouse, H. C. Morris, W. S. Phelan, F. Delger

Transacts a general banking business. Interest allowed on term deposits. Loans made on real estate and approved security. Buys and sells exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. Principal Correspondents—First National Bank, San Francisco; Chase National Bank, New York; Metropolitan National Bank, Chicago; Nebraska National Bank, Omaha.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Christopher Streitberger, sometimes known as John Christoph Streitberger, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Christopher Streitberger, sometimes known as John Christoph Streitberger, deceased, and for the issuance to D. Bruns and Thos. F. Graber of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 8th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 27, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL.

Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register, in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1083, which provides that those "who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, County Clerk.

(Seal)

Notice to Contractors.

Pursuant to an order of the Board of Trustees of the Bray School District, Fruitvale, Alameda Co., Calif., notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by said Board until 8 o'clock P. M., July 30th, 1898, for furnishing materials and performing the labor necessary for the erection and completion of an eight room school building in said Bray School District.

Separate proposals will be received and separate contracts made for furnishing the materials and performing the labor necessary for each of the following parts of said building, viz:

(1) For masonry work, including all excavating, concrete and cement work.

(2) For carpentry, mill work, plastering and brick work.

(3) For plumbing.

(4) For painting.

(5) For heating and ventilating.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied with a check equal to 10 per cent of the proposal. Said proposals will be publicly opened July 30th, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the school room on Fruitvale avenue near Wash street, and contracts based thereon will be entered into as soon thereafter as practicable. The contractors to whom contracts are awarded will be required to file with said Board a good and sufficient bond to an amount to be fixed by the Trustees, for the faithful performance of his contract.

Plans and specifications of said building can be seen at the office of D. F. Oliver, architect, room 59, Macdonough building, Oakland, Cal.

The Board of Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all proposals made.

W. M. AXTELL,
JOHN McARTHUR,
C. F. POWELL,
Trustees Bray School District, Alameda County, Cal.

NOTICE.

NOTICE — All persons are hereby cautioned not to trust any one on account of the Tribune Publishing Company without a written order signed by an officer of this corporation. Any indebtedness incurred without said order will not be recognized.

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,
By W. E. DARGIE, President.

Oakland, January 1, 1898.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charlotte Miller Van Denburgh, deceased, and for the issuance to Sophie Crawford of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the first day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 14th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
SAM'L BELL McKEE, Attorney for Petitioner.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Eli S. Denison, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Eli S. Denison, deceased, and for the issuance to Celia M. Denison of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 1st day of August, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, July 20, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By J. CAL EWING, Deputy Clerk.

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT

—French and Family Dinners—

BANQUETS, PARTIES,

LADIES' DEPARTMENTS.

Open Till 12 P. M.

910 BROADWAY John Slavich

DAVIS MEN RALLY IN THE SECOND WARD.

Four Speeches Engage the Auditors' Attention.

Praise Bestowed Upon the Candidate by Ex-Gov. Pacheco.

BOLTON SPEAKS EMPHATICALLY.

Candidate For District Attorney of Kings County Also Talks.

The Second Ward Davis Club held a rousing rally at Milton Hall last evening which was attended by more than 300 men. After a number of selections by a brass band, and a big bonfire, the crowd assembled in the hall, where speeches were delivered by W. R. Davis, ex-Governor Pacheco, A. G. Parks, Republican nominee for District Attorney of Kings county, and Judge A. E. Bolton.

While awaiting the arrival of the principal speaker of the evening President G. G. Kennedy of the club introduced ex-Governor Pacheco, who said in substance:

"I came tonight with no idea of making a speech. I am not a speech-maker, but I can always say a word in behalf of my good friend Davis. After retiring from public life where, in my humble way, I tried to serve the people, I could not sit still in indifference during this preliminary part of the pending campaign. I had to come forward and lend my influence in the support of a man who of all my acquaintances I would prefer to see in the Gubernatorial chair.

"You all know the Honorable W. R. Davis, and when you hear his address you will feel that he is perfectly qualified to represent in any office the people of this State. He is a good man and intelligent in the extreme.

"We have," he continued, "been personal friends for a number of years, and I have always had the highest estimate of his powers. He is a proper person, a most fit person, to be Governor of California. After the nomination we must elect him to that position. You have all heard him and know of him. He is a gentleman that was raised in this State; he has been before the tribunals of this State; he has a thorough knowledge of the law. We know his tendency, and, what is better, we know his ability. In all my personal acquaintance throughout the State, I know of no person more fitted for the position of Governor of this State, and I hope you will do all you can to help him to get elected.

"Without further words I desire to waive the expression of my own sentiments that you may listen to the next Governor of California."

At this juncture W. R. Davis spoke. The speaker was frequently interrupted with applause. Following is the address:

W. R. DAVIS SPEAKS.

"Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens of the Second Ward:

"You have done just right to-night, first, in filling this hall for the purposes of deliberation upon the questions which concern us all as citizens, not only of the Second Ward but of the State of California; and, secondly, you have done right in going right along with the meeting without waiting for my arrival. There are other gentlemen here who have already spoken to you, who are as much interested in this matter as I am, and their interest in it is equally great with yours and mine, for the true interest and the rightful interest that you have and that I have and the only one that I can have that is rightful, is the same interest that every other good citizen in this community and in this State has. There are some, I know, who have an idea that some individual—themselves included, sometimes—have a claim upon an office so exalted as that of the Governorship. Of course, this is, if anything, the mere subject of illusion with any man who entertains it, be he humble, be he qualified or be he distinguished. It is not a fact that in this great Union, in any State in it, whether it be little Rhody or great big California, that there is any citizen of a State who is or can have any claim of a personal or individual character, to so exalted an honor and a station as that of the Governorship of any State of this great Nation. It is not the matter of personal claim, nor is it a matter of somebody's personal hunger, or some internal flame that some man fans of nights by his own fireside. Nobody is concerned about that which he may fan, or about his internal hunger, except himself. But every good citizen is concerned, as you are, and as I am, in the consideration of the question of the highest office in the commonwealth of which we are citizens.

"Now, let us consider it in that way to-night, laying aside entirely all this mere petty idea of somebody's personal desire or hunger or pretentious claim to any such thing as that. One of the great things in this country is the having of assemblages such as this here to-night. Why, there is no country in the world, except those who follow—two or three of them—the form of government under which we live, that have the privileges that we are enjoying to-night, of meeting together and determining for ourselves what we deem to be best for our own commonwealth, our own welfare. That word "commonwealth" this moment suggests to me that I ought to make a remark there, about things which I am sure some particularly good citizens do not think as often and as deeply and unselfishly of as they ought to do;—common weal, commonwealth. You know most of you to-day, and most of us every day, begin in the morning thinking about something of personal advantage, of individual gain or profit to ourselves, and we are up out of bed, we are over the threshold of our houses, we are away to a train or down to some place of business which concerns nobody but ourselves. Selfish, individual pursuits. They are necessary, indispensable. Without them there can be no independence in individual life. Independence of family, accumulation of family strength, accumulation of communal strength in the way of financial independence. I understand all this, and yet, my fellow citizens, you may put together in this community, or in another, an aggregation of individuals, each one of whom is himself well equipped mentally, morally, and sound financially, independent in his business sound, and yet you have not a State; yet there is nothing done, no thought given, no column set up to support and build up the common weal. There is a common weal over and above all the individual welfares that are in a community.

"Now it is to address ourselves to this upper and universal and, to us all, common weal that we meet of nights like this. If any man in this room or in this town has indulged the belief that my friends or myself have ever expected or sought of him or ever shall, that he shall do something in the question, the matter pending because of personal advantage or of personal desire on their part or on my part, let him disabuse his mind of that now. No such request has been made of you with my knowledge or consent and as you know no such request has ever been made of you by me, either by letter or by word of mouth or by message in any form.

"I address you now and address myself to your judgments, not to your buttonholes. I address myself to your solid thought upon the subject, and your candid resolution, not to the fact that you may be personally acquainted with me or that your property may be near to mine, or that your door and mine may be side by side. Everybody knows that when a cause gets lame it seeks crutches. When one is so lame that it needs the crutches of misrepresentation and falsification, it is lame indeed. It is perhaps known to many of you that during the last four or five days columns of statements have been made concerning myself, as to what I had said. It has been asserted as a fact—though not a fact—that I have said that a man who, differing from me, had supported, in municipal matters, a ticket other than the Republican ticket, ought to be read out of the Republican party and kept out of it, that he was not wanted in it. That is wholly and absolutely false. I never so stated. (Applause,) or wrote, or in any form of expression gave utterance to that sentiment. That fact being assumed—though not a fact—editorial comment was made upon it, but when the fact is gone the comment and the editorial are gone.

"I have thought, as you all know, that it is better when there is anything wrong needing righting within the Republican party, to right it within the party, under its banner and beneath its roof, rather than to go apart and create a new and independent organization, and to assail the Republican party as an organization. When the Republican party, as will happen sometimes, to any human organization,—the Church included—shall make a mistake in placing upon its ticket as its representative, a man unworthy, unfit, not entitled to the support of his fellow citizens, there is a remedy, and you know what it is and so do they. It is to take that name from the ticket that you vote, and discountenance disqualification, corruption, or any other element that characterizes a candidate as unfit to be a representative of the Republican government or of the Republican administration.

"I only state this thus briefly, and ask you to inform so many of your friends as you may feel like informing, that whoever says that, or in whatever form it be said, whether orally or written or printed, that it is wholly and unconditionally a fabrication.

"I have seen also some columns devoted to a statement that there had been some change of position on my part. I saw last night, in a publication of this city, once credible for its accuracy and fair dealing, recently changed in ownership and control, a statement that I had signed a certain statement in writing, giving the date of it and proceeding to give a copy of it. I say now to you that there is no such statement in existence and never was, and that it is one of three things—and the user of it may choose the name—either a mistake, or a fabrication, or a forgery. (Applause.)

"The friends of your choice will be able to determine for themselves without the assistance of the opposition, when and where and under what circumstances we will make announcements to them of what we intend to do. Which do you think represents more truly the public sentiment in the Republican party in this State—one paper carrying an investment of between sixty and seventy thousand dollars which was recently made for a purpose now involved, or numerous other papers throughout the entire State of California, whose ownership has not changed, whose utterances are in no wise connected with or associated with any investment of money or purchase or sale?

"I am going to ask you and to ask you to ask your friends, to put up against the mistaken or false assertions of the Oakland Enquirer, the support and approbation of the following, and I draw your attention to it: The Tulare Register of Tulare county; the Woodland Mail of Yolo county, the Ensinore Press—I am not sure of that county—the Voice of Labor, San Francisco; the Napa Register, Napa county; the Visalia Delta, Tulare county; the Santa Rosa Republican, Sonoma county; the Colfax Sentinel, Placer county; the Gilroy Gazette, Santa Clara county; the Pasadena News, Los Angeles county; the Eureka Standard, Humboldt county; the Livermore Herald, Alameda county; the Independent Calistogan, Napa county; the Oakland Enquirer—before it experienced the change—(applause); the Riverside Press, Riverside county; the Ventura Free Press, Ventura county; the Niles Herald, Alameda county; the California Journal, San Francisco; the Lodi Review Budget, San Joaquin county; the Pleasanton Bulletin, Alameda county—I believe that has since had a shadow fall over it—the Pasadena Star of Los Angeles county; the Oroville Register of Butte county; the City Argus, San Francisco; the Oakland Saturday Press; the Rio Vista News; the Lakeport Bee, Lake county; Calderwood's Magazine, formerly of San Francisco; the Oakland Times—before it experienced the same change that the Enquirer did—the Point Arena Record of Mendocino county; Berkeley Gazette of Berkeley; the Chino Valley Champion, the Hanford Sentinel, Kings county; the Oakland Saturday Night of Alameda county; the Bakersfield Echo of Kern county; the Visalia Delta of Tulare county.

"Which will you take as an expression of opinion of the Republican party of the State of California? The Oakland Enquirer, as now it is, or this list of papers which I have just read to you, every one of which has stated that the Republican party will, if it has a chance to do it, nominate at Sacramento the gentleman who is the choice of this assemblage. Why is this done? When there is a straight line and an advance which is making itself felt and is strong because it is the truth of men's sentiments, it is always the effort of those who seek not that sentiment, but some other, to try to raise a side issue and a false issue. Every man in this city ought to know by this time that you cannot nominate a Governor in Oakland, nor can any ward or assembly district in this county do that, nor can the whole county, taken together, do that. This convention will consist of 788 delegates, I believe. This county of that number will have 88 delegates—about one-eleventh of it, less than a tenth. Is it not indispensable, in order that this county shall receive anything at the hands of the Republican party, that it shall receive the requisite votes from the other counties in this State? Does not this county have to go to the delegates from all the other 56 counties of the State to obtain anything? How will you go? How shall you go? Shall you go there with some proposition to which none of them have yet intimated their desire to assent, or shall we go there with some proposition concerning which they have, in advance, substantially and widely expressed their desire and assent? I do not say what you shall do. It is not for me to say. It is for you, as men, if you indeed desire—as I am sure we all do—to do something for Alameda county, to do what your judgment tells you to do, not what thumb and forefinger may invite your button-hole to do. [Applause.]

"I yield to no man in his devotion to the welfare and to the uplifting of Alameda county. If I had done, in the thirty years I have lived here, any act which I felt had tended to bear her down and to keep her down in the party in any way, and especially politically, in which she has long been in State matters, I would, before I retired to-night, do everything in my power to undo that act. I want to see Alameda county lifted up. I have endeavored, as any humble member of the party has and should endeavor, on all occasions when opportunity offered, to raise the county up before the approval and sense and the judgment of leaders in the party, and to lift up her majorities and her conduct in the discharge of Republican duty, before the other counties in the State, as a standard, as a sample, in the hope that she might become, as she is now, the banner county of the Republican party of all this State. It is not for me to say that I have contributed to that end, that I have helped much to bring it about, only to say that I have endeavored to do so. The Republican party means to me more than mere words. I have no blind traditional allegiance to that nor to anything else, but those two words stand for all, my fellow citizens, that this country, this government, stands for in the last forty years. Name me an act, if you can, or let the Republican correspondent of a Democratic newspaper in this town name one, if he can, in which this Nation has had a footstep placed forward in forty years under the assistance or guidance of the Democratic party. There is not one that I know of, and to me it has seemed, not only in Alameda county and in Contra Costa and in California as a State, but in this our city, too, that it was no slight thing to raise a voice or raise a hand against that organization which has done this work for this great Nation.

"I do not say that those who have differed from me—because I think they were forgetful—that they are traitors to themselves or traitors to their country, and the man who asserts that I have said that is the man himself capable of doing that and of assailing any organization that seemed not to suit the personal purposes of such a man.

"Those two words stand for that great patriotism which rose from the American soil in 1860 like a sleeping but beneficent giant, devoted to the love of liberty and the maintenance of constitutional government, and this organization represented by those two words stepped into the great and difficult arena of the greatest Civil War that mankind has ever had. How did that party bear itself? Like a giant, theretofore unknown in the history of mankind and in the growth of the races of mankind upon the earth, it bore itself as the defender, the preserver, the promoter of human liberty, and of the American Nation's perpetual establishment upon this continent. (Applause.)

"Directly that work was done, and then came even the more difficult work of reconstruction, for all civil work is more difficult than military—and then these States which had gone out must have not only a band of steel thrown around them to bind them back again indissolubly into this Union we love, but they had to have a loving arm to bring them back, for they were to come, not as slaves, not as men conquered, but as men and citizens again as they had been before. What loving arm was it that was placed around those sister States and that brought them back again at the hearthside of this Nation, except the loving, though the powerful arm of the Republican party? (Applause.) And then there was debt, and then the finances, and then the tariff to protect American industries, and then homestead laws, and then regulation of the administration in all departments, and then internal improvements by which labor is employed, by which rivers are opened, by which competing natural channels and waterways are kept open. And this the Republican party has done, and hence I have said, and I say now, that he who raises his hand though honestly, though mistakenly, though without any wrong intention, against the Republican party in Napa county, or Alameda county, or the city of Oakland, raises his hand against the grandest political organization, the greatest political servant of human liberty, American progress, American perpetuity, that has ever been seen in human organizations.

"When you shall be at Sacramento endeavoring to do the best you can for Alameda county, there you will be face to face with 720 men besides your own 88 delegates, in whose minds will be these remembrances to which I have adverted, and many more which it is not necessary to mention here. They are assembled upon no business in the world except Republican business, they care not a fig for what some man has done in the town politics of Napa, or the town politics of San Jose, or the town politics of any of those ever attempts to address them about something somebody has done in the town politics of any three of those cities, Oakland included, will never be listened to so much as fifteen seconds.

"We must present ourselves upon an entirely different basis. Mark you this. The point is not that a man who has the record of supporting non-partisan tickets, non-Republican tickets, in Napa, or Oakland, or San Jose, has a bad record as of a traitor, which it would be liked to have said from this platform. That is not the point. But the point is that there must be the presence of some other record besides that. I can imagine that an honest man might in municipal matters do as many have done in Oakland, who would have a Republican record behind that of ten or fifteen or twenty years of Republican service discharged, Republican allegiance proved, Republican accomplishments and achievements wrought in the party, and for the party, and then who, for the lapse of a moment, or a week, or a year, had also done this other local act and then had renewed Republican service and rendered it. But the man does not exist who can say successfully that the position of a non-Republican municipal town record in San Jose or Oakland is the question or will be the question before 788 Republicans assembled upon nothing but Republican business in Sacramento as the legislative and authoritative body of the Republican party. There are many things that there will be needed besides sixty-eight votes, many other things. I am concerned about the question we are considering, in view of 1900, as well as in view of 1898. It has been said by many leading minds and men devoted to the Republican party's welfare, that a nomination could be made on our side such as to lose the Republican party from ten to twenty thousand votes in this State, and I presume that could occur. All indications now point to the conclusion that a distinguished Democrat or Fusionist or confused Democrat will be nominated at the head of the opposition in this State, a man in the zenith of his personal popularity, of State reputation, indeed, of national reputation, of experience in debate and of the habit and of the ability of thinking upon his feet. Suppose that we nominated by misadventure some good citizen who can render no service in that respect—and there are some good citizens who cannot do that—and this good citizen Republican is started down the Sacramento valley, at Chico, and Red Bluff, and Sacramento, and Stockton, and Oakland and San Jose, in this campaign that is coming, and the distinguished sophist and advocate of our ancient adversary, the Democratic party, is put three days behind him by the Democratic State Central Committee coming down at Chico and Red Bluff and then at Sacramento and Stockton and Oakland and San Jose, one deceiving, misleading the popular electorate, making the worse appear the better cause; the other helpless, bewildered. You cannot hire assistance to do the work which the party expects and has a right to expect of its leader for the campaign. That thought must be borne in mind by all of us, by every Republican in this State. If I thought, my fellow citizens, that the use of my name in any attitude or position or connection with the Republican party in the year 1898 would be of injury to that party, would anywhere be a stumbling block before her feet, would in anywise expose us without a shield and a lance with which to battle against our old-time enemy, I would in the twinkling of an eye take my name away from consideration and go back again where I have always been, a private in the Republican ranks.

"I would rather see, infinitely rather, the Republican party in Alameda county, and in the State of California, victorious in 1898, standing by the national administration at Washington, standing by the boys who put their lives up as though they were baubles, in the mouth of Santiago harbor, standing up by the other boys who sweltered under the deadly rays of Manila and today, perhaps, have planted the Stars and Stripes in dominion around the world over yonder. I would rather stand with them, whether it shall be as General or Colonel or Captain or Lieutenant or Corporal or Private Davis, in the ranks, than be Governor or President of this country in any other organization. (Applause.) You may well judge by what I have said here tonight, what I have already said elsewhere, and what I shall continue to say hereafter, and whosoever shall say or has said that it is otherwise is one of those three things which I have mentioned.

"There is one more thought to which I will invite your attention a moment, and then I shall have done: There is much more that could be said in detail about local matters, but there will be time enough for that. We have plenty of time yet. Some have said that the day that we live in is degenerate, but this is not so. People are just as loyal, just as good, just as fair and impartial in the body of American citizenship now as they ever were, precisely, and the same blood which beat in the hearts and flowed in the veins of these great figures of 1776 beats in hearts and flows in veins now in every State in America, in every department of the Government, civil, military and naval. The thing that concerns you most, and indeed concerns our country most, is not a question of valor—God knows that wherever there has been sent forth a challenge to American valor it has been met speedily, courageously, bravely, as a standard and a type for the world to go by in bravery and courage, whether it be 1776 or 1865 or 1898. But there is one thing that is well worthy of the consideration of every one of us who believes in valor, who believes in country, and who believes in its perpetuity, and that is this: Liberty needs defenders and needs the service of men of courage and of clarity and of integrity in times of peace more than she needs anything else in the world. Why, you could assault the walls of the Swiss Republic today, and Switzerland will strike back with the arm and follow up with the life of every Swiss patriot, which is the whole population. You may smite France, whether it be over the line of the historic Rhine or not, you may assail her by land or by sea, and the patriotic blood of France will respond and beat back until the last man in France has gone down. You may assail the borders of our own republic, whether it be done by projectiles from the waves of the ocean yonder, or from the other ocean yonder, or be it from Mexican encroachments on the south or through Canada and England on the north, and every man in this great nation, North and South, shoulder to shoulder, knee to knee, and footstep by footstep will drive them back and beat them back and force them back and repel them at any quarter of the compass until we are all gone if necessary. (Applause.)

"But we do not do as well as that when it comes to the discharge of the quieter and more peaceful duties in peace, in civil administration, in civil government. Liberty has had and she always will have defenders, when assault is open, but liberty has suffered, and she suffers today wherever she does suffer, from the encroachments of peace, and the slipping in and taking hold and the crafty and the cunning and the secret advances that are made upon her strength in civil life, undermining the columns of this great Government which stands for constitutional liberty and human rights upon the face of the earth.

"This is all the interest which I have. If I can in some degree subserve those interests in the way in which my friends have invited me to do, I shall do so. If it shall be otherwise, when my friends and the Republicans of the State of California are satisfied, in their aggregate judgment and their deliberate consideration, I too shall be satisfied." (Applause.)

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Attorney A. G. Parks followed Mr. Davis and expressed himself in hearty accord with every word uttered by him. He said that he listened with much interest especially to the words indicating the expressions of opinion from the press throughout the State. "I was glad," continued the speaker, "to hear from my own town paper as supporting Mr. Davis' candidacy. It has always lauded his magnificent work and now it will fight for his nomination and election."

Mr. Parks said that Kings county does not want any mixed politics. It wants true Republicanism.

The next speaker was A. E. Bolton, an old resident of the Second ward.

By way of introduction Mr. Bolton referred to the first Republican torch that he ever carried. It was while marching to a meeting addressed by ex-Governor Pacheco who last night sat upon the platform in expression of his support of the candidacy of W. R. Davis. The speaker, after recalling in glowing terms of the ex-Governor's record, stated that he was proud at this time to support a successor so worthy and one who was constantly associated with that which elevates a nation. Mr. Bolton declared that this is a business proposition. "It is not a swapping year," he said. "Each man must stand upon his own merits and present a clean record to the convention. Your delegates will be asked not how many votes Mr. Davis has, but what has he done for the party. You can not elect a man because he has been mixed up in municipal affairs. That is not enough. You must have a man who understands business and political affairs and affairs of State. We want a leader of men.

"We want a man who is not controlled by a little ring of politicians in the court house or any place else. We want in the Governor's office a man who can't be bullyragged or pulled around by politicians, and if you nominate W. R. Davis you will have such a man. If you send a delegation for him to the convention, and he is nominated, he will sweep the State from end to end." (Applause.)

"In the dark hours of the last campaign, when there was danger that the State would go over to Bryanism, when men all over the State were talking silver, there was not that unity of action which the party absolutely needed. A conference was called and a plan was mapped out, and for six weeks Mr. Davis went through the State talking in favor of Republicanism and McKinley, and did a great deal to bring about the result of which we all know. If that is not enough to nominate him without trading or dickering, there must be a screw loose somewhere.

"In the last three weeks of the campaign there was a council of war held by the executive committee of the State Central Committee. That executive committee looked around and called in one man to advise with as to how the campaign should be closed. The State was doubtful. That man was Wm. R. Davis. His plan was adopted. It was carried out throughout the State, and the State went for McKinley. It is such service that the members of the State convention will ask for and endorse.

"Do you want evidence that Mr. Davis is a leader? I have it in my pocket."

Mr. Bolton thereupon produced a copy of the Oakland Enquirer, dated November 3rd, 1896, which commended Mr. Davis' campaign and urged his support upon the ground of merit.

The speaker averred that Mr. Davis is rightfully in line of promotion for his services. "He led the party to victory in 1896, and now we want to promote him. We will certainly do it." With these words the speaker closed.

The meeting adjourned with three ringing cheers for the Republican party and W. R. Davis.

DR. DUNN GETS A MENACING LETTER.

Dr. Moore Wants Money and Makes Threats if it Is Not Forthcoming.

Dr. J. P. Dunn received a letter yesterday from a physician who claims he has a grievance against the Health Department which he wants to settle for a $100 check. If he does not get the check he threatens dire consequences to certain members of the department.

The letter is addressed from San Francisco, written on a sheet having the Palace Hotel letterhead and enclosed in an envelope bearing the Occidental Hotel stamp.

The communication is addressed to "The Alleged Board of Health, Oakland, California." It reads as follows:

"SAN FRANCISCO,
"July 25th, 1898.

"No. 9 Geary street.

"Dr. Dunn:—I learned yesterday that you were inspired by that fiend, secretary of ex-Board, to refuse a burial permit on a death certificate signed by me. I simply want to say to you now that you have made the mistake of your life.

"My attorney, ex-Judge Slack, is at San Jose for the week. I advise you to see that thing whose nose and chin will soon meet and ask him how and why he went out of court like a 'sheep-killing dog' when roasted by the judge on the Superior Court bench, in about the following words: 'I suppose that you admit that the certificate you now hold was all right under the law of 1878.' The scavenger of the medical despotism reluctantly admitted it was. 'Then why is it not so now?' The ignoramus answered because of the amendment of 1878. The judge laughed with scorn and surprise.

"'Any shyster lawyer could have told you that no law could be retroactive in its effect. The amendment of '78 stopped the California Medical Association from issuing more certificates, but did not affect those that had been issued. The objection is overruled. Proceed now to take the evidence of this witness as a medical expert,' etc., etc.

"The case was won on my testimony asto cancer, my diagnosis, confirmed by my wife and verified by autopsy, against two alleged medical experts at $20 an hour, contending that it was not cancer of the stomach, but in the language of one, 'his liver is rotten, hobnailed,' etc.

"Notwithstanding the statement of several witnesses that my wife had cut the liver in a way to show without any doubt whatever that the organ was normal, you will find my certificate recorded in Clerk's office in Oakland and San Francisco, and I speak advisedly. I have complied with the alleged law which, by the way, is a dead letter, owing to my defeating Plummer four times in Legislature, etc., and you can avoid a scandal by sending me a check for $100. If you do not do this you will have a suit on your hands for $10,000. I have endured this hellish conspiracy just as long as I can, and if it does not stop, certain friends, who are the real Poison Mongery quacks may die with their boots on, see?

"Yours for justice,
(Signed)
"DE WITT CLINTON MOORE, M.D.

"Five years associated with the world famous R. T. Trall, M. D., who was head and shoulders above any other medical man in all history."

Dr. Dunn was at first mystified by the letter, but on looking up the records found that on July 12th a death certificate signed by Dr. Moore had been refused because he was not registered as a practicing physician. Another doctor, who had attended the same patient, was called upon to sign the certificate.

Dr. Dunn is taking steps to have Dr. Moore arrested on the charge of practicing without being registered and also of writing a threatening letter.

Police Court Doings.

George O'Brien, William Rodgers and J. Lynch, charged with disturbing the peace, were found not guilty and discharged.

The case against N. P. Reuss, the beer bottler, was continued to August 11th for jury trial.

EXAMINATION OF ROOM WORKERS.

Testimony of Mrs. Holden Taken and Case Continued to Monday

The preliminary examination of Louis T. Honey and George F. Galvin, charged with burglary, was begun in the Police Court this morning.

These are the two young men arrested recently by Detectives Holland and Quigley at the King House, San Francisco, and who the officers think are a pair of smooth room workers.

Mrs. Flora Holden's testimony was taken, as she desired to leave for Alaska tomorrow.

Mrs. Holden testified that on the 21st of July she was at the room of her sister, Mrs. Tessa Arlett, in the Palmer House, on Broadway, where she had a kodak, telescope basket and grip packed with wearing apparel and a number of other articles ready to take to the Klondike with her. In the afternoon she had left the room in company with her sister, and upon their return these articles with a typewriter belonging to Mrs. Arlett were missing. She went to San Francisco Monday with Detective Quigley and identified her property, which was found in the room at the King House occupied by Honey and Galvin.

Mrs. Holden will leave her signature with Chief Fletcher, and upon her arrival at Seattle will write to him so that it can be shown that she is outside the State. In this manner her testimony may be read at the trial in the Superior Court should the young men be held for trial.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Holden's testimony the examination was continued to Monday afternoon.

DOCUMENTS WHICH NEED NO STAMPS.

Certificates of Birth, Death and Marriage Are Exempt.

The Board of Health is in receipt of a letter from John C. Lynch, Collector of Internal Revenue, San Francisco, which gives the law in regard to affixing a 10 cent stamp on certificates of birth, death, etc. The following is an extract from the new law:

"Certificates of birth, marriage and death, given in pursuance of the laws of this State requiring the collection and registration of vital statistics as a basis for the administration of public health laws, come within the exemption of section 17. Such certificates, however, when issued to private persons for private use, are subject to the 10 cent stamp tax."

BRANT'S MURDER STILL A MYSTERY.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.—The police are without a clue as to the murderers of Charles A. Brant, who was killed Monday night. George Harding, brother of the murdered man's divorced wife, who was arrested on suspicion, has been released, as he proved a complete alibi. It is learned that Mary Amy Harding and Charles Brant were married twice. They were secretly married in Hoboken, N. J., on September 25, 1895. The first ceremony was performed by Mayor Fagan of Hoboken, and the witnesses were Martha A. Schroeder and Robert V. Curry. The inquest began today.

ANOTHER POWDER MILL IS BLOWN UP.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

ELMIRA, N. Y., July 28.—The powder mill of E. T. Johnson at Troy, Pa., was blown up today, and the owner, who was also the paying teller in the Pomeroy & Mitchell Bank, was killed.

PANA MINES STILL IDLE.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire.

PANA, Ills., July 28.—The mines of the Pana and Penwell Coal Company continue idle despite continued efforts to operate them with non-union miners under a heavy guard of Deputy Sheriffs and special policemen.

Eight miners went to work in the Springside Coal Company's mine today, being conveyed in carriages to the mine by Deputy Sheriffs with Winchesters.

There is no coal being hoisted at the mine, however, and the general impression is that the men are only making repairs and propping up rooms preparatory to a settlement of the strike.

Mortuary.

Carl Sharp, a native of Iowa, aged 26 years, died at 1564 Ninth avenue, East Oakland, yesterday.

William Swallow, a native of England, 81 years of age, died Tuesday at 1724 Eighth street. The remains will be interred in Mountain View Cemetery.

Johann William Stolte, aged 1 month and 21 days, died yesterday at the home of his parents on Prospect avenue, Fruitvale. The remains will be taken to Mountain View Cemetery for interment.

Rebecca Mary Alexander, a native of San Francisco, aged 14 years, died in Santa Barbara Tuesday. The remains will be interred in Mountain View Cemetery.

In the Justice Courts.

Augusta Laidlaw has brought suit against Charles Groff to recover $13 for unlawful detainer. Suit is filed in Judge Wood's court.

The suit of Abbie Lumley to recover $150 from Max Marcuse and Alex McDonald is on trial before Judge Wood today.

The jury disagreed in the case of H. W. Ham, who was on trial in Judge Clift's court this morning on a charge of cruelly treating a horse.

POPULISTS TO MEET IN CLIFT'S COURT TONIGHT.

The new Populist County Central Committee will meet in Judge Clift's court this evening for the purpose of organizing and transacting such other business as may come before it. An interesting contest is likely to take place over the question of chairman. D. T. Fowler is temporarily filling the position, and F. J. Gregory is a candidate for the place. Fowler has been in favor of a coalition between both Democrats and Populists, while Gregory is opposed to everything save a straight party nomination.

The members of the committee are as follows:

Forty-sixth Assembly District — G. Toyne, G. W. Krafts, N. P. Nelson, M. R. Lyle, L. J. Van Horn.

Forty-seventh—G. R. Read, N. J. Manson, John Aubrey Jones, J. E. Taylor, R. B. Myers.

Forty-eighth — F. J. Gregory, A. M. Stoddard, P. B. Preble, Charles White (deceased), I. D. Shepherd.

Forty-ninth — Robert Stewart, F. T. Hale, W. R. Batten, Dr. J. U. Oberg, John Gelder.

Fiftieth—Dr. R. Hess, A. Houesch, B. C. Allyn, J. M. Grimmins, S. Nichols.

Fifty-first—J. C. Estey, M. L. Gray, J. L. Palingbaum, J. M. Doyle, A. C. Kreuger.

At Large—D. T. Fowler, J. M. Moore, Green Majors, C. M. Sanford, W. M. Cubery, Charles Husband, Daniel Stewart.

MAGUIRE THE NOMINEE.

The Democratic committee of fourteen, to which was referred the matter of arranging for the Democratic State Convention, decided that the matter of choosing delegates be left to the County Committees with the recommendation that primaries be held wherever practicable, provided that the credentials of all delegates already selected be recognized by the State Convention.

Governor Budd, who was present, moved that the committee meet within two weeks and prepare a primary plan for submission to the State Convention. He had called attention in his inaugural to the necessity of a strong primary law. The committee could frame a statute, and even if the Legislature did not adopt it, the Democratic party could be incorporated, the plan put into operation, and many difficulties encountered in the past would be overcome.

It is now understood that Governor Budd will preside at the State Convention and that it is the wish of Congressman Maguire that the nomination of the Democratic party, which he is desirous of receiving, should be tendered to him through the Governor.

WOODS RECOVERS HORSE AND WAGON.

The search warrant proceedings instituted by J. L. Woods resulted this morning in Judge Allen ordering the property returned to Woods.

Woods had befriended a man who, to show his appreciation, sold Woods' horse to License Inspector Maloon and wagon and harness to H. Davis, a dealer in second hand goods. Davis sold the harness to Thos. Bridges of East Oakland and the wagon to Robert Howden, 1158 Webster street. Howden was to pay $25 for the wagon and offered a check for that amount in payment. Davis refused to take the check and Howden went to a bank to get cash. When he returned Davis said he had sold the wagon to his nephew, L. Davis, who made Howden pay him $27.50 for it.

After listening to all the testimony the judge concluded that Woods was the rightful owner and ordered the property returned to him.

DR. FISHER IS A LITTLE BETTER TODAY

The condition of Dr. Charles M. Fisher, who is very ill with typhoid fever, is slightly improved to-day. He passed a comparatively comfortable night, and is resting easily this morning. Dr. S. H. Buetau, who is attending him, feels greatly encouraged and does not by any means relinquish hope of his recovery. The fever has nearly run its course, and though the sick man is very weak, it is believed that he will recover. Yesterday Dr. Gibbons, dean of Cooper Medical College, in which Dr. Fisher is a professor, was in consultation. Dr. P. L. Wheeler was also consulted.

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